

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR.

LAST EDITION.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1904.

SOCIETY.

TWO CENTS.

MRS. LULU PRINCE KENNEDY ACQUITTED ON SECOND TRIAL

Was Once Convicted For
Murder of Her
Husband.

Sentenced to Ten Years
But Verdict Was
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Kansas City, Jan. 29.—Mrs. Lulu Prince Kennedy-Kramer, on trial a second time for the murder in January, 1901, of her first husband, Philip H. Kennedy, was found not guilty by a jury here today. At the first trial she was convicted and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

The case was reversed, and during her release on bond last February she married John Kramer, an attorney, who had defended her brother, Will Prince, who later was convicted on a charge of conspiring with the defendant to kill Kennedy.

Mrs. Kennedy killed Kennedy, who was a local agent for the Merchants Dispatch Transportation company, a month after they had been married. He had refused to live with her, bringing suit to have the marriage annulled on the ground that he had been forced into it.

The first verdict was reversed on a technicality. Mrs. Kennedy's defense was emotional insanity, and evidence was presented to show that her grandfather and great-grandfather had died in insane asylums, one in New Hampshire and one in Connecticut.

The verdict of acquittal was found solely upon the ground that Mrs. Kennedy was insane when she shot her husband. The jury, however, found that "the defendant, who was sane, her sanity," which will save her from being sent to an asylum.

BLYDENBURGH ON THE STAND

Alleged Murderer of Three
Wives Makes Favor-
able Impression.

His Story of the Fatal
Dinner Corroborates
His Daughter.

Eldora, Iowa, Jan. 29.—Eben S. Blydenburgh, accused of murdering three wives, took the stand in his own behalf today, answering the charges that he had poisoned his third wife by administering arsenic in a meal cooked by himself. Blydenburgh told a straightforward story corroborating the testimony of his daughter, Irene, who swore that she cooked the meal which the state says contained arsenic administered by the accused man.

"I did not urge my wife to go to church on the day of her death," said Blydenburgh in a calm voice. "On the contrary, she first suggested it and I gave my consent. Shortly after she left I took a bath and then lay down on the lounge to rest. My daughter Irene cooked the Sunday meal. We all sat down to the meal together. Shortly afterwards Mrs. Blydenburgh complained of nauseating pains and vomited. I supposed it was merely her old complaint and did not treat the matter seriously until I saw that she was in a dangerous condition."

Blydenburgh denied that he had ever purchased any poison for any other purpose than to kill rats. He told of his wife's alleged complaint and stated that the family physician proved it was arsenic. He denied that he had ever had trouble other than family quarrels of little consequence.

The state hopes to break the weight of Blydenburgh's testimony in cross-examination. It is admitted, however, that he has told a good story, thereby aiding his case very materially.

DR. AMES RELEASED BY SUPREME COURT

Declares State Did Not
Prove the Offense
Charged.

Court, However, Says
That the Indictment
Was Valid.

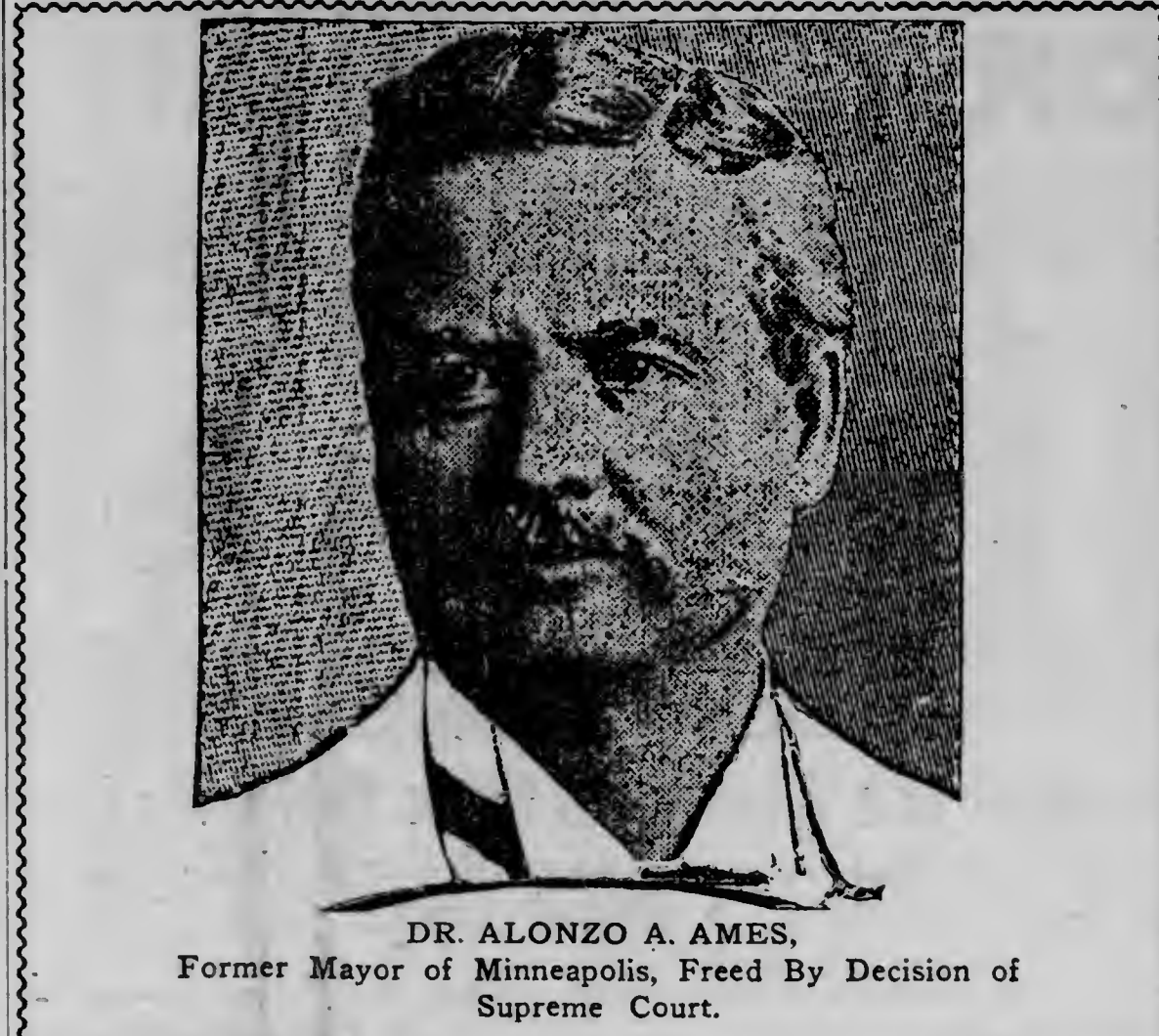
Decision a Surprise to
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St. Paul, Jan. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—By the decision of the state supreme court, former Mayor A. A. Ames of Minneapolis is again a free man. The indictment upon which he was tried is sustained as valid, but a majority of the court holds that the state failed to prove the offense charged—that a certain number of women contributed \$600 to a fund which was paid to Mayor Ames for protection. It is held that the evidence showed each woman paid a sum independently and without agreement with the others, and not in combination as charged in the indictment.

The majority opinion was given by Judges Start, Collins and Lewis, while Judges Lovely and Brown dissented. The majority opinion was written by Judge Start and Justice Collins, was a surprise to the defense as well as to the state.

The court says the indictment was valid and charged but one offense, but declares that the state did not prove the offense charged. After reciting the evidence in the indictment, namely, the receiving of money, \$600, from certain persons, in order that they might be protected from criminal prosecution, the syllabus says:

Held: The indictment stated one offense, it being inferred that the money was contributed by a number of persons named pursuant to a joint or common understanding that such contributors be protected. The undisputed evidence is that detectives and police



officers accepted money from the women specified in the indictment and others, in amounts ranging from \$15 to \$25, in consideration of which each was promised police protection; that the detectives and police who received the money were agents of defendant and not of those making payments; that there was no agreement or understanding between those paying the money; that the \$600 paid over to defendant by his agent in one sum, after it was paid to him by women individually, was not a general fund contributed with an understanding that those participating should be protected. Held, there was failure of proof to sustain the offense charged. Judgment reversed.

Discussing the evidence, the court says: "There was no evidence that any of the women acted jointly, or that a fund was made up by them or in their behalf, that there was no evidence to justify the inference that Gardner (Mayor Ames' clerk) was constituted the agent of the women to take their money and deliver it to Ames, with the understanding that in consequence the houses would be protected. Dr. Ames was mayor of Minneapolis four times. The court further says: "There was

RUSSIA SOUNDS JAPANESE BEFORE SENDING ANSWER

SHERIFF ON NEW TRAIL

Has an Encouraging Clew
to the Schafer
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Evidence to Convict Is
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Bedford, Ind., Jan. 29.—Nearly every promising clue to the murderer of Sarah Schafer has been false after being followed for a brief time. The authorities intimate today, however, that they have a better lead than they are willing to admit. The jail in this city is a rickety old structure, condemned fifteen years ago. The authorities are, therefore, very careful what they do but it is practically admitted by them that they have information not made public, and something will soon develop.

"If the public knew what is in this letter Bedford would go wild," said Mayor J. Hixon Smith today, holding up a square envelope addressed to himself in a plain, bold hand. The mayor would not say whether the letter was anonymous or not, nor would he give the least intimation as to the nature of its contents. It is secretly admitted by officials today that but for the state of public feeling here there would have been an arrest on suspicion. The authorities will take no chances. When they do make an arrest, they say, they expect to have sufficient evidence to convict, and even then the man will be placed behind stronger walls than those of the Lawrence county jail.

Sheriff Smith again mysteriously disappeared today. The supposition is that he has gone to Kemper.

Has Indicated to Japanese
Minister Outline of
Reply.

Desires Assurance That
It Will Not Precipitate
Hostilities.

Decision Not to Fortify
Korean Straits Pleases
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Paris, Jan. 29.—It is understood that the conference between Foreign Minister Lamour and M. Kurino, the Japanese minister at St. Petersburg, have permitted the latter to advise his government concerning the position Russia is likely to take in her forthcoming answer, but the officials here say this was merely an intermediary step towards adjusting the remaining differences, as the answer is subject to change until officially communicated.

It is further said that Russia will not answer until she feels reasonably assured that her answer will not have the effect of precipitating hostilities.

The officials here are gratified at an apparently authoritative statement that Japan does not intend to fortify the straits of Korea. They say it will move one of the main obstacles, as the most recent negotiations showed that Russia was unalterably opposed to the creation of any condition in Korea which would lead to closing that outlet from the sea of Japan. A strong limitation has been made that the maritime nations of Europe and the United States would have taken up the question unless this declaration had been made.

London, Jan. 29.—The Japanese minister, Baron Hayashi, said today with reference to the report published by the Daily Graphic to the effect that the Russian reply to Japan was completed Wednesday, that it has been communicated to M. Kurino, the Japanese minister at St. Petersburg, and that it was unfavorable, that M. Kurino had officially notified him that the council of state called to secure the Russian reply was only held in St. Petersburg yesterday, as called to the council of state called to secure the Russian reply had not yet been sent, and that it will only be submitted for approval today. "There are no means, therefore," added the minister, "of knowing the contents of the answer, and as to the Russian tenor thereof I have no official information."

Placards inciting the populace to riot and resist foreign aggression are being busily circulated in the province of Hunan, China, according to the Globe's Shanghai correspondent. The placards predict the establishment of a foreign vice royalty over Hunan, similar to that of Manchuria. The correspondent says the movement portends a national outbreak. He adds that there have been enormous withdrawals of deposits both from the native and foreign banks at Shanghai, indicating belief in coming trouble and says the unprecedented stagnation in trade is partly owing to Chinese New Year holidays and partly to apprehension of impending troubles.

ICEBERGS OF GREAT SIZE FORMED IN LAKE MICHIGAN

Winter Navigators Cannot Understand How They
Happen, as Thickest Chunks of Ice They Have
Seen Are Not Over Twenty Inches Thick.

Chicago, Jan. 29.—Lake navigation this winter has fitted the crews of the steamers in service for a "dash for the pole" for it combines all the experiences of Arctic navigation. Lake Michigan has at last frozen over, the ice in the last few days filling up the widely scattered spots of open water between the ice floes. In most cases there is a wide stretch of open water in mid-lake.

At many points along the west shore the ice is piled up solid until it reaches from the bottom forty feet deep to an equal distance above the water line. At the crisis the ice is piled up until it is higher than the structures.

The icebergs are of great size, and how they came to be formed is regarded as a mystery by winter navigators, as the thickest chunks of ice they have seen are not over 18 or 20 inches thick.

It is considered by steamboat men that there is not half as much ice in winter navigation with the lake frozen over as there is when there are vast moving fields of ice to catch the steamers and crush them. In the past a number of valuable steamers have been crushed by the floes and lost.

The average temperature for December was 8 degrees below normal, and thus far in January it has been 4 degrees. The average has been exceeded but once, and that was during the winter of 1876.

WILL HAVE TO BRACE UP TRINITY

New York, Jan. 29.—Work on the Brooklyn extension of the rapid transit subway, under lower Broadway, in front of Trinity church, has been practically suspended at the request of the controller of the Trinity corporation, who fears that unless extraordinary precautions are taken by the subway contractors to protect the spire of the ancient church, it will be weakened at the foundations and fall forward into Broadway.

When work in the subway had been carried as far south as Trinity, efforts were made to learn how deep the foundations had been laid under the spire, but no records could be found, and tests were made below the surface, revealing the fact that it extends only nine feet six inches below the flagging. The subway running quite close to the church was not brought under the earth is soft and sandy, so, as means will have to be found for staying the sides of the ditch so that it will not disturb one of the cities revered landmarks.

OWNERS MAY NOT GET THEIR BONDS

New York, Jan. 29.—According to statements of opposing counsel in the United States Shipbuilding litigation, the expiration of the agreement today under which shipbuilding bonds were deposited with the Sheldon syndicate to effect a reorganization, instead of influencing a settlement of the litigation, may be the signal for a struggle for the possession of the bonds deposited with the syndicate. William Nelson Cromwell, counsel for the syndicate, declared that the understanding that the bonds deposited with the syndicate are now subject to withdrawal is erroneous and will remain deposited.

Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the bondholders protective committee, said the members of the syndicate to the immediate return of his bonds. One conclusive reason why the Sheldon committee will not be able to hold the bonds against the protest of the syndicate members, he said, was that the Sheldon plan had been abandoned.

PROMINENT DETROIT YOUNG MAN ENDS LIFE.

Detroit, Jan. 29.—J. G. Farwell, son of one of the most prominent capitalists of Detroit, died at Harper hospital today from a bullet wound through his stomach, fired, it is supposed, with suicidal intent. He was found at the Woodward avenue car house early today with blood flowing from the wound through his stomach and a revolver beside him. No reason for his suicide is known. He was 27 years of age.

TO ESTABLISH FINANCIAL BANK.
San Francisco, Jan. 29.—A branch of the Russo-Chinese Bank association is to be established in this city, a house for it

PROGRESS OF THE MACHEN TRIAL REVEALS METHODS OF THE OFFICE

Female Department Clerk
Testifies to Practices
In Vogue.

Washington, Jan. 29.—When the trial of the postmaster general was resumed today, the examination of Miss Una Leibhardt, chief clerk of the free delivery postal service, who was on the stand yesterday, was continued. She testified that Machen, during most of his term, was in consultation and close touch with the first assistant postmaster general; that Postmaster General Smith once gave directions for Machen to report direct to him. It was unusual, she testified, to grant tests to persons who had patent devices which they wanted to have tested by the government. Orders, she added, have been given by telephone and by pencil memoranda in other matters.

Miss Leibhardt testified that she had seen the letter from Machen to the postoffice inspectors by the Groff brothers and introduced in evidence a number of blank forms, letters and other documents which she said she had seen Machen use. She said she had seen Samuel A. Groff at the department. Machen, she said, had dictated to her letters to Lorenz, but he always signed these. Witness said she thought she was not the only chief clerk who signed the initials of the chief of the bureau.

Emanuel Speich, auditing clerk of the rural free delivery service testified as to the methods of his office. Machen never asked him to expedite the Groff Bros' account.

Attorneys Maddox and Douglass took the stand in succession to make what special counsel Holmes termed "a dramatic exhibition of an erasure in the original statement made to the postoffice inspectors by the Groff brothers and introduced in evidence by the government."

Mr. Maddox corroborated by Mr. Douglass testified that he went to the postoffice department last October as counsel for the Groff brothers to inspect papers in the case; that inspector Mayer handed him the Groff statement on which he discovered the letter "X" of the word Machen had been erased.

Mr. Maddox said he would show the significance of this discovery later.

Diller F. Groff testified regarding what he had done as clerk for the Groff brothers while they had the letter box customer contract. The government objected to much of the testimony as irrelevant. The court took a recess at 12:30 p. m.

DISTURBANCE IN KOREA SPREADING



Horace N. Allen, American Minister to Korea.

New York, Jan. 29.—Internal disturbance in Korea is spreading, cables the Herald's Seoul correspondent. It is the result of increased taxation. The government of three provinces report that the officers have been captured by organized bands and government funds taken. Details have just been received here of the distribution

stock during the celebration of Russian Christmas. It was created by drunken Russian marines and Japanese soldiers. Here of the disturbances at Vladivostok, including the Russian theater. The usual fighting occurred. As happens on such occasions there was considerable brutality, but no fatalities. Several houses were destroyed, mostly control until much property had been destroyed.

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Berlin, Jan. 29.—The budget committee of the reichstag today, discussing the military appropriations, passed almost unanimously a resolution asking the chancellor to institute rigorous penal proceedings against superior officers whose subordinates maltreat privates.

FIRE AT LOUISVILLE.
Louisville, Jan. 29.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the Dupont warehouse early today. B. F. Avery & Co., plow; the Metal Ware Manufacturing company and the National Metal and Machine company, lessees, were the principal losers. Total estimated loss, \$50,000.

KAFFIRS AND HEREROS EFFECT JUNCTION AND BESIEGE POST

Situation at Okahandja Is Causing Considerable
Anxiety at the German Colonial Office—The
Troops Are Still Holding the Besieged City.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—The commander of the German gunboat Habicht, lying at Swakopmund, German Southwest Africa, cables that he has received news from Lieut. Zuelow, in command of the German forces at Okahandja, that the Kaffirs have affected a junction with the Hereros, who are besieging that post. As Okahandja was already hard pressed, the announcement has caused concern at the colonial office here.

The following dispatch from Lieut. Zuelow, sent by messenger via Karibib, was received here today:

"Okahandja, Jan. 29.—Am holding out. Occupied it January 15 with 200 men after heavy fighting. Am waiting for guns from the Habicht."

Ask for a division of artillery. Weak relief corps with machine gun from Windhoek repulsed Twelfth and Thirteenth Loss reported eight reserves. "In order to establish connections with the rear and bring forward military transports we attempted today with sixty men to reach Karibib by rail."

A later dispatch, dated January 21, says: "Yesterday afternoon near Katwatsane, between Walda and Okahandja, there was a sharp fight. A division, about seventy men strong, sent forward by rail lost four dead and twenty to twenty-five dead."

"As the bridge was destroyed am trying to send news for Karibib through trustworthy natives. We can hold out for some time yet."

GIRL WANTED TO BE A SOLDIER

Chicago, Jan. 29.—Dressed in a suit of her brother's clothes and with her long brown hair cut short and crammed into a man's wig, May Bonnell, 22-years-old, of Terre Haute, Ind., had applied to the recruiting sergeant at Fort Sheridan to be mustered into Company I, which is ordered to join the 26th regiment in the Philippines as soon as it is at full strength. The girl broke down when informed that she must undergo the regular physical examination and confessed her secret. Harvested at the thought of separation from her sweetheart, Carl Pfann, who is a private in the company, she said that she tried to enlist as a man in order to accompany him and share his dangers.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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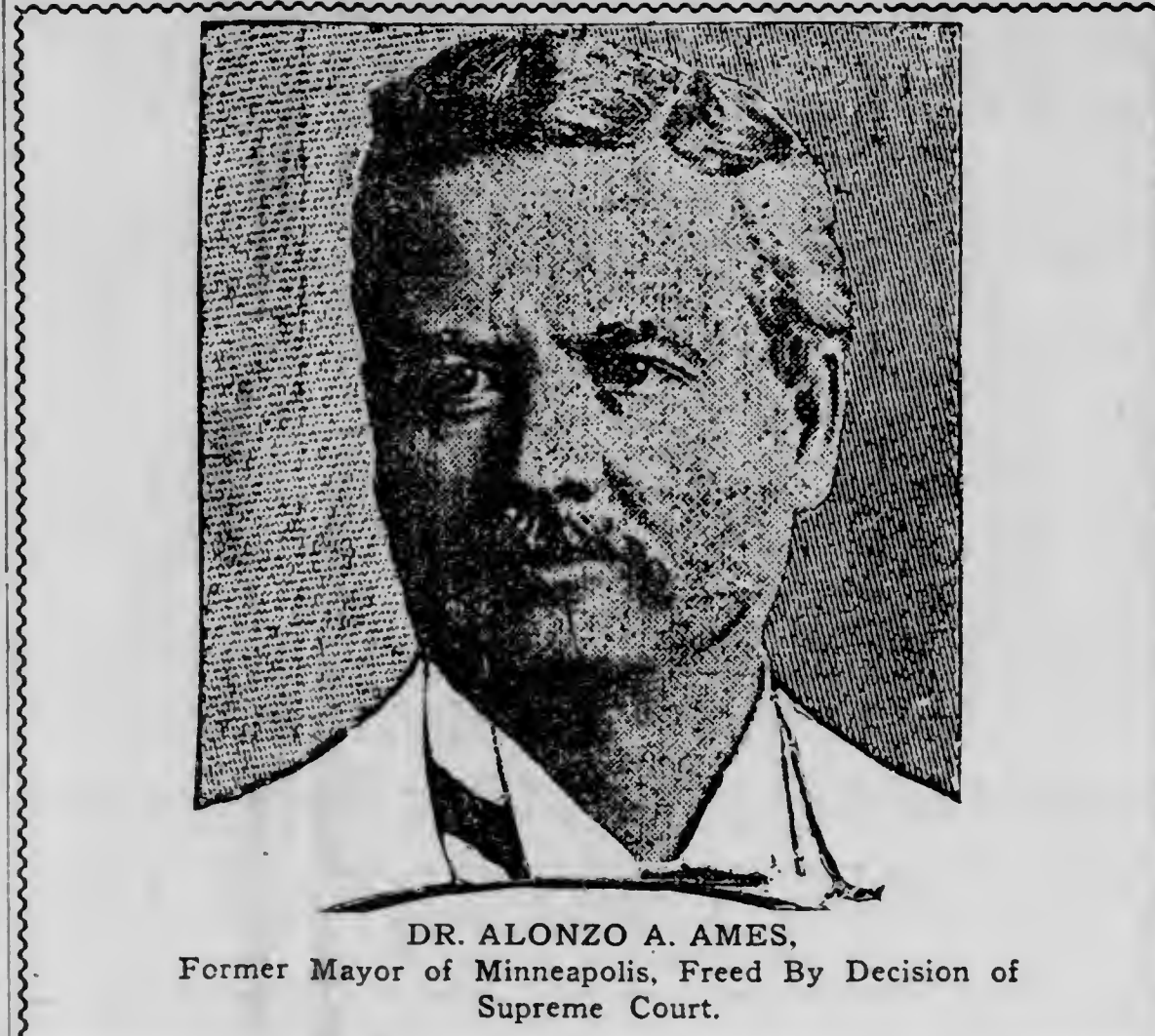
HURRYING FIRE WITH OIL CAUSES FATAL BURNING.

Pittsburg, Jan. 28.—As the result of an explosion following an attempt to hurry a fire with carbon oil, Mrs. Gray, of North Twelfth is dead; Zella, a daughter, aged 12 years, is probably fatally burned, and five other members of the family are seriously injured. The family recently came here from Lovett, Ind.

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DECISIONS BY SUPREME COURT

Number of Minor Importances Handled Down at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The cases decided by the supreme court today were: John E. Andrus vs. the Maryland Casualty company, appellant, Hennepin county; affirmed. Brown, J.
C. C. Hartley vs. Pennsylvania Fire insurance company, appellant, Hennepin county; affirmed. Lewis, J.
Jens P. Nelson, appellant, vs. City of Albert Lea, Freeborn county; affirmed. Brown, J.
Edith A. Clements, appellant, vs. Jerome Wiley, Hennepin county; affirmed. Collins, J.
William G. White, appellant, vs. City of St. Paul, Ramsey county; judgment modified. Start, C. J.
The Koochiching company vs. Eric Franzen et al, appellants; appeal dismissed.
J. W. Reynolds, appellant, vs. E. W. Munch et al; affirmed. Lewis, J.
Teichus Land company, appellants, vs. Franklin Donner, Hennepin county; affirmed. Brown, J.
William H. Muloney vs. Joseph Wagner and Jerry Dacy, appellants, Le Sueur county; affirmed. Per curiam.
Produce Refriggerator company vs. Norwich Union Fire insurance society, appellant; Hennepin county; affirmed. Per curiam.

KAFFIRS AND HEREROS EFFECT JUNCTION AND BESIEGE POST

Situation at Okahandja Is Causing Considerable Anxiety at the German Colonial Office—The Troops Are Still Holding the Besieged City.

Berlin, Jan. 28.—The commander of the German garrison Hahel, lying at Swakopmund, German Southwest Africa, cables that he has received news from Lieut. Zuelow, in command of the German forces at Okahandja, that the Kaffirs have effected a junction with the Hereros, who are besieging that post. As Okahandja was already hard pressed, the announcement has caused concern at the colonial office here.
The following dispatch from Lieut. Zuelow, sent by messenger via Karibib, was received here today:
"Okahandja, Jan. 26.—Am holding Okahandja. Occupied it January 13 with 200 men after heavy fighting. Am waiting for guns from the Hahel."
Ask for a division of artillery. Weak relief corps with machine gun from Vindobona, reported eight reserves. "In order to establish connections with the rear and bring forward military transports we attempted today with sixty men to reach Karibib by rail."
A later dispatch, dated January 21, says: "Yesterday afternoon near Okahandja, between Woldina and Okahandja, there was a sharp fight. A division, about seventy men strong, sent forward by rail lost four dead and three slightly wounded. The enemy lost twenty to twenty-five dead."
"As the bridge was destroyed am trying to send news for Karibib through trustworthy natives. We can hold out for some time yet."

GIRL WANTED TO BE A SOLDIER

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Dressed in a suit as it is at full strength. The girl broke down when informed that she must undergo the regular physical examination and confessed her sex. Heartbroken at the thought of separation from her sweetheart, Carl Pfann, who is a private in the company, she said that she tried to enlist as a man in order to accompany him and share his dangers.

YOU SAVE
ONE-FIFTH
BY BUYING
NOW.

WIELAND'S BIG ANNUAL SIDE SALE HAS COMMENCED.

Our stock is clean, and we want to keep it so, but we need room and money for our spring goods. We therefore must close out a good part of the present stock.

FOR TOMORROW and MONDAY

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Save money by fitting out the children tomorrow.

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WIELAND SHOE CO.,
123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

DEFICIENCY BILL

Disussed By House In
Committee of the
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Senate Amends Resolu-
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Mr. Thayer (Mass.), answering to a question of personal privilege, said his attention had been called to a statement that he assumed full responsibility for a resolution introduced by him proposing an amendment to the constitution to keep him always nearly divided among all the people. The resolution, he said, was introduced by him by request.

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The provision authorizing the president to consolidate revenue collection districts, and to sub-divide states for collection purposes, went out on a point of order as being new legislation, raised by Mr. Powers (Me.).

When the paragraph providing for the destitute Indians of Alaska was reached, Mr. Cowherd (Mo.) called attention to the deplorable condition of the natives of Alaska, which he declared to exist.

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Mr. McLaughlin spoke in support of the resolution and in opposition to the amendment. He protested against the charge that the resolution had been introduced for party advantage.

The senate was then informed the Cullum amendment inserting the disclaimer

tionary clause, and resulted 38 to 20, a party vote with the exception of Mr. McNary, who voted with the Republicans.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

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Second citizenship papers were issued yesterday in district court, to M. J. Lyons and Andrew Macleod.

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Agent of the Grand Trunk road, is spending today in Duluth.

W. A. Shields, traveling freight agent of the Rock Island road, is in Duluth today and will leave tonight for the west.

George Weatherly, representing the Chicago Inter-Ocean, is in the city gathering data, etc., for a descriptive and illustrated article on Duluth.

SCORING HIGH

Some Fine Marks Obtained By Birds In Poultry Show.

White Wyandotte Pullet Is Given a Marking of 95.

The highest scoring bird at the poultry show now being conducted at No. 8 South Lake avenue by the Duluth Poultry association is a white Wyandotte pullet, the property of Anderson and Edmunds. Its score is 95, as marked by George D. Holden, official judge. Mr. Holden completed his work of judging this morning and left on the afternoon train for the Twin Cities.

The average score for the entire exhibit is very high, as was expected would be the case. Theodore Hollister has the best colored bird in the show. Honors for first place are about tied between Anderson and Edmunds' bird and silver-laced Wyandotte, now owned by G. W. Smith, with a score of 94 to its credit. This is one point lower than the mark given the other owl, but the silver-laced variety are considered as being so much more difficult to breed so as to secure a perfect marking, that Mr. Smith's Wyandotte pullet is regarded by many as being the best bird.

The highest selling bird of this variety at the state show in Minneapolis last week was credited with only 82 points, so it is safe to assume that Mr. Smith owns the highest scoring silver-laced Wyandotte in the state. There are very few in the entire United States that will score 94.

The following are among the highest scoring birds of the show which have been awarded first premiums:

White-Indian game hen, property of Superintendent Stewart, score 94; Cornish Indian game hen, owned by G. W. Smith, scores 94 and 94; and his silver grey dorking hen, score 94. Theodore Hollister's blue Andalusian pullet, scoring 94, and his light Brahma pullet, scoring 94. G. W. Greenfield with his Plymouth rocks won first premium on cockerels, second on cockerets and second on hens.

The ribbons are now for the most part tacked to the boxes of the winning birds, making the show the more interesting. The attendance yesterday was large. During the afternoon the exhibition room was crowded, and many visited the place in the evening. Even greater crowds are expected this afternoon and evening.

Indoor Baseball

Freimuths and Co. at the Armory. Game called at 8:15. Admission, 25c. Informal Dancing.

CHARGE OF PERJURY

Government Would Get
Back the Stensland
Land.

This Is Land That Was
Involved In Magin-
nis Case.

In a bill of complaint filed in the United States circuit court this morning by the United States attorney for the Duluth land district, Miss Amy Stensland and George C. Stensland, residents of Duluth, are charged with perjury in having fraudulently obtained possession of lots 2, 3, 6, 7 and 4, north of range 14 west, St. Louis, Mo.

The complaint prays that the final certificate and patent on the land, which were issued to Miss Stensland by the local land office, both be annulled, rendered to the proper United States officers to be cancelled, and they and the entry made by Miss Stensland be declared void and of no effect, also that the defendants and their agents be forever enjoined from ever again asserting any claim to the land in question.

This is the same piece of land that caused the criminal case against Charles P. Maginnis to be instituted in the spring term of the United States circuit court. Maginnis was charged directly with having fraudulently obtained possession of the land in controversy, but was acquitted. The new case is for the purpose of winning the property back to the government.

A very similar case, known as the Svend Olson case, was tried at the December term of court, and a decision was rendered in favor of the government.

On Oct. 6, 1898, Alfred Jondrow was allowed to make application for homestead entry on this piece of land at the local land office. The complaint filed this morning that he lived up to all the requirements of the law governing such entries and that he never relinquished possession of the land, but is still entitled to it.

On Oct. 22, 1900, Charles P. Maginnis, says the complaint, with intent to unlawfully obtain the land and timber on it, filed a false relinquishment of a forged relinquishment, and false and illegal entry under the timber and stone act, filed a false relinquishment of all homestead rights and interests of Jondrow.

It is further alleged that for a consideration of \$50, he procured Amy Stensland, to file a false and fraudulent application to enter and purchase the land, and that she did so, knowing that at the time that to do so would be fraudulent perjury.

The application was made and allowed at the local office. Final proof was obtained on Jan. 8, 1901, and the next day, so the complaint states, a warranty deed for the land was issued to George C. Stensland.

It is further alleged that the whole deal was fraudulent. A patent was later issued, Jondrow having nothing of these proceedings till long after the patent was issued.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

Advance Styles in New Tailor Made Suits For Spring!

We announce the arrival of the new modes in Tailor-made Suits in the correct materials and smartest spring styles.

The Silberstein & Bondy Co.'s styles for 1904 are more exclusive than ever. Creations designed by America's foremost tailors, made under our instruction—every little detail perfected.

New spring models of merit with the further recommendation that there are no duplicates. Here you have the advantage not afforded by the best tailors—perfected ideas of all the noted designers combined. Specially noticeable are the new Eton and 25-inch Jaunty coat with length skirts.

Some Things Which go on Sale Tomorrow Are:

A little Run-about Suit in Lymanville Cheviot—Eton—silk lined jacket with girdle—dressy skirt, at—**\$18.50**

A line of pretty traveling or street suits in Scotch mixtures of gray or tan—new 25-inch coat and fancy made skirt—**\$35.00**

Dress Suits of Voiles.

The beautiful voiles will be popular this season—plain and fancy weaves—some plain—others very fancy.

Some new pretty suits in blue and black silk—lined throughout, Eton jacket—full pleated skirt—**\$42.50**

First Showing of Shirt Waist Goods.

Handsome effects in checks, stripes and plain silks—in all desirable colors—box plaited skirts—new models in waists, and new sleeves—prices—**\$25.00 to \$40.00**

A dainty little suit in white brilliantine, 3-piece skirt, new panther waist, at—**\$19.50**

A pretty costume of white and black and blue and black pin stripe brilliantine—very pretty made—a pretty "going away" suit—for—**\$25.00**

A very dainty little dress in white dotted Swiss—in the black and white effect, lace trimmed—**\$25.00**

Silberstein & Bondy Company

BATHING OF ANIMALS.

One has only to see a cat making her toilet with her paw soaked with saliva, a fly conscientiously washing its hands in the winking pool of a dog's eye, or himself hygienic shower baths, a monkey for his part, an elephant giving his trunk a good wash, to get the sentiment of cleanliness is very widespread among animals. This sentiment, however, is not universal. Some animals show marked evidences of uncleanliness. They evidently prefer to have their skin covered with dirt. For certain of them it is said that they have a reason for violating the most elementary laws of cleanliness.

The larva of the marked redwings envelops himself in dust both in order to escape his enemies and also in order to be able to approach the insects upon which he feeds without being observed. For him the dust is a "wall-colored coat," such as the cathechists wear in the middle ages. The frog fish covers himself with mud and sea weed in order to swim unperceived over the bottom of the sea. Thanks to the ribbon-like appendages with which the eel is provided, he is able to hide from the fish of the vicinity who, not seeing the eel, take him for a weed without fear and are swallowed whole.

Many of the ruminant and pachydermatous animals have the habit of rolling in the mud and seem very much pleased to roll on the earth. From this he infers that these two agents, so opposite in appearance, water and dust, have from the hygienic point of view similar results. As to the matter which lead the animal to these two things they differ in various cases.

Among these motives there is a desire to scratch, which is felt among many animals. Thus we may explain the habit which horses, dogs, donkeys and camels have of rubbing themselves against a tree or a wall, but for the center of the back they have no chance except by rolling on the ground. It is very interesting to see the intense pleasure which they derive from this exercise.

Another object of these exercises is to free the superficial skin from the excessive sweat and sebaceous matter which is a burden and makes the hairs stick together. This is notably the case with the rhinoceros, which rolls on the ground most enthusiastically dust bathing, giving himself a good wash with his tail once a day. M. Lacaze, the French naturalist, has observed this habit among those funny little kangaroo-like animals, the porcupines. In captivity if they have no mud in their cages their coats are sure to become filthy.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Joseph A. Pratt and Gertrude Walsh.

BIRTHS.

LADOSEUR—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Ladoseur of 501 Garfield avenue, Jan. 25.

JONES—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Jones of 225 West Fifth street, Jan. 25.

MITCHELL—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Mitchell of 1102 East First street, Jan. 25.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, of 1003 Lake avenue south, died yesterday afternoon. The funeral will be held this afternoon from the residence, and interment will be made in Forest Hill cemetery.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

ERUPTIONS, tan-freckles, skin afflictions yield a skin skin to Skin-Skin Cream and Skin-Skin Face Powder.

FOR RENT—LARGE WELL FURNISHED room, with board for two; reasonable. Old phone 182-M.

WANTED—SINGLE MAN, OF GOOD habits, with knowledge of farming; government position; fair salary. Apply room 217, Hotel McKay, between 7 and 8 this evening or between 9 and 10 tomorrow morning.

WANTED—POSITION—BY EXPERIENCED letter and saleslady in cloak department. Address S 48, Herald.

LOST—BLACK AND WHITE ENGLISH setter. Finder will be rewarded by calling on A. W. Lord, old phone 188, or returning to 2011 West Third street.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Riddance of Children's Coats.

\$6.75 and \$7.50 values at—**\$2.00**
TOMORROW.

They're all laid out on one large table—every popular fabric represented and every one as nearly correct as the season. Come early for best selection.

Millinery Riddance.

\$10.00 and \$15.00 Dress Hats at—**\$3.50**
\$5.00 and \$6.00 Street Hats at—**\$1.00**
\$2.00 and \$3.00 Children's Hats at—**50c**
TOMORROW.

It's the final cut and it's to your advantage. The prices indicate how anxious we are to close them out. Every style correct, remember.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

but if they have no opportunity to powder themselves it sticks together in tufts and has a very mean appearance. The oxen obtain similar results by different methods. During the summer heat they toss into the air with their horns heaps of dry grass and they also kick up the earth with their fore legs so that it falls on their backs. They act with such violence when doing this that they sometimes become invisible in the midst of the thick cloud which they raise.

When the animals are maddened by parasites they roll in the dirt in order to remove their minute enemies. The elephants after their bath roll in the dust and take earth in their trunks and powder their bodies carefully with it. It is greatly troubled by parasites. Finally they feel an irrepressible desire to free themselves of the plague. Instead of bathing in the nearest pond as other species would do they take a dust bath. Among the dust birds are all the chicken family.

OPENED FOR BUSINESS OCTOBER 30th, 1902.

DULUTH SAVINGS BANK

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION

at the Close of Business, January 22nd, 1904.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts, \$267,953.60	Capital Stock, \$100,000.00
Overdrafts, 40.03	Undivided Profits, 4,502.81
Vault, Furniture and Fixtures, 5,000.00	(Less Expenses Paid)
Cash on hand and Due from Banks, \$59,650.96	Deposits, 277,141.78
Demand Loans, 49,000.00	
108,650.96	\$381,644.59
\$381,644.59	

A General Banking Business Transacted.
PAYS 3% INTEREST on Savings Accounts & Certificates of Deposit.

TRUSTEES:
JOHN R. MITCHELL, Pres.
B. MURRAY PEYTON, Sec'y.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN.
DR. J. J. EKLUND.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS, V. Pres.
J. W. LINDER, Jr., Cashr.
WARD ANES, Sr.
H. F. WILLIAMSON, Jr.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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Government Would Get Back the Stensland Land.

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A line of pretty traveling or street suits in
Scotch mixtures of gray or tan—new 25-inch
coat and fancy made skirt..... **\$35.00**
—from \$27.50 to—

Dress Suits of Voiles.

The beautiful voiles will be popular this season—plain and fancy weaves—some plain—others very fancy.

Some new pretty suits in blue and black silk—lined throughout, Eton jacket—full pleated skirt..... **\$42.50**

First Showing of Shirt Waist Goods.

Handsome effects in checks, stripes and plain silks
—in all desirable colors—box
pleated skirts—new models in
waists, and new sleeves—prices
..... **\$25.00 to \$40.00**

A dainty little suit in white brilliantine, 3-piece skirt, new pinner waist, at..... **\$19.50**

A pretty costume of white and black and blue and black pin stripe brilliantine—very pretty made—a pretty "going away" suit—for..... **\$25.00**

A very dainty little dress in white double Swiss—in the black and white effect, lace trimmed..... **\$25.00**



BATHING OF ANIMALS.

One has only to see a cat making her toilet with her paw soaked with saliva, a fly conscientiously washing its hands on the window pane, an elephant giving himself a good shower bath, a monkey looking for his head in the water, the sentiment of cleanliness is very widespread among animals. This sentiment is not universal. Some animals show marked evidences of uncleanness, and evidently prefer to have their skin covered with dirt. For certain of them it is said that they have reason for violating the most elementary laws of cleanliness.

The larva of the marked redoubt envelops itself in dust both in order to escape his enemies and also in order to be able to approach the insects upon which he feeds without being observed. For him the dust is a wall-colored coat such as the cutthroats wear to hide their faces. The frog fish covers himself with mud and settles on the bottom of the sea. Thanks to the ribbon-like appendages with which his nose is provided, he attracts the little fish of the vicinity who, not seeing the hideous creature, swallow him up and are swallowed whole.

Many of the ruminant and pachydermatous animals have the habit of rolling in the mud and seem very much pleased with the crust of earth which covers their skin. This protective mantle is, in fact, very useful to ward off the attacks of parasites, the cloud, the buffalo, the lion and the elephant roll about in mud baths, and they are indeed no more repugnant to useless than those which Frenchmen take at Lux and Barbizon.

A large number of birds dig down into the dust and cover themselves with it with evident pleasure and several mammals, such as the pig, the badger, the mole, that these two agents, so opposite in appearance, water and dust, have the hygienic point of view, similar reason. As the mud and what the animal to these two things they differ in various cases.

Among these motives there is a desire to scratch, which is felt among many animals. Thus we may explain the joy which horses, dogs, donkeys and camels have of rolling about in the dust. As far as the neck and sides of the body are concerned, they have the reason for themselves against a tree or a wall, but for the center of the back they have no chance except by rolling on the ground. It is very interesting to see the humane measure which they derive from this exercise.

The effect of these exercises is to free the superficial skin from the excessive sweat and sebaceous matter which is a burden and makes the hairs stick together. This is notably the case with the most enthusiastic dust bathers, giving them a clean and healthy skin. At least one day, M. Latiste, the French naturalist, has observed this habit among those funny little kangaroo-like animals, the perobas, in captivity if they have mud in their cages their coats are saved.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Joseph A. Pratt and Gerlie Walsh.

BIRTHS.

LADOSEUR—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Ladoseur of 500 Garfield avenue, Jan. 25.

JONES—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Jones of 225 West Fifth street, Jan. 25.

FIX—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fix of 901 West Ninth street, Jan. 27.

MITCHELL—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Mitchell of 102 East First street, Jan. 28.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Anderson, of 1039 Lake avenue south, died yesterday afternoon. The funeral will be held this afternoon from the residence, and interment will be made in Forest Hill cemetery.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

ERFERTS, tan-freckles, skin affliction, yield to Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Face Powder.

FOR RENT—LARGE WELL FURNISHED room, with board for two; reasonable. Old phone 105-M.

WANTED—SINGLE MAN, OF GOOD habits, with knowledge of farming; government position; fair salary. Apply room 210 Hotel McKay, between 7 and 8 this evening or between 9 and 10 tomorrow morning.

WANTED—POSITION—BY EXPERIENCED fitter and solderer in clock department. Address S 48, Herald.

LOST—BLACK AND WHITE ENGLISH setter. Finder will be rewarded by calling up A. W. Lord, old phone 1385, or returning to 207 West Third street.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Riddance of Children's Coats.

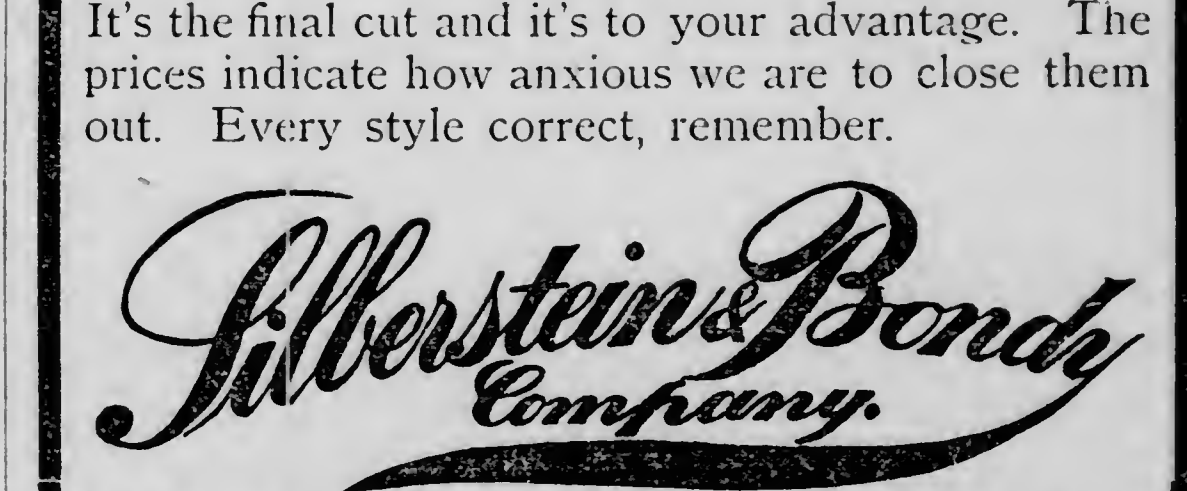
\$6.75 and \$7.50 values at..... **\$2.00**
TOMORROW.

They're all laid out on one large table—every popular fabric represented and every one as nearly correct as the season. Come early for best selection.

Millinery Riddance.

\$10.00 and \$15.00 Dress Hats at..... **\$3.50**
\$5.00 and \$6.00 Street Hats at..... **\$1.00**
\$2.00 and \$3.00 Children's Hats at..... **50c**
TOMORROW.

It's the final cut and it's to your advantage. The prices indicate how anxious we are to close them out. Every style correct, remember.



but if they have no opportunity to powder themselves it sticks together in tufts and has a very mean appearance. The ozen obtain similar results by different methods. During the summer heat they toss into the air with their horrid heaps of dry grass and they also kick up the earth with their fore legs so that it falls on their backs. They act with such violence when doing this that they sometimes become invisible in the midst of the thick cloud which they raise. When the animals are maddened by parasites they roll in the dirt in order to remove their minute enemies. The elephants after their bath roll in the dust and take earth in their trunks and powder their bodies carefully with it. It is generally known that birds have the dust habit. They are generally afraid of water and they replace it by dust as a cosmetic. While they are setting and compelled to remain immovable for a long time they are greatly troubled by parasites. Finally they feel an irresistible desire to free themselves of the plague. Instead of bathing in the nearest pond as other species would do they take a dust bath. Among the dust birds are all the chicken family.

DULUTH SAVINGS BANK

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION

at the Close of Business, January 22nd, 1904.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts, \$267,953.60	Capital Stock\$100,000.00
Overdrafts, 40.03	Undivided Profits..... 4,502.81
Vault, Furniture and Fixtures, 5,000.00	(Less Expenses Paid)
Cash on hand and Due from Banks, \$59,650.06	Deposits 277,141.78
Demand Loans, 49,000.00 108,650.06	
\$381,644.59	\$381,644.59

A General Banking Business Transacted. PAYS 3% INTEREST

on Savings Accounts & Certificates of Deposit.

TRUSTEES:
JOHN R. MITCHELL, Pres. JOHN G. WILLIAMS, V. Pres.
B. MURRAY PEYTON, Sec'y. J. W. LINDER, Jr., Cashier.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN. WARD AXLES, Sr.
DR. J. J. EKLUND. H. F. WILLIAMSON, Jr.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT HEAD OF THE LAKES.

Freimuth's

Rummage of Linens.

All remnants of Table Damask and odd half dozen Napkins—remnants of Crashes, Muslins, Sheetings and White Goods, the accumulations of short ends for our great January sales at about HALF PRICE.

Annual Inventory Rummage Sale!

Stock-taking is just over, and has, as usual, uncovered many accumulations of broken lines, mused and soiled merchandise and many odds and ends, which have escaped the watchful eye of the department man. These goods must be closed out and will be sold for just what they will bring. Many of the lines are as perfect as can be, and all of best quality—although a little off through frequent handling. Prices will be made accordingly. It is a Rummage Sale in the full sense of the word—and Rummage prices is the word passed to every department manager. We quote just a few of the many bargains to illustrate to you what and how we are doing it.

Rummage Dress Goods Bargains.

19c for 50c Dress Goods.
12 pieces of 40-inch plain and fancy Dress Goods; in cadets, royals, navys and greens; just the thing for school dresses, etc.—regular price 50c a yard; Rummage Sale price—

Only 19c
the yard.

Shoe Rummage Prices.

Stock-taking uncovered a number of ladies', misses' and youths' Shoes, which have got to go. In a number of cases not enough to advertise, but they are here at Rummage prices. Come and buy them now.

49c for \$1.50 to \$5 Dress Slippers.

Ladies' fine Dress Slippers—French heels, one, two and three straps—broken lines—usually sold \$1.50 to \$5—choice for Saturday.

\$1.98 for any \$2.75 or \$3.00 Shoe in the House.

Certainly a broad assertion—but has no string attached—applies to all \$2.75 and \$3.00 shoes in this department—all styles and all leathers—all sizes—Rummage price—per pair.

\$1.00 for \$1.50 and \$2.00 Ladies' Shoes.

Broken lines of Ladies' strong calfskin Shoes—in sizes 3 1/2, 4, 4 1/2, 5 only, regular \$1.50 and \$2 goods—Rummage price, a pair.

69c for \$1.00 Ladies' Storm Alskas.

Ladies' storm Alskas at about half their regular values—a timely bargain, all sizes, but limited quantity—Rummage price, a pair.

49c for 75c Misses' Storm Alskas.

They keep the feet warm as well as dry—have all sizes, but too many of them, hence the Rummage price, per pair.

Men's Furnishing Rummage.

25c Pair for 50c Suspenders

Eagle (union made)—new patterns—snap fasteners—slide adjustment—made from best imported webs—regular 50c quality—Rummage price, per pair.

69c for \$1.25 Men's Wool Underwear.

Made from best Australian wool—in tan color only—silk finished—come in all sizes, shirts and drawers—regular \$1.25 goods—Rummage price.

49c for \$1.00 and \$1.25 Fancy Shirts.

Made of fancy percale and madras, in all sizes—open front and back, with popular short bosom, cuffs to match, regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 value—Rummage price.

Drugs and Sundries.

6c for 15c Bird Seed.

Imperial Bird Seed is positively the very best mixed bird food on the market, and is a regular 15c article—Rummage price.

39c for \$1 Cod Liver Oil.

Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil—carefully prepared—well-known brand—we have too much of it—hence the Rummage price.

39c for \$1 Beef, Iron and Wine.

Prepared from Libby's fine Extract of Beef, citrate of iron and sherry wine, regular \$1.00 size—Rummage price.

5c for 10c White Perfumed Petroleum.

A valuable household preparation—always sold at 10c—Rummage price.

50c for 75c Fountain Syringes.

Two-quart Fountain Syringes, with three hard-rubber pipes and patent stopper, every one guaranteed—always sold at 75c each—Rummage price.

Knit Underwear Rummage.

89c for \$1.25 Women's Scarlet Pants.

Small quantity of Women's fine all-wool scarlet Pants, sizes from 34 to 44—regular \$1.75 value—Rummage price, per pair.

\$1.75 for \$2.50 and \$3.25 Combination Suits.

An assorted lot of Women's fine Combination Suits. The famous Florence style—wool crocheted—fine finish, perfect fitting—values from \$2.50 to \$3.25—Rummage price.

39c for 50c Heavy Cotton Corset Covers.

Women's fine knit Corset Covers—silk crocheted around the neck and down the front, pure white—regular 50c value—Rummage price.

\$3.00 for \$4.50 Combination Suits.

Only a few of a size in these handsome garments—in natural color—silk taped and hand crocheted—also a few of the fine flat weave, sold regularly at \$4.50—Rummage price.

Rummage Cloak Prices.

\$1.89 for \$4 and \$5 Children's Jackets.

Children's warm winter Jackets in medium blue and castor colors—regular prices \$4 and \$5—Rummage price.

\$3.98 for \$10 and \$20 Walking Suits.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Walking Suits, in assorted materials and colorings—ranging in price from \$10 to \$20—Rummage price.

\$1.78 for \$10 and \$15 Bicycle Suits.

Ladies' Bicycle Suits—regular \$10 and \$15—Rummage price.

\$1.48 for \$3.75 Lounging Robes.

Ladies' fine Eiderdown Lounging Robes—regular price \$3.75—Rummage price.

\$5.98 for \$20 and \$32.50 Coats.

Ladies' heavy and medium weight box back and half-fitting coats, were \$20 and up to \$32.50 each—Rummage price.

\$1.95 for \$5 to \$15 Jackets.

Ladies' and Misses' Jackets in black, navy, brown and castor colors, in medium and heavy weights—mostly 22 and 23 inches long, all silk lined—ranging in price from \$5 to \$15—Rummage price.

98c for \$3, \$4 and \$5 Jackets and Capes.

Children's Spring Jackets and Capes—assorted sizes and colors—were \$3, \$4 and \$5—Rummage price.

\$1.48 for \$5, \$6 and \$7 Jackets and Box Coats.

Children's spring Jackets and three-quarter length box coats—were \$5, \$6 and \$7—Rummage price—each.

\$1.98 for \$8 and \$9 Golf Capes.

Ladies' Golf Capes, in assorted colors—were \$8 and \$9—Rummage price.

\$1.98 for \$20 and \$25 Cravenette Coats.

Ladies' Cravenette Storm Serge Coats—in blue, gray and black—original prices were \$20 and \$25—can be made over into other garments—Rummage price.

\$1.48 for \$6 to \$10 Mackintoshes.

Ladies' Mackintosh Coats—in blue, black and tan—ranging in price from \$6 to \$10—Rummage price.

98c for \$3 and \$4 Mackintoshes.

Ladies' dark gray Mackintoshes—sold regularly at from \$3 to \$4—Rummage price.

\$3.95 for \$10 Cravenette Coats.

Ladies' Cravenette Coats—in tan only—regular price \$10—Rummage price.

Many other bargains in odds and ends in the Cloak Room such as Shawls, Waists, etc., all at Rummage prices.

Rummage Glove Prices.

39c for \$1.00 and \$1.25 Kid Gloves.

Ladies' Kid Gloves in blacks only, with buttons, clasps and hooks, regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 kinds—Rummage price.

79c for \$1.50 Foster Kid Gloves.

Foster Kid Gloves, in tans and browns only—assorted sizes—lacing style—always sold at \$1.50—Rummage price—per pair.

42c for 75c Golf Gloves.

Fine camels' hair Golf Gloves, white, black and gray—regular price 75c per pair—Rummage price—per pair.

43c for 75c Mocha Mittens.

Adler's plain and fur top Mocha Mittens—fleece-lined—in brown and black—sold regularly at 75c—Rummage price.

Trimmings at Rummage Prices.

2 1/2c Yard for 25c and 35c Trimmings.

One lot of fancy Braids, in plain and fancy colors—some of them sold as high as 35c a yard—Rummage price.

5c for 50c Trimmings.

One lot of fancy braids and jet trimmings, some sold as high as 50c a yard—Rummage price.

10c for 75c Trimmings.

One lot of fancy applique and Persian band trimmings, some sold for 75c a yard—Rummage price.

15c Yard for 25c Ribbons.

Fancy silk Ribbons—4 1/2 inches wide—regular price 25c a yard, all colors—Rummage sale.

48c for \$1.25 Shirt Waists.

Ladies' white and colored Shirt Waists—assorted sizes and colorings—regular price \$1.25—Rummage price.

25c for \$1.50 Trimmings.

One lot of fancy applique Persian bands, Jet band, etc., sold as high as \$1.50 a yard—Rummage price.

50c for \$3.00 and \$4.00 Boleros.

Choice of lot of fine Boleros in braid, bead and jet effects, sold all the way from \$3.00 to \$4.00—Rummage price.

98c for \$10.00 to \$20.00 Boleros.

Only a few of these sold as high as \$20 each—choice.

69c for \$1.38 and \$1.50 Shawls.

Ladies' Knit Wool Shawls—in red and tan—regular prices \$1.38 and \$1.50—Rummage price.

5c for 6 Spools of Buttonhole Twist.

Belding Bros. Buttonhole Silk, regular price 2 1/2c spools for 5c—Rummage price 6 spools for 5c.

Freimuth's

Freimuth's

Remnants of Black and Colored Dress Goods.

All remnants of Black and Colored Dress Goods in waist and skirt lengths, etc., at just

HALF PRICE.

Remnants of Silks at Half.

All remnants of Black and Colored Silks in all kinds of desirable lengths at exactly

HALF PRICE.

Rummage Sale Millinery.

19c for \$1.50 Felt Hats.

A table full of Ladies' Untrimmed Felt Hats—regular \$1.00 and \$1.50 kind—Rummage price.

48c for \$2.00 Felt Hats.

A second assortment of finest Untrimmed Felt Hats, in all the new shapes, ranging in price up to \$2—Rummage price.

75c for \$2.50 Trimmed Hats.

A table lot of Children's Trimmed Sailor Hats, ranging in price up to \$2.50—Rummage price.

98c for \$3.00 and \$4.00 Hats.

Table lot of Ladies' tailor-made Street Hats—\$3.00 and \$4.00 kinds—Rummage price.

\$2.25 for \$5.00 and \$7.50 Hats.

Ladies' trimmed Dress and Street Hats—large range of styles—none worth less than \$5, and up to \$7.50—Rummage price.

29c for 50c Tams.

Children's Tan O'Shanter Caps—regular price 50c—Rummage price.

Rummage Sale Corsets, Etc.

\$1.98 for \$2.50 and \$3.00 Corset Waists.

Equipoise Waists in black and drab—regular price \$3.00 and \$2.50—Rummage price.

\$1.25 for \$2.00 W. B. Corsets.

W. B. Corsets, in white, drab and black—regular price \$2.00—Rummage price.

69c for \$1.00 W. B. Corsets.

W. B. Corsets—in white and drab—regular price \$1.00 each—Rummage price.

45c for 75c Dressing Sacques.

Ladies' Flannelette Dressing Sacques—regular price 75c each—Rummage price.

7c yard for 12 1/2c Fancy Flannelette.

Fancy Flannelette, in neat, small effects, in self colors, sold regularly at 12 1/2c—Rummage price.

10c for 15c and 18c Fancy Flannelette.

36-inch fancy book fold Flannelette—in light and dark colors for wrappers, sacques, etc.—Rummage price, per yard.

15c Yard for 30c Biege Veilings.

One lot Biege Veilings—in blue and green colors—sold at 30c a yard—Rummage price.

5c for 35c Stocks and Cuffs.

One lot Ladies' Stock Collars and Old Cuffs—sold as high as 35c—Rummage price.

5c for 15c Standing Collars.

One lot Ladies' Standing Collars, all sizes and styles—sold at 15c each—Rummage price.

21c pr for 35c Children's Hosiery.

Children's heavy fleece-lined hose—double heels and toes, fine silk-fleece and fast black dyed—regular 35c kind—Rummage price—per pair.

House Furnishings at Rummage Prices.

95c for \$1.50 House Paint.

This is a well-known and popular brand—comes in all colors, stock is heavy, hence the unusual price. Supply your spring and summer wants now—Rummage price—per gallon.

25c for 40c Floor Wax.

Johnston's celebrated Floor Wax—none better—always sold at 40c. Rummage price, cask.

25 Dozen Clothes Pins for 25c.

Enough said—they are all perfect goods, but go into the Rummage sale at .25 dozen for 25c.

25c for 95c Wood and Galvanized Tubs.

Wood and galvanized Wash Tubs—about twenty in the lot, slightly shop worn—sold up to 95c—Rummage price.

35c for 70c Boys' and Girls' Sleds.

The last time we will mention these every sled in the house at HALF PRICE—no reserve—70c sleds, Rummage price.

RAILROAD NEWS

Incident Showing Effect of Cold on Railroad Traffic.

Two Engines Haul Thirty Cars Fifty Miles in Thirteen Hours.

As an example of what the cold weather has done to transportation interests, a story comes from Itasca which savors of the days when railroading was in its infancy, and when trains were frequently abandoned to the mercy of snow drifts and blizzards. The story is vouched for by railroad men of undoubted veracity, and must be true. When the thermometer was down about as far as it could get the very part of the week, the Omaha road decided to send about thirty empty cars which it had collected at Spooner to

Itasca, and thence to Duluth, to alleviate the car situation here, which was daily becoming worse.

As the working power of the locomotives had been seriously affected by the intense cold the officials decided that a double header, two engines on the same train, was necessary to make the trip. Accordingly, the engines were coupled onto the empty cars and a start was made with the assistance of a third engine in getting out of the yards at Spooner.

From the start, it seemed as if any amount of fire which could be produced in the fireboxes of the huge locomotives had no effect in getting up a high pressure of steam, and the train barely crept over the rails to the straining punts of the engines.

When some distance this side of Spooner, the train had been out several hours, when it became necessary to stop at a water tank to replenish the supply in the tanks of the engines. The water obtained, an effort was made to start the train. The engines, with their combined power, could not budge the cars a foot.

The cold had lowered the steam pressure, and the grease in the journal boxes of the cars proved useless, as it became frozen stiff and did not act as a lubricant. After repeated efforts of the trainmen to get under headway, the crews gave it up and telegraphed for assistance. Another engine was sent to the scene, and with its help the

Easy to Take

Easy to Operate

Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—

Hood's Pills

train was finally started. The rest of the trip to Itasca, though slow, was without incident.

Upon the arrival of the train there, the conductor in charge of the train consulted his watch and found that they had been thirteen hours making fifty-three miles, with a train of thirty empty cars and with three engines.

With this as an example, it is little wonder that there is considerable delay in moving freight in this section.

Dixon Improving.

Frank H. Beach, traveling passenger agent of the Rock Island road, arrived in Duluth this morning and left this afternoon for Ashland. He will return to Duluth tomorrow.

Since the first of the year Mr. Beach has circulated for his road some of the finest literature regarding the southwestern states that has ever been issued by a railroad company.

Mr. Beach reported that William F. Dixon of St. Paul, northwestern passenger agent of the Milwaukee road, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is recovering rapidly and will be able to resume his duties after returning from a trip through the South which he is about to take.

Hathaway in Charge.

A. E. Hathaway, whose appointment as city passenger and ticket agent of the Great Northern road was announced a few days ago, arrived in Duluth yesterday and assumed charge of the office which during the last month has been in charge of A. Brosted, northern passenger agent of the company.

Mr. Hathaway comes from the Twin cities, where for several years he has held position in passenger departments that have made him thoroughly cognizant of all of the details of the business. Mr. Hathaway is not unknown

in Duluth among the fraternity and will make his presence felt at the head of the lakes.

Home From Texas.

President William F. Fitch of the South Shore road arrived in Duluth this morning from Marquette and is a guest at the Spaulding hotel. Mr. Fitch returned two days ago from San Antonio, Texas, where he accompanied his daughter who will spend the remainder of the winter there.

Times are prosperous in the Lone Star state according to Mr. Fitch, and Northern capital is doing a great deal towards the upbuilding of Texas cities and commercial institutions.

New Wall Paper.

Now in. Beautiful in colorings, exclusive in design. Will give special prices during winter months. Engels & Co., 17 and 19 Third avenue west.

Refused to Comply.

Edward Gibbons was arraigned in municipal court this morning on the charge of non-support.

The complaint was sworn out by his wife who claimed that Gibbons had not contributed a penny toward the support of herself or their child since last April.

The court ordered Gibbons to pay the sum of \$3 a week to Humane Agent Withrow to be used in supporting the child and called for a bond of \$10 to insure the carrying out of the order.

Gibbons refused to comply with the provisions of the court, and was held to await the action of the district court.

HEAVY SNOW IN ALABAMA.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 29.—According to the weather bureau last night's snow

storm, amounting to 8 inches, was the heaviest on record.

BEDE GOES TO NEW YORK.

Will Speak There Instead of In Duluth.

Washington, Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Bede left Washington this morning to attend a banquet which will be given tonight by the West End Republican club of New York. Mr. Bede will be the guest of Representative Douglas of the Fifteenth New York City district, who heard Mr. Bede's speech in the house yesterday and immediately seized him and prevailed upon him to attend the West End Republican club and address them at their annual banquet.

ELECT CULLUM, SAYS TRUELSEN

To the Friends of Municipal Ownership.

Stirring Letter to Voters From Ex-Mayor.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In times gone by the columns of your valued paper were always open to me for the purpose of discussing public questions, and now when I am temporarily absent from the city I hope your policy has not been changed in this regard and that you will publish my communication. I feel the same interest in Duluth as I did when a resident thereof. No matter where I may dwell, and whether removed thousands of miles from the city, Duluth will always occupy first place in my love and admiration. I spent there the best years of my life. I watched her progress from the very beginning. I rejoiced with the people whenever another step was taken helping towards her future destiny. I fought and planned for her best interests and at one time lived in hopes that Duluth, in regard to modern municipal government, should occupy the first position in the land, and that I might be permitted to bring about that happy result, but the people decided differently in the campaign of 1900, and I was compelled to step down and out. I stated shortly after the election that I did not feel sorry for my defeat, but I felt sorry for the people because the advantages gained during the four years of my administration would to a great extent be lost, and to further progress would be made in municipal ownership.



HENRY TRUELSEN.

ship of public utilities. My fears in this respect were well grounded. Not a step forward has been taken by the present administration, and the prediction of what would happen in case of Mayor Hugo's election four years ago, has been amply verified. The question that presents itself to the people and friends of municipal ownership is: Will they again at this election repeat their mistakes of two and four years ago and re-elect a man who has shown by his past acts, and in difference that he is opposed to this modern idea? He believes in benefiting the individual rather than the masses of the people. You must judge a man by his acts, and not by his promises. Election promises are readily made during a campaign when a candidate is looking for support, but after the candidate assumes the duties of his office they are too often forgotten. Therefore, beware, choose carefully, because if you make a mistake you must with others stand the consequences of your acts. You have two candidates in the field for the office of mayor. Both have been in public office for years, and must stand by their record of the past. Let us first examine the record of my friend, Dr. M. B. Cullum. While I was mayor of Duluth from 1896 till 1900, Dr. Cullum was a member of the council most of the time, and since I do not know of a single instance that I did not receive the most hearty support from him. He believes as earnestly as I do in the strictest economy in municipal affairs. During my administration the expenses of the city were reduced \$200,000 per year. In all of my efforts to retrench, I had the able support of Alderman Cullum. How has it been since? Has the same economy been practiced during the present administration? You, taxpayer, can answer that question much better than I, because you pay the bills. No doubt the present administration will claim it has been economical and will present to you personal arrays of figures, as they did two years ago, and will try to deceive and mislead to bolster up their case. Two

years ago, although my taxes had been increased, the organ of the administration came out with glowing headlines announcing to the people that my taxes had been decreased, and that they were to be paid in full. The scheme was thoroughly exposed. All you have to do is to compare your tax receipts from 1900 with those from 1904. These figures do not lie, and speak more eloquently than campaign orators. If you find your taxes have been increased you have a remedy: Vote for M. B. Cullum; he is not a man of many meaningless words, but he will give you a guarantee that, if elected mayor of the city of Duluth, his affairs will be wisely and economically administered.

In closing, Mr. Editor, allow me to extend to my numerous friends in Duluth my best wishes for their success, and that at some time in the future I shall again be able to assist in the upbuilding of the Northwestern metropolis. Very truly yours, HENRY TRUELSEN. Zenith, N. D., Jan. 26.

MUNYON'S PAW PAW



CURES CATARRH

Paw-Paw Cured Hon. Kitt Gould, Chicago, of Catarrh of Stomach. Hon. Kitt Gould, Chicago, representative of the third senatorial district, and for four years the attorney for the state board of pharmacy of Illinois, says: "I have been a great sufferer from catarrh of the stomach, dyspepsia and indigestion, which completely upset my nervous system. Munyon's Paw Paw has driven out the distressing ailments and has restored all my old time energy and vim. It is a marvelous remedy."

I believe that when the public becomes thoroughly familiar with the virtues of Paw Paw it will not only be used in every home, but will be adopted into the United States Army and Navy and used in every hospital throughout the civilized world.

Sold by all druggists. Large bottle, \$1.00. Paw Paw Laxative Pill, 25c a bottle.

years sufficient to convince you of that fact? Dr. M. B. Cullum's position on all these important questions, in which the people of Duluth are so vitally interested, is well known to you all who have watched the council proceedings during the years he has been a member thereof. His record as alderman will give you a guarantee that, if elected mayor of the city of Duluth, his affairs will be wisely and economically administered.

In closing, Mr. Editor, allow me to extend to my numerous friends in Duluth my best wishes for their success, and that at some time in the future I shall again be able to assist in the upbuilding of the Northwestern metropolis. Very truly yours, HENRY TRUELSEN. Zenith, N. D., Jan. 26.

WILL SWIM THE CHANNEL

Champion of Maryland Will Attempt the Difficult Feat.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 28.—Unless something unforeseen occurs William J. Glover, Jr., the champion long distance swimmer of Maryland, will surely attempt to swim the English channel during the coming summer. For several weeks Glover has been making preparations to attempt the wonderful feat, but the necessary financial backing was lacking. "The greatest of all Glover's difficulties has been overcome."

Glover is 35 years of age and a very muscular young man. He became famous as a swimmer by swimming from Towhee Beach to Riverview Park on June 25, 1901, a distance of twenty-three miles. The first time he was compelled to abandon the trip after swimming about four miles, and on the second attempt he was forced to give up after swimming about ten miles. His second attempt would have been successful but for a heavy electrical storm. He had been in the water for ten hours and was within about two miles of finishing when his trainers compelled him to abandon the trip for fear all hands would lose their lives. Glover would not give up and had to be pulled from the water.

Speaking of his proposed attempt to swim the English channel Glover said that he had great confidence in himself, and felt sure he would be able to accomplish the wonderful feat. He will go abroad in April and soon thereafter commence practicing long swims in the English channel, endeavoring first to learn the currents before he undertakes the feat. Glover has been swimming since very young. At the age of 13 years he swam a distance of twelve miles.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Two children of John Roberts, a farmer near Miami, Mich., aged respectively 2½ years and 6 months, were burned to death. The parents were away and the children were left alone. The University of Minnesota basketball team Thursday night defeated the University of Rochester, N. Y., team by a score of 10 to 0. Charles Andette, aged 31, died last night shortly after boxing five rounds with Thomas Johnson in a saloon at Detroit. It is thought the exertion of fighting a blood vessel in his head burst. Johnson was arrested. The yacht Sylph, from Caribbean ports, bound for Key West, struck a reef ten miles from there and was wrecked. Capt. Berkeley with the party on board landed safely. Efforts are making to save the yacht. Capt. Berkeley's home is in St. Paul, Minn.

BATTERY NEW

Company A Will Put in New Pitcher and Catcher.

Hope to Head Freimuths in Their Championship Pace.

With a new pitcher and catcher in its ranks of indoor baseball players, Company A has strong hopes of being able to defeat the Freimuths in the game at the Armory tonight.

Unless the tide is turned, and turned quickly, in favor of one of the other indoor teams, the Freimuths stand an excellent chance of winning the league banner this year. So far this season they have lost only one game. The Big Duluth stands second in line, with Company A third. The Millers come next, and Company I holds its usual position at the foot.

February will see five of the fastest indoor games ever played in Duluth. Two of these will be played next Friday and Saturday evenings between the All-stars and the Amateur Athletic association team, of St. Paul. It is claimed the latter organization is the strongest team in the state. Duluth enthusiasts believe differently, however, and the coming contest will in a way decide the championship of the state, for the honor unquestionably lies between Duluth and the St. Paul aggregation.

The other three games will be with even a stronger team, the Spaulding official league team, of Chicago. These will be played at the Armory on the evenings of Feb. 18, 19 and 20. If Duluth succeeds in defeating the St. Paul players, the contests with Chicago will be all the more exciting, for the aggregation from the Windy City has a reputation to be respected.

The strong team of Chicago and St. Paul appear to be with the pitchers. It is said the Chicago pitcher has not lost a game in three months, while the St. Paul man, in Spaulding's official indoor baseball guide, is credited with being the best pitcher in the country.

The players tonight will line up as follows: Freimuths, Halbert Jones, pitcher; Halbert Jones, catcher; Wagoner, first base; Wagoner, second base; Robertson, third base; Peterson, fourth base; Peterson, fifth base; Peterson, sixth base; Peterson, seventh base; Peterson, eighth base; Peterson, ninth base; Peterson, tenth base; Peterson, eleventh base; Peterson, twelfth base; Peterson, thirteenth base; Peterson, fourteenth base; Peterson, fifteenth base; Peterson, sixteenth base; Peterson, seventeenth base; Peterson, eighteenth base; Peterson, nineteenth base; Peterson, twentieth base; Peterson, twenty-first base; Peterson, twenty-second base; Peterson, twenty-third base; Peterson, twenty-fourth base; Peterson, twenty-fifth base; Peterson, twenty-sixth base; Peterson, twenty-seventh base; Peterson, twenty-eighth base; Peterson, twenty-ninth base; Peterson, thirtieth base; Peterson, thirty-first base; Peterson, thirty-second base; Peterson, thirty-third base; Peterson, thirty-fourth base; 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And with it one of the most successful years in our business career. Making it our business to study the wants of our patrons and supplying that want at lowest living prices accounts for our marvelous success. We want to make tomorrow a banner day in bargain giving—offering among other things **5000 Yards Embroideries and Insertions at Exacly Half Price.**

IT WILL PAY YOU TO COME!

This lot consists of all odd pairs of fine Ladies' Shoes—almost all sizes—light and heavy soles—all splendid values at our regular prices from \$2.50 to \$3.50. Take your pick of the entire lot tomorrow at **\$1.95**

And there are others. You better see us—we will save you money.

On Monday Mr. Arendt left the house to cut some wood for a contractor in the neighborhood. Weakened from hunger and the cold, he fell in a faint after he had been at work but a few hours, and only succeeded in reaching home after crawling nearly half a mile on his hands and knees. The exposure brought on an attack of pneumonia, from which he died last evening.

He tried to kill Officer Lage when the latter sought to arrest him, and it is probable that when his ten-year sentence is up he will be brought back here.

1985

murder.

PANEL FOUND.

Famous One Stolen From

**Jury Holds That Modern
Woodmen Must Pay.**

After deliberating a few minutes, the

consumption. We have been saying this for 60 years. And so have the doctors.

old by an accident.

... ..

1990

1940-1941

5000 Yards
Embroideries
and Insertions
at Exactly
Half Price.

Johnson & McE
The West End Big Department Store

5000 Yards
Embroideries
and Insertions
at Exactly
Half Price.

Tomorrow We Close Our Inventory

And with it one of the most successful years in our business career. Making it our business to study the wants of our patrons and supplying that want at lowest living prices accounts for our marvelous success. We want to make tomorrow a banner day in bargain giving—offering among other things 5000 Yards Embroideries and Insertions at Exactly Half Price. IT WILL PAY YOU TO COME!

1/2 Price Embroidery Sale

In order to close out all short lengths of Embroidery, we offer—

5000 Yards Embroideries

Consisting of Cambric and Swiss Edgings and Insertions—all marked in plain figures from 3c to 25c. Take your pick tomorrow

At Exactly Half Price!

Lengths from 2 to 10 yards.

Outing and Colored Shaker

Flannels at 5 1/2c.

1000 yards Outing and Colored Shaker Flannels—5 to 10-yard lengths—regular 10c and 12 1/2c kind. Tomorrow it is yours 5 1/2c at

1000 yards Cream Shaker Flannel—regular 8c kind. Tomorrow the closing price will be 5c

Limit, 10 yards of each.

Our entire line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Winter Cloaks still selling

At Exactly Half Price

A fair assortment of styles and sizes on hand.

A Great Clean-Up Sale of Boys' Suits.

Boys' Two-piece Suits, from 4 to 15 years, and Children's Vestee Suits from 3 to 7 years—only a few of a kind—regular price up to \$2.50. Take your pick tomorrow at 98c. A special lot of Boys' two and three-piece Suits—were up to \$5.00. Take your choice tomorrow at \$1.98

In the Shoe Department

\$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 Women's Shoes to Close at \$1.95.

This lot consists of all odd pairs of fine Ladies' Shoes—almost all sizes—light and heavy soles—all splendid values at our regular prices from \$2.50 to \$3.50. Take your pick of the entire lot tomorrow at \$1.95

A Great Clean-up Sale of Fine Flannelettes.

1000 yards fine fleeced Flannelettes in beautiful Persian and floral patterns for Dressing Sacques, regular price 18c, tomorrow closing price—yard—12 1/2c

12 1/2c Fine Zephyr Gingham at 8 1/2c.

1000 yards fine Zephyr Gingham, in three to ten-yard Remnants, choice styles for Waists, 12 1/2c kind—tomorrow, 8 1/2c per yard

25c Dress Trimmings 3c.

500 Silk Gimps and Dress Trimmings, odds and ends, black and colors, that were up to 25c—tomorrow, to close—3c

500 BLACK SILK DRESS ORNAMENTS

In beautiful assortment of styles—regular prices from 12 1/2c to 38c—tomorrow they're yours at—

EXACTLY HALF.

A SPECIAL LOT OF

Ladies' and Misses' Short Cloth Jackets!

Well made, mostly silk and satin lined—sold last year at \$7.50 to \$10.00. Take your pick tomorrow at \$1.98

A Few Money-saving Leaders from our Cash Grocery Dept.

Strictly Fresh Eggs—direct from the farm, worth 35c—tomorrow, a dozen—30c

Choice Creamery Butter—tomorrow—per pound—24c

Choice Fresh Dairy Butter—in rolls—per pound—20c

Choice Picnic Hams—tomorrow—per pound—8c

Silver Leaf Lard—tomorrow—per pound—9c

And there are others. You better see us—we will save you money.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

Lyceum—"Sag Harbor."
Metropolitan—"Perris" company in "The Plunger."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

Lyceum—Saturday afternoon and evening, Daniel Sully in "The Chief Justice."
Metropolitan—"Perris" company in "The Plunger."

"SAG HARBOR."

Very Small Audience Sees a Fine Production.

CAST.

William Turner of Islin, L. L., now of Sag Harbor, agent for steamers, Antelope, Fred G. Herne Ben Turner, his son, boat builder, Robert Kelly, Ben's youngest brother, seaman in U. S. navy, J. C. King Capt. Dan Marlow, owns the sloop Naucy, sculler in her winters, sails company in her summers, Charles C. Brandt Freeman, Whitmarsh, house, sign and boat painter and glazier, leads the choir, Samuel Colt Mrs. John Russell, a widow, Leah Simms Elizabeth Ann Turner, William's maiden sister, Jane Butt Martha Reese, an orphan, Adeline Mann Walter Diglet, the plunger, Dick Ferris Walter Glyndon, a clerk, Joseph O'Meara a music teacher, Amy Hunter Evans

Frances Town, of Water Mill.

A very small audience witnessed James A. Herne's comedy-drama, "Sag Harbor," at the Lyceum.

The production is one of the prettiest of old New England stories, and it was staged last evening for the first time.

Dealing with the simple, honest, sea-faring people of an Atlantic port, the play is a study in the whaling industry, there is interestingly interwoven a strong love story, with none the less a delightful dash of comedy.

Adeline Mann was an admirable Martha Reese, the girl whom Ben Turner rescued as a child from the poor house and learned to love as she grew to womanhood. Robert Kelly was a strong, splendid character as Ben Turner, while J. C. King did credit to the difficult part of Frank Turner, the younger brother, who disappointed in his love for Martha, finally turns for solace to Jane Caldwell, a lively and interesting character in which Mrs. Amy Hunter Evans, of this city, made her debut last evening.

Charles C. Brandt played the part splendidly. Charles C. Brandt was a typical Yankee master in his character of Capt. Dan Marlow, who loves and marries Elizabeth Ann Turner, a part ably handled by Jane Butt. Samuel Colt was certainly a bit in his amusing role of Freeman Marsh, the village painter, who leads the village choir and is on the lookout for a new girl every few days.

The scenery was excellent throughout, and in entire keeping with the character of the play.

The play will be repeated this evening.

"THE PLUNGER."

CAST.

Dexter Diglet, the plunger, Dick Ferris Walter Glyndon, a clerk, Joseph O'Meara a music teacher, Amy Hunter Evans

Risque Lincoln, confidential secretary.

Josephine Herne, Owen Lionel Rexford, banker, Sam C. Miller Gentieman Jim, a gambler, Ted Bruckett Bill Spike, Appy Days.

James Newton Drew Simon, a seaman, Ed Gibson, Officer Maguire, Tom Gibbons, Engineer, Will Harcourt, a seaman, Warren Crossman, a waiter, Otis Dobson, Ethel Rexford, Walter's sweetheart, Nora Glover, a widow, Maude Gilbert, a seaman, Emily Bado, a seaman, Dick Ferris, the magnet that drew a large house to the Metropolitan.

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The scenery was excellent throughout, and in entire keeping with the character of the play.

The play will be repeated this evening.

"THE CHIEF JUSTICE."

A welcome attraction at the Lyceum

Saturday afternoon and evening will be that footlight favorite, Daniel Sully, in an entirely new play with the excellent title, "The Chief Justice," from the pen of that brilliant dramatist, Fitzgerald Murphy. The play is a modern one and deals with certain phases of society, law and finance that are familiar to everybody. Mr. Sully has made a change in his business policy, and from now on he will produce a new play every year.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

Paris, Jan. 29.—The engagement is announced here of Charles Voigt, a well known American sportsman and Marguerite, daughter of Baron Bauwens-Deverstein.

A SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure supplies the natural juices of digestion and does the work of the stomach, relaxing the nervous tension, while the inflamed muscles of that organ are allowed to rest and heal. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures what you eat and enables the stomach and digestive organs to transform all food into rich, red blood. Sold by all druggists.

DIE FROM WOUNDS

Mrs. Chunard, Who Was Shot By Husband, Is Dead.

Jealousy Was Cause of the Tragedy at Cass Lake.

Shortly after 10 o'clock last evening, Mrs. William Chunard, who was brought to Duluth from Cass Lake, with three bullet wounds in her body, died from the effects of her wounds at St. Luke's hospital. Mrs. Chunard was shot by her husband in Cass Lake. One bullet entered the abdomen and the other two lodged in the chest. An operation was performed yesterday morning, but there was little prospect that the woman would live. Any one of the three wounds might have proved fatal, and the long ride on the train in the bitter cold weather left her in a completely exhausted condition.

The Cass Lake correspondent of the Herald sent the following account of the tragedy: While under the influence of liquor, late Tuesday night, William Chunard fired three shots from a revolver at his wife. The woman was standing but a few feet from the gun at the time it was discharged, and all three of the shots from the weapon took effect in her body. Chunard and his wife had changed the house of ill repute on the south side of the track, and Mrs. Chunard was the landlady. It is said that of late, Chunard had become violently jealous of his better half, and that he had taken to drinking heavily.

On Tuesday afternoon, when the shooting occurred, Chunard was visiting several saloons in the village, and drank freely of whiskey. In the early part of the evening he was over town with his wife, and they left for the house at about 11 o'clock. It was near the hour of midnight when the shooting occurred. Chunard and his wife were standing in the dance hall of the house, the former being exceedingly intoxicated. They had a few words, when Chunard pulled a gun from his coat pocket and fired it at his wife. She pulled the trigger. She was facing him, and the bullet struck her in the left side of the stomach. She gave a loud scream and started for the door.

Chunard fired twice more before the door had been shut, the second shot hitting her in the lower part of the back. Mrs. Chunard, in spite of the fact that she was seriously wounded, ran into another house close by and fell to the floor. Drs. Simile and Galloway, physicians, were attending a sick woman in the house at the time and they dressed Mrs. Chunard's wounds. The police were called by telephone, and Chunard, who made no attempt to escape, was arrested and taken to the village jail.

When seen in the jail the next forenoon, he was still confused, and the doctor had stated that he did not know how to hurt anyone, and that he was just shooting for fun, in order to get his wife. When he had regained his sober senses he began to understand what he had done and cried like a child.

Minnesota's Most Prominent Specialist.

DR. REA

Visiting professionally Duluth many years.

Next visit at Spaulding Hotel Saturday, Jan. 30, from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

One day only—returning every four weeks.

PARALYZES TRADE

Cold Weather Causes Practical Standstill on Michigan Street.

Nothing Perishable Could Be Shipped—Butter Drops Lower.

Business among the Michigan street wholesale commission men has been at a standstill throughout the present week. The cold weather has prevented the transportation of any freight that would freeze in transit, and the dealers have had practically no trade outside the city business, which has also been very light.

"We have not sent out a shipment of goods this week," said one of the dealers last evening. "The weather has been so cold that we dare not send out anything. Fruit or vegetables of any kind would freeze in transit and we would have to stand for the loss."

"It has been the same way with our receipts. No goods have been sent out of Chicago this week by the commission men, and all the distributing points throughout the country are holding back their shipments."

"All goods that we had in transit on the way to Duluth have been held up in freight sheds to be kept from freezing."

"We have had nothing but the city trade to count on during the week, and this has been very light. It seems to be too cold for the people to get out and buy anything, and the local grocers have been practically running during the week on what stocks they had before the cold weather set in."

Cold storage eggs are out of the market this week, and there are practically none to be had. The fresh eggs have been taken yet another jump, and the wholesale price is 32 cents per dozen.

Potatoes are also higher, and the price of \$1 per bushel, which was predicted by one of the local dealers early in the fall, does not appear to be very far off. They are now selling at from 50 to 30 cents per bushel, according to the grade. Great difficulty is being experienced in keeping them from rotting.

Butter is slightly lower this week. The creamery prints are now selling at 22 cents per pound and the fancy dairies at 17 and 18 cents.

Trade in meats has been brisk during the week. Cold weather always has a good effect on the meat business, and the different leading camps have been buying freely during the week.

PNEUMONIA AND DEATH

Result of Destitution and Exposure of John Arendt.

John Arendt, an aged woodsman, living at Riverside Park, died yesterday as the result of a severe attack of pneumonia brought on by exposure.

Arendt, who is 63 years of age, has a family of eight children, the youngest of whom is only 3 years of age. The eldest boy, who was the main support of the family left several weeks ago for Michigan to do work, and as he has not been heard of since that time the family was left in destitute circumstances.

On Monday Mr. Arendt left the house to cut some wood for a contractor in the neighborhood. Weakened by hunger and the cold, he fell in a faint after he had been at work but a few hours, and only succeeded in reaching home after crawling nearly half a mile on his hands and knees. The exposure brought on an attack of pneumonia, from which he died last evening.

"UNCLE JOE" SMOKED

Despite the Rules That He Established.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Speaker Cannon the other day disregarded the rule of the house which gives him the most trouble to enforce, the rule which prohibits smoking upon the floor of the house.

He was interested in a political speech made by a member of the house, and he went down on the floor and occupied a chair at the rear of the chamber. Young Mr. Cannon, who was smoking is permitted. Every once in a while the speaker would leave his place, go into the cloakroom for a moment or two, and then reappear upon the floor. He did this several times, but finally concluded he was being put to too much trouble in order to finish his cigar. He then came out upon the floor, and he was smoking when he was called to the floor.

It is the duty of the presiding officer to remind a member of the house when the rule against smoking is being violated, but the chairman of the committee of the whole did not consider it his duty to call down the speaker.

WHEN HIS TERM IS UP

Negro Says He Will Murder the Judge.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Jan. 29.—That Judge Casswell estimate of Austin, the colored man, who made such a scene in court when he was sentenced, and who cursed the judge so bitterly, was correct, is confirmed by developments. Before being taken to the penitentiary, Austin threw all discretion to the winds and openly declared that he would "fix" the judge if he ever got out of the pen long enough to do so.

Austin is known to be one of the worst criminals that ever infested this part of the state, and it is believed he would carry out his threat to murder Judge Casswell if he ever got a chance. He tried to kill Officer Lane when the latter sought to arrest him, and it is probable that when his ten-year sentence is up he will be brought back here.

Cancers, Tumors, Gout, Fistula, Piles.

Varicose and enlarged glands with the worst criminals that ever infested this part of the state, and it is believed he would carry out his threat to murder Judge Casswell if he ever got a chance. He tried to kill Officer Lane when the latter sought to arrest him, and it is probable that when his ten-year sentence is up he will be brought back here.

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 29.—

OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT.

You Can Make Money Go a Long Way at **BIG DULUTH**

The values offered are without equal

\$985
For Overcoats and Suits worth \$15 and \$16.

\$1485
For Overcoats and Suits worth \$20.00 and \$22.50.

\$985
For Overcoats and Suits worth \$25 and \$30.

Boys' and Children's Clothing Reduced

A GREAT EVENT FOR THE MOTHERS!

Boys' Odd Suits at Exactly Half Price!
Boys' Odd Overcoats at Exactly Half Price!
Boys' Odd Reefers at Exactly Half Price!
Regular Lines of Boys' and Children's Clothing selling at 25% to 40% Less Than Regular Prices.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. **BIG DULUTH** WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL. 125-127 West Superior St.

AGAINST THE SOCIETY

Jury Holds That Modern Woodmen Must Pay.

After deliberating a few minutes, the jury in the case of Mrs. Mary Cook against the Modern Woodmen of America returned a verdict in her favor of \$2045.61.

The case is one of considerable interest in view of the point raised by the defendant fraternal organization why it should not pay the policy issued to Allan J. Cook, husband of the plaintiff, who was drowned in one of the slips in the local harbor over a year ago.

Mrs. Cook brought the action to recover the face of the policy with interest, the organization refusing to pay the same on the ground that Cook had not told the literal truth in answering questions when he made his application for a policy. The defense claimed that Cook made the statement that he was an abstainer from intoxicating drinks, and an effort was made to prove otherwise. John J. Jensen represented the beneficiary.

MANILA RAILROAD.

American Company Will Build Modern Line.

San Francisco, Jan. 29.—Richard T. Laffin, who will be general manager of the American street railroad system about here to be inaugurated in Manila, has arrived here on his way to the Orient.

The company, he says, will invest some \$100,000 in organizing a street car service, which will eventually be extended to the suburban districts. One hundred trolley cars will be sent over as a starter and California will benefit by the shipment of 2000 redwood ties. The other material will come from Pittsburgh. Coal from Japan or Australia will be the fuel used. In all some 40 miles of road will be placed in operation. The company, which has a 20-year franchise, is backed entirely by American capital. The principal owners are the J. G. White company, of New York, the Pittsburgh Security and Investment company, Frank Bull and Peter L. Kimberly, of Sharon, Pa., and some large Detroit interests represented by Charles M. Swift, of that city, who is president of the new concern.

TO DISINFECT BOOKS

German Authorities to Kill Microbes in Library.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—The Berlin municipal authorities have decided to make an attempt to exterminate the microbes in the public libraries, Professor Koch having called attention to the danger of spreading infectious diseases through books loaned indiscriminately from libraries. The professor's representative, during the former's absence in Africa, where he is studying the rinderpest for the British government, has drawn up a plan for attacking the microbes, which will be submitted to the library committee of the municipal council next Tuesday. It is intended to adopt some method of disinfecting books after their use. The municipal disinfection station will take charge of the matter.

GRADY OUT OF DANGER.

Detroit, Jan. 29.—Ben O'Grady, the Buffalo pugilist who was knocked out at the Detroit Athletic club last night by Nook Brusso, of this city, and then removed for treatment to Harper hospital, was reported out of danger today. Brusso will no longer be detained by the police.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
for colds, coughs, bronchitis, consumption. We have been saying this for 60 years. And so, have the doctors.

Gran-Tallant Co

Saturday the Best Day of the Pre-inventory Clearance Sale

THE Pre-inventory Sale tomorrow brings you new bargains from all parts of the store. Winter goods, that have four months of usefulness for you yet and odds and ends, that must be cleared up speedily. There are invincible values at this Clearance Sale, that do not come often.

Walking Skirts at About Half.

DARK GREY WALKING SKIRTS—Trimmed with a band of the same material as the skirt. They have sold up to this time at \$1.08. Saturday we make a special price of only **98c**

WALKING SKIRTS IN MIXTURES—Trimmed with neatly stitched bands of self material. They are Skirts that you have always paid \$5.98 for—Saturday specially priced at **\$2.98**

FURS We have received another consignment of furs that are marked for special selling at far below the price you would pay for them, were they not had by us under such an advantageous arrangement. Every fur is guaranteed by us to be equal to our own reliable stock—the strongest guarantee possible.

COATS We have many odd sizes in Women's and Children's Coats, made of the finest materials and in the handsomest styles of the season. They are tastefully trimmed and well lined. At the former price they were pronounced the best values in the city. Any coat **Half Price** in our stock now is yours at less than cost—pick tomorrow

Underwear—Hosiery.

WOMEN'S UNION SUITS—Swiss ribbed, natural wool with open front—sold by us regularly at \$2.50 and \$2.75—Saturday **\$1.89**

CHILDREN'S UNION SUITS of fine merino—drop seat—half open front—natural color—the celebrated Forest Mills make—regular \$1.00 values—Saturday **69c**

MISSISSIPPI WOOL HOSE—fine ribbed—an excellent value at 15c—cannot be equalled at that price—Saturday **10c**

SILK HOSE—our entire stock in black or colored silk hose reduced for the clearance sale just **One Quarter**

Gloves and Mittens.

HEAVY STREET AND DRIVING GLOVES in red, tan and slate—selling always at \$1.50—specially priced at **\$1.39**

WOMEN'S GOLF CLOVES—plain colored mercerized gold gloves—made, white, black, slate and red—50c values—Saturday **39c**

INFANTS' MITTENS—white, red, blue and pink—regular 15c, 10c and 25c qualities at **10c**

Bargains for Men.

MEN'S HOSE—Men's fancy cotton and lisle hose worth 25c, 30c, 50c and 75c—on sale Saturday at **19c**

MEN'S UNDERWEAR—Men's camels' hair wool underwear—"Tivoli" brand—regularly sold at \$1.00—sale price **79c**

Pre-inventory Bargains in Shoes.

COMFORTABLE HOUSE SLIPPERS—For women—common sense and opera toes and heels—patent leather and vic kid tops and turned soles—a large assortment at **98c**

WOMEN'S FELT SHOES—Kid foxed with high tops and felt leather soles. The regular prices were \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50—sale price **75c**

MISSISSIPPI CHILDREN'S LEGGINGS—Wool fleece lined jersey leggings—the 65c and 75c qualities. Saturday on sale at **45c**

Remnants 1/4, 1/3, 1/2 Off.

A new lot of winter wash fabrics have been placed on the clearance tables for Saturday at **one-quarter, one-third and one-half off** from the regular prices—choice pickings of percales, outtings, ginghams, lawns, flannelettes, etc.

Here and There.

FUR TRIMMING—Our entire stock of all kinds of fur trimming for children's coats, etc., in different widths—Saturday at **1/2 Price**

CHAMOIS VESTS—Cold weather barricades—ought to be worn by every one—The standard Bauer & Black makes—Saturday **50c**

50c Quality Chamois Vests **39c**
75c Quality Chamois Vests **59c**
1.00 Quality Chamois Vests **89c**
1.50 Quality Chamois Vests **1.25**

CHILDREN'S WRIST BAGS—imitation of black walrus skin with gold plated frame—regular price 35c—Saturday **25c**

FANCY VASELINE HOLDERS in ebony and rosewood trimmed with sterling silver—sold at 50c—close out, Saturday at **1/2 Price**

FANCY RIBBONS for neckwear—25c, 35c, 50c and 40c values specially priced at **19c**

SILK BUREAU SCARVES and picture throws—a very pretty assortment selling regularly at 95c—your choice **59c**

NOVELTY BRAID—24 yard pieces of feather edge and novelty braid for lace work in white and red—10c and 15c kinds at **3c**

FASCINATORS—Crocheted of black, white and colored yarns. In fancy stitches—29c values at 19c. 65c and 50c Fascinators at **39c**

See the display in the side window.

TO REMAIN HERE

L. W. Powell Is Vice President of Pittsburg Steamship Company.

Makes It Certain That Headquarters Will Be Retained Here.

As a result of the decision of the Pittsburg Steamship company to maintain its general offices in Duluth, notwithstanding the fact that Howard Coulby, the new president and general manager, has his headquarters in Cleveland, and the consequent need of a high official at this point, L. W. Powell, assistant to the president of the Oliver Mining company, was yesterday appointed vice-president of the company. The election of Mr. Powell will at once dispel all doubts as to the intentions of the Steel corporation regarding the location of the Pittsburg company's offices, rumors of the removal of which have been more or less current since Mr. Wolvin resigned as general manager.

In the selection of Mr. Powell as the representative of the Pittsburg company at the head of the lakes Mr. Coulby has secured the services of one

OUTLINES DEFENSE

Statement of Case to Be Made By Miss Cantrell.

Asserted That She Was Ignorant of Starting of Fire.

District court room No. 1, had all the appearance of a millinery establishment, this morning, with the hats, silks, fancy work, etc., such as are usually found in an establishment of that nature, scattered over the stenographer's table, the counsel's desk and filling a large grip and some boxes on the floor.

The fiery, some of which was slightly scorched by fire, was the exhibit in the case of the state against Miss Margaret Cantrell, who is now on trial, charged with arson.

Besides the millinery fiery exposed to the gaze of men, and not women, who are usually expected to be interested in such commodities, there stood near the table a tin, an oil can and a badly scorched wood box, all of which were incriminating witnesses in the case.



L. W. POWELL,
The New Vice-President of the Pittsburg Steamship Company.

who is thoroughly acquainted with the details of the steamship business, especially as it pertains to the ore carrying trade, and one whose connection with the company has been for many years.

The selection of a successor to Mr. Powell as assistant to President Thos. F. Cole, of the Oliver Mining company, was made by the board of directors of the Pittsburg Steamship company at its meeting at the offices of the company last night.

In his position Mr. Powell will have the assistance, when he needs it, of the advice of Mr. Wolvin, who at the time of his resignation, was retained by the Pittsburg company to act in an advisory capacity. Mr. and Mrs. Powell went to Ironwood, Mich., last night over the South Shore road and will return to Duluth in a few days when Mr. Powell will assume the duties of his new position.

state's behalf.

Miss Cantrell's defense is in the hands of George C. Cooper, the "Tail Pine," from across the bay, and the case is now in the hands of the jury.

In outlining the defense, this morning, Mr. Cooper said no question would be raised as to the insurance matters, and while admitting that there was every indication that the millinery establishment at 404 East Superior street was purposely fired, he denied emphatically that his client had any hand in it or even had any knowledge that the place was to be fired.

Mr. Cooper, in opening, claimed that his interest in the case was brought about through personal friendship for a relative of Miss Cantrell.

Counsel in narrative form told of Miss Cantrell's former residence at Stevens' Point, Wis., previous to coming to the Duluth, which was a short time ago. He said she first intended starting an art store in Superior, but failing to find a location, finally opened a millinery and art establishment on East Superior street in this city.

With Miss Tucker, whom Miss Cantrell knew in Wisconsin many years ago, though an intimate acquaintance was not had until recent years.

"Miss Cantrell," said her counsel, did not have a large stock of art goods, but she had a stock that would run into money fast and was expecting more.

"They came to Duluth about the middle of November, although it was not Miss Cantrell's intention at first to start a store until after Christmas, as she had charge of the art department in the Spicer-Panning department store in Superior and had been in Duluth only a few times prior to the fire, probably not more than once or twice."

Mr. Cooper claimed the evidence would show that a report reached Miss Cantrell that Miss Tucker was sick in Duluth and that the landlady finally telephoned her in Superior to come over and see Miss Tucker. Miss Cantrell, her attorney said, was not able to come over at that time nor on the following Saturday evening, but she did come over the Sunday the fire occurred.

Sunday afternoon Miss Cantrell and Miss Tucker are said to have gone to the store, where they met a traveling agent Miss Tucker knew, who invited them to stop for a night at the hotel.

Mr. Cooper said Miss Tucker did not want her landlady to know anything about the ride, so the two young women engaged a room at the Colson house, where they were to stay for the night after the ride.

The ride is claimed to have taken place in a sleigh, but Miss Cantrell alleges that she did not remain out late. When they drove past the Colson house, she got out and went to bed, Miss Tucker coming in later.

Mr. Cooper said it would be shown

Bright's Disease Cured By Warner's Safe Cure.

Joseph Sherburne Murray, the Noted American Artist and Athlete, in Last Stages of Bright's Disease, with Bloating and Heart Failure, Says He Was Permanently Cured by Safe Cure.



"I Grew Rapidly Worse; Could Keep Nothing On My Stomach; Lost Weight, and for Days Could Not Leave My Bed."

"I was taken seriously ill in New York two years ago; grew worse; had the best doctors. They said I had Bright's disease and could do nothing for me. I commenced to bloat, had heart failure, could keep nothing on my stomach, and lost flesh rapidly. I could not work and for days was unable to leave my bed. I was in the last stages of this awful disease, with death staring me in the face. 'Happily for me, Safe Cure' was suggested and I took it as a last resort."

"I began to get better with the first bottle, improved steadily, and in four months every trace of kidney disease had disappeared, my appetite was good and I got back my health and strength, and never felt better in my life."

Backache, headache, stomach trouble, nervousness, bad complexion, skin itching, and all the signs that your kidneys have been diseased for months, and if allowed to develop, will develop, and death quickly follow.

Thousands of Men and Women Have Kidney Disease and Don't Know It

until the final stages have been reached. Get a bottle of Warner's Safe Cure, that has been prescribed by doctors and used in hospitals for 50 years as the only remedy that cures and leaves no bad after effects. It has cured thousands of cases after all other medicines failed. If you have kidney trouble, Safe Cure is your only salvation. Read what Mr. Murray says. We have thousands of such letters.

Safe Cure checks the inflammation, drives out the disease, and quickly puts the organs into perfect condition, so that they can do their work properly and makes and keeps you strong and well.

Safe Cure is made of pure herbs and roots, and is guaranteed free from all dangerous drugs so often found in so-called kidney cures. All drug stores or direct, 50c and \$1 a bottle.

Refuse Substitutes and Imitations. They are dangerous. There is only one Kidney Cure, It's Warner's Safe Cure. It will cure you, and leave no bad after effects. If there is anything about your health or the health of your family that you do not understand, or that causes you worry, write fully and in confidence to our doctors for free advice and counsel. Medical book free. Address Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y.

SAFE PILLS move the bowels gently and add a speedy cure.

that Miss Cantrell was up Monday morning and over to the Spicer-Panning store to work before 8 o'clock.

"I propose to show you," said Mr. Cooper, "that Miss Cantrell had quite a stock of goods, also that no word or breath of suspicion was ever before passed against this young woman. We will produce the minister of the church that she belonged to in Stevens Point, who will testify as to her good character and reputation before coming to the head of the lakes a few months ago. We could produce many other witnesses to testify to the same thing, but the distance is great and the expense would be too heavy."

The witnesses for the state this morning were Capt. Martin Johnson of the salvage corps and Detective Donald Irvine of the police. Capt. Johnson testified to finding two hats and a lot of old cloth on the floor of the burning millinery store, while there were evidences of kerosene oil on the floor and wall. He claimed that he did not see much of a millinery stock in the place when the salvage corps arrived, and tarpaulin was spread over the furniture, a table and a few chairs.

Detective Irvine testified to finding every indication of kerosene being used to start the fire, on the wood and on paper about the room.

C. A. Stark, who is in the insurance business, stated that he had called at the millinery store at the request of the women, with a view of placing some insurance on the stock. Miss Tucker, he said, wanted to get \$750 placed on her millinery stock and Miss Cantrell wanted \$250 on her stock of art goods. Mr. Stark said he told the women that they had their valuations placed too high, but Miss Tucker said they had other goods coming. Witness said that Miss Tucker finally refused to place any insurance on the ground that the rate was too high.

The first witness for the defense was Miss Agnes Skarin, a young woman with black eyes and a big black hat as distinctive features in her appearance. Miss Skarin is a waitress in Holl's place in Superior, and she testified that Miss Cantrell came there for breakfast very early one Monday morning in December, prior to Christmas, and that was the only time she remembers that the defendant ever came there for breakfast. This testimony was offered in support of her counsel's statement that Miss Cantrell went over to Superior to work early the morning following the fire.

The last witness this forenoon was Byron Farrell, the mail messenger at South Superior.

Mr. Farrell is a distant relative by marriage to Miss Cantrell. He testified as to his knowledge of her intention to start a store in Duluth, and after the fire went to the store with her to get some of her property. He said it was at Miss Cantrell's request he called Officer Dill of the Superior police department, so that she could correct to him a statement that she had previously made to the effect she spent Sunday night in Superior, instead of the Colson house.

Mr. Farrell said that there was a conversation between Miss Cantrell and Miss Tucker at the place having an important and direct bearing on the fire, but on objection of the county attorney, the court would not allow hearsay evidence to be introduced, for the reason that Miss Tucker is not at the present time available as a witness.

It was expected that Miss Cantrell

FINE RACE ARRANGED

Two Crack Local Horses to Contest on Lake Saturday.

"Honest Abe" and "Captain S." two well known local race horses will be pitted against each other tomorrow afternoon on the ice for a purse of \$1000.

A straight half-mile track has been cleared on the lake just opposite the mouth of the canal, and the horses will be raced three heats out of five. The first heat will be started at 2 p. m. The purse is put up by the owners of the horses, Harry Amis and James Sullivan, who have a side bet of \$500 on their respective animals.

There is a great deal of excitement among local sportsmen over the race, and a number of bets have been made by outsiders.

WERE FATALLY SCALDED

Three Men Lose Lives In Detroit Hotel Boiler Room.

Detroit, Jan. 29.—Three men were so badly scalded today by the breaking of an iron elbow connecting the boiler and engine in the basement of the hotel Metropole, that they died in a short time at the hospitals to which they were removed.

The dead: WILLIAM CUPP, fireman. GEORGE VINCENT, engineer. FRANK CASPER, fireman at hotel Metropole.

Casper had gone to the Metropole engine room to see one of the victims. The three were deluged with hot water and steam.

Florida and California. Offer the most varied and best attractions for the winter tourist. Thousands of people go every year from the Northwest. Many use the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, because of its excellent service. The Pioneer Limited, famous train of the world to Chicago, makes through connections for the South—New Orleans and Florida points. Through tourist sleeper every Tuesday morning via "The Sunshine Route" to California. Full particulars on application to W. E. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul.

ATTORNEY WAS INTOXICATED

Serious Charges Made Against Prosecutor In Bechtel Case.

Allentown, Pa., Jan. 29.—Counsel on behalf of the members of the Bechtel family made formal complaint before Judge Trevor against District Attorney Lychtenwalner, charging gross and wilful negligence in his conduct of the prosecution of the cases growing out of the murder of Mabel Bechtel and the suicide of Thomas Bechtel.

Mrs. Catherine Bechtel, her daughters and Mrs. Henry Newhard, a neighbor of the Bechtels, made affidavits alleg-

ing that the district attorney was in state of "heavily intoxicated" during two days of the trial, making a postponement of the case by the court necessary.

It is alleged that he repeatedly kissed Mrs. Bechtel during a visit to the Bechtel home on Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 27, the date of the finding of Mabel Bechtel's body.

Mrs. Brobst, alleged that the attorney made improper proposals to her and Martha Bechtel and that he tried to make an appointment with her.

They also allege that the district attorney was intoxicated when he visited the house and that his conduct was highly improper. The papers were filed and the case will come up for a hearing on Monday.

STREET CAR CONDUCTOR HELD FOR MANSLAUGHTER.

Detroit, Jan. 29.—Wallace J. Cowan, conductor of the Detroit United Railway street car that was run down by a Grand Trunk passenger train at a street crossing, Jan. 15, must stand trial for manslaughter. Warrant was is-

sued today charging him with criminal negligence in not discovering the approaching train.

CABINET BIDS FAREWELL TO ROOT; WELCOMES TAFT.

Washington, Jan. 29.—President Roosevelt, Secretary Root and Governor Taft were the principal figures at today's meeting of the cabinet. All the members except Secretary Hay were present.

The meeting, after the transaction of the usual departmental business, developed into a farewell for Secretary Root and a reception for Mr. Taft.

HULL SUIT DROPPED. Chicago, Jan. 29.—Satisfied with the findings of the coroner's jury that investigated the Iroquois theater fire, the independent prosecution started by Arthur E. Hull, whose family perished in the disaster, was today formally abandoned in court.

When it rains use an umbrella. For wants, use Herald want ads.

SHEVLIN SUED BY BROTHER

National Committeeman Charged With Fraud and Deceit.

Minneapolis, Jan. 29.—(Special to The Herald).—Thomas H. Shevlin, Republican national committeeman for Minnesota, and a prominent businessman, has been sued in the district court by his brother, Edward C. Shevlin, who charges him with fraud and deceit, and seeks to have transfer of 300 shares of lumber stock set aside. Plaintiff charges that defendant prevailed on him, when in a weak physical and mental condition, to transfer the shares to him for \$100,000, which he did not receive, and that the defendant deceived him as to the quality and value of the timber he got out and sent to Crookston Lumber company and the St. Illaire Lumber company.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE EVENING HERALD

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Single copy, daily \$.02
One month (in advance) 45
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One year (in advance) 5.00
Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

DULUTH WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year \$1.00
Six months50
Three months25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

EX-MAYOR TRULSEN'S LETTER.

A letter from ex-Mayor Henry Truelsen on the mayoralty campaign is published in another column. Mr. Truelsen is now residing at Zenith, N. D., where he is manager of a prosperous coal mining company, but he retains his deep interest in the welfare of Duluth, and is watching the present municipal campaign with much interest. As a believer in municipal ownership of public utilities, Mr. Truelsen has hoped to see Duluth take a place in the front rank of municipalities that control and operate all their public utilities, and for that reason he looks upon the election of Dr. Cullum as highly important, in order that no backward step may be taken.

Mr. Truelsen wields a trenchant pen and he scores the Hugo administration for its indifference to the cause of municipal ownership and its extravagance in the conduct of the city's business. He points to the splendid record made by Dr. Cullum in the council as a guarantee that the mayoralty would be in safe hands if entrusted to him. Mr. Truelsen's many friends and admirers know how ardently he labored in the cause of municipal ownership and how strongly he feels on the subject, and they will be inclined to follow his advice, and vote for Dr. Cullum for mayor.

THE DEBTS OF THE NATIONS.

In a recently issued bulletin by the government on the debts of foreign countries, it would easily seem that France was far in the lead. This is somewhat misleading for no account is taken of the assets of the nation which pay back a large proportion of the amount of interest involved. Of the nearly \$600,000,000 which France owes, practically all of it is held by the French people, so that there is no actual drain on the nation that does not return into the pockets of the people. There are more individuals in France with money invested and money ready to invest than in any other nation in the world, and this must ever be kept in view when considering the national indebtedness.

Germany as a nation has a small debt, but the various states have obligations which are large, but are almost entirely covered by the cost of the state railways, so that the country as a whole is in good financial condition. Great Britain has a debt approaching \$4,000,000,000 and little of it productive, but it also is held closely in the United Kingdom. Unfortunately, this debt is considerably below par, the lowest of any of the great nations, and this must be considered in the light of the very low interest that is paid on which there is a deduction for income tax. Italy has a debt of over \$2,500,000,000, but much of this is covered by railways, and the total is decreasing. Spain's debt of over \$2,000,000,000 is one of the most hopeless in the list. She has few assets and the interest is paid with great difficulty.

Russia has a debt of over \$3,333,000,000, but it is covered by productive investments, but it is so large, in view of the revenue of the empire, that she has difficulty in borrowing abroad, especially in France, where much of her debt is held. This is interesting in view of the war clouds which are hovering over her.

The United States shows best on the list. There is a funded debt of less than \$1,000,000,000, and, eliminating the cash in the treasury, there is not much over \$700,000,000 of which more than two-thirds draw only 2 per cent interest. The average cost to the head of each family in the country is less than \$2 a year, which is almost infinitesimal, compared with that of other nations, the total debt of Australia, for instance, being much larger than ours, though the population of the country is not so large as that of Pennsylvania.

The total world debt is nearly \$10,000,000,000 and the money stocks nearly \$12,000,000,000, including depreciated silver. We have over one-fifth of the amount, all as good as gold. Our debt is the least and our internal commerce is greater than the total foreign commerce of the whole world, in which we appear as second or third on the list. On the whole, the United States can well congratulate itself on the showing.

SAFEGUARDING PASSENGERS.

The time is rapidly approaching when all passenger cars on railroad trains must be built of steel, or at least steel frames, for the better protection of passengers, in case of accidents. In this matter our American roads are far behind foreign countries, where the advantages of stronger cars were long ago recognized. Even the advantages of strongly-built wooden cars seem to have been lost sight of as far as ordinary coaches are concerned. Out of the 32,000,000 passengers carried in sleeping cars in the last three years, only six have been killed and sixty injured. The fatalities show so scandalous our railroad management do not occur in Pullmans. This is not because the latter are in the rear of the trains—on many lines they are now carried forward—but because of heavier construction. They are strong enough to resist destruction even when a sixty-mile-an-hour speed is suddenly stopped. It is a reasonable presumption that, with proper railway coach construction, other passenger mortality would be greatly reduced from the present alarming total. Moreover, it is the opinion of shrewd railroad managers that—on the principle that the durable thing in the end proves the cheapest thing—this safeguarding could be accomplished with an actual saving of expense.

During the five years ending June 30, 1903, by railroad accidents in this country, 38,890 have been killed and 253,821 injured. Moreover, the accident rate is increasing, and, if the rate of last year is not lessened, 52,000 persons are under sentence of death to be executed on our railways within the next five years. A comparison of American and European railway records reveals that we yearly kill one person for every 750, and Austria-Hungary one for every 1000, while the showing for Great Britain is

even better. Nor is the great increase in traffic an adequate excuse. In 1874, with 250,000 employees, 46 were killed and 271 injured on British roads, while in 1894, with 381,000 employees, only six were killed and sixty-two injured. With a 50 per cent increase in the number of employees the number of accidents was reduced more than three-fourths.

There also seems to be a reckless disregard of life in other occupations. In the recent year, among 142,420 employees in the anthracite mines of Pennsylvania, there were 461 fatal and 1030 non-fatal accidents. Nine states nominally require factory operators to report accidents, but the data collected are not digested. A radical change is needed in many directions where human life is involved. The people are beginning to awake and it is certain that improvements will soon be forced upon the neglected ones.

A SENSATIONAL EXPERIMENT.

The French people are eccentric and sensational. The latest evidence of this fact is a novel and sensational experiment that is planned by officials of the French navy. It is proposed that a naval officer shall be shut up in a battleship turret under bombardment. For the purpose a turret of one of the ships now at the naval dockyard at Lorient is to be dismantled and conveyed to a place convenient for the experiment. Here it will be screwed down upon a steel platform, and fired at from a distance of 600 yards by a gun throwing a 380-pound shell. The turret is of Harveyized steel only one-half inch thick. It is believed to be absolutely bullet-proof for any gun now in existence at no closer range than that indicated. The object of the experiment is to note the effect of the shock upon the occupant of the turret at the moment the shell strikes it.

The resisting power of the turret at the range and against a projectile such as mentioned above is now undecided. It is believed that the turret has the necessary resisting power, and the experiment would settle that point conclusively. It is certainly the most direct method of procedure that could be adopted. But would the inmates of the turret survive the terrible concussion? That would appear to be a very pertinent question for the French naval authorities. Certainly the naval officer who would permit himself to be shut up in the turret while it was being bombarded must place but little value on his life. No one would covet his job.

THE GOLD IN THE TREASURY.

No alarm is felt by treasury officials over the rapid way in which gold coin, bullion and gold certificates have been going out of the treasury of late. The first three weeks in the new year there was a withdrawal of \$28,000,000. From a total of \$116,000,000 on the first of the year these items dropped to \$88,500,000. This may easily be accounted for by the changed business conditions throughout the country incidental to the termination of the holiday season. Money is returned to the banks as a result of the let up in business activity. The banks are shipping all of this money, which is chiefly in the shape of small bills, to the treasury, and are taking out in exchange gold certificates of large denominations. These certificates go into the reserves of the banks.

The sudden demand for gold certificates has required the treasury to transfer some of the gold coin to the trust fund in order to issue certificates against it. This has had the effect of running up rapidly the amount of gold certificates outstanding and of decreasing in the same ratio the gold in the treasury. Next fall, when business throughout the country picks up again, the conditions will be reversed. The demand will then be for small bills, to secure which the gold certificates will be offered by the banks. Then the stock of gold and bullion and of gold certificates held by the government will jump up as the outgoing stream of small bills gets larger and larger.

OFFICERS' QUARTERS.

The committee on military affairs has turned down the request of Secretary Root for a more liberal allowance for quarters for army officers. It has been forty-two years since the present allowance was fixed by law and it has remained unchanged ever since. In the meantime the cost of living has gone up greatly, so that where an officer has to provide his own quarters he is at a disadvantage. The allowance is nowhere near his actual expenditure. It is based on \$12 a room and it is proposed to increase the room allowance as follows: First lieutenants, three, instead of two; captains, four, instead of three; majors, five, instead of four; lieutenant colonels, six, instead of four; colonels, seven, instead of five; brigadier generals, eight, instead of five; major generals, ten, instead of six, and lieutenant generals, twelve, instead of six. The rate of room, \$12 each, is to be kept at the same figure. The number of officers on detached duty in Washington is getting larger and larger every year, and all complain that they are out of pocket on the commutation of quarters deal. A captain, for instance, finds it impossible to rent a suitable house for \$36 a month, and so on up the list.

It would seem that there is some reason for an increase of this kind, but if the truth were known, the army officers are about the best-paid people in the country, considering what they have to do.

The St. Cloud Journal-Press has made the wonderful discovery that when the Panama canal has been built, Minnesota products "can be loaded in boats at St. Paul and sent direct to Japan or China, which in a few years will call for more machinery, flour and other products than we can supply." All of which is utter nonsense. No boat that can navigate the Mississippi at St. Paul could make a voyage across the Pacific ocean to Japan.

The Anoka Union says: "Who said that Bob Dunn, Judge Collins or Frank Eddy were the only men who may run for the gubernatorial nomination? There are others who have just as strong claims on the position as either of the three." Very true. There is Granville S. Pease, of Anoka, for instance.

An awful blow at Liberty has been struck at Hoopesville, Ill. A Puritanical city council has forbidden young men and young women from "going down to the depot to see the trains come."

Word comes from Egypt that the streets of Cairo, with bazars and natives, will be seen at the coming fair at St. Louis. And, of course, the flute and drum will not be left behind.

The Long Prairie Democrat says "Alvah Eastman must be getting bawdy in his desire to land Collins." Oh, no, not "getting" so!

The British postoffice has an income of \$30,000 a day from money in envelopes having an insufficient address. That will help to pay part of the expenses of the late Boer war.

The war talk in the far East is growing warmer.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"It has been just sixteen years since I stood in this very spot and saw a peculiar accident right at that corner," said G. B. Wendell of Milwaukee, who is staying at the Spaulding hotel and who was standing in front of the Superior street entrance to the hotel yesterday afternoon.

"Charles R. Davis, the man with the diamonds who died about six months ago, and his company played 'Alvin Josselyn' at the theater and a crowded house taxed the street cars to the utmost after the show was over.

Duluth's transportation facilities were composed of a few mule cars in those days and after the show the load, the mule car had to pull was too heavy for it. A westbound car had picked up its load and was traveling west on Superior street at a pretty hot pace, the mules being led by the gallop, when a near animal slipped and fell.

Despite the efforts of the driver to stop the car was unable to prevent the animal from being run over and the driver was traveling west on Superior street at a pretty hot pace, the mules being led by the gallop, when a near animal slipped and fell.

The passengers thought for a minute an earthquake had caused the car to pitch and the driver was taking a bad fall.

As soon as the crowd ceased tugging at the harness and had pulled the mule out from under the car, the driver took to his heels and ran. The mule was taken to the slaughter house and the driver had sent a man to telephone for a veterinarian.

The harness was then put on and the car resumed its journey amid the cheers and applause of the crowd. The mule was a great difference between the mule and the car, and the driver was taken to the slaughter house and the driver had sent a man to telephone for a veterinarian.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time). Duluth has grown colder again in the upper Mississippi valley. Zero weather prevails in all districts north of Kansas and in the western Lake Region, with temperatures ranging from zero to 20 degrees below. Throughout the North-west, however, there has been a decided increase in warmth with temperatures of 20 degrees to 30 degrees in districts north of Colorado and western Kansas. Pressures are high over western Gulf states and the far West, and low over Florida and the province of Saskatchewan. Snow fell over eastern Montana, and snow or rain in the Ohio valley, eastern Gulf states and Atlantic states.

Following are the minimum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours: Duluth 10
Hartford 10
Boston 10
Chicago 10
Cincinnati 10
Cleveland 10
Detroit 10
Milwaukee 10
Minneapolis 10
Portland 10
St. Paul 10
St. Louis 10
Washington 10
Winnipeg 10
Yonkers 10

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time) Saturday, Duluth and vicinity—Partly cloudy, with snow showers, with probable snow flurries. Warmer. Fresh and brisk southerly to westerly winds.

By W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Jan. 29.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Saturday: Partly cloudy, with snow showers, with probable snow flurries tonight and Saturday. Rising temperature, with light southerly winds. Minnesota—Possibly snow and warmer tonight. Saturday partly cloudy with possibly snow flurries in northern portion.

Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight, followed by fair weather Saturday. Somewhat colder Saturday.

PASSING PLEASANTIES.

Washington Star: "I like to see a man amuse himself," said Uncle Eben, "but I hate to see a man do it while he is a child." "Well, I think reckon 'sheit teach school," said Uncle Eben, "like the vocation."</

It transforms the seeker into a finder. A Herald want ad is the don't worry way of locating things....

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT.

We will build a three-story brick hotel, steam heated, all modern appliances, on the corner of Twenty-fifth and Superior streets. If we can find the right kind of a man for tenant.

FOR SALE.

A 50-foot lot on Lake avenue, just above Fifth street—price \$1300.

Three lots on Sixth street and Nineteenth avenue East, a corner—price \$950.

Lot on Twenty-fifth and Twenty-fourth avenues West, five per cent cash and the balance in three years at six per cent, to parties who will build.

A ten-room house near Bryant school, for rent—price \$1100.

40 and 50-acre tracts near Pine station, on the Mesaba railroad.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Providence Building.

BUY LOTS NOW

In Fort Francis, Ontario. It will soon be a railroad center and city. See J. H. SHARP, Agent, 616 Torrey Bldg.

\$4000 take two large houses and corner lot in central part of city, paying 20 per cent on investment.

\$1750 take fine house on corner of Fifth street. Very cheap.

A. C. VOLK & CO.
202-203 Palisade Bldg.

MONEY ON HAND

To Loan at Lowest Current Rates. NO DELAY.



FIRE INSURANCE
BEST IN
WORLD.

\$2500 Eleven-room house on East Third street, modern, hot water, gas, strictly modern. East End.

\$4300 Fine improved property on Fourth street. Good income.

\$6000 Take two large houses and corner lot in central part of city, paying 20 per cent on investment.

ECKSTEIN & EBV,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Building, Zenith phone 33.

\$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. Good income.

\$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very good income.

\$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition, in good neighborhood, heated, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything complete.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL,
Exchange Bldg.

Price Only \$2700.
Rents for \$28 per Month.

Lot 5x140, in West End, with two frame houses in nice condition. A good investment.

Geo. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Bldg

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.**DULUTH, MISSAUGE & NORTHERN RY**

A. M. P. M. STATIONS (A. M. P. M.)

7:30 7:40 Duluth, Ar. 10:30 10:40

7:55 8:05 Duluth, Ar. 10:45 10:55

8:15 8:25 Duluth, Ar. 11:00 11:10

8:30 8:40 Duluth, Ar. 11:15 11:25

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9:00 9:10 Duluth, Ar. 11:45 11:55

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MYSTERY DEVELOPED FROM MAIL ABSOLUTELY NO CHANGE RECEIVED BY MISS SCHAFER IN THE EASTERN SITUATION

Was Frequently Late to School After Running Home to Get Letters. She Always Read Them Eagerly and Immediately Destroyed Them.

Bedford, Ind., Jan. 30.—The court of inquiry investigating the Schafer murder today heard more evidence on the letters received by Miss Schafer. One of the witnesses declared that dozens of times after school closed at noon Miss Schafer ran to her room for her mail, eagerly read the letters and immediately destroyed them. Often she was returning to her boarding house as her sister teachers were leaving the building. At time the witness said, Miss Schafer was late at school in the afternoon as the result of these trips to her room.

It was expected that Miss va Love,

Miss Schafer's roommate, would be before the examining board today, and much interest was manifested in her appearance. But the former roommate of Miss Schafer, who attempted to resume her school work today, returned to the home of her brother and went to bed suffering from extreme nervousness. She hopes to be recovered on Monday sufficiently to resume her work. Indianapolis, Jan. 30.—Indianapolis detectives are working today on the information brought here by Sheriff Smith. The young man whose acquaintance with Miss Love, Miss Schafer's roommate, is being investigated and who lives in a fashionable part of the city, has been closeted with the detectives today.

SESSION OF THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE WAS MOST UNIQUE

President Was Only Member Present and He Appointed Himself Sergeant-at-Arms to Find Delinquents Which He Failed to Do.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 30.—The session of the Maryland senate today was probably the most unique in its history. The body was called to order in the regular manner by President Spencer C. Jones, when the hour for meeting arrived, he being the only senator present. The others in the chamber were Secretary Moss, Thomas J. McNair, messenger to the president, who acted in the various capacities, Chaplain Mills, two newspaper men and one spectator. After Mr. McNair had called the roll and announced the lack of a quorum, he was constituted as

sergeant at arms and sent for the absent senators. His report was that none could be found. No business was therefore attempted. About noon Delegate Collins and Williams arrived and escorted the senate, in the person of President Jones to the house of delegates chamber, there to ballot as required by the statutes of the United States for a United States senator. The roll call then developing the fact that only six delegates were present, the speaker announced that owing to the lack of a quorum there would be no ballot for the election of a senator. Thereupon the joint assembly was adjourned on motion of Delegate Duval. The balloting for United States senator will be resumed next Tuesday.

ANTI-VACCINATIONISTS MEET AND FORM A HEALTH LEAGUE

Delegates From All Over Minnesota Assemble at St. Paul and Organize an Association to Further Their Beliefs—Officers Elected.

St. Paul, Jan. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The anti-vaccinationists of this city have expanded their society into a state organization, known as the Minnesota Health League. Delegates from all over the state met at Central hall last night, elected officers and agreed on a plan of campaign. The St. Paul Anti-Vaccination society was prominent in organizing the league. Its members were reinforced by many who responded to more than

300 invitations. The officers elected were: J. W. Griggs, St. Paul, president; R. C. Mitchell, Duluth, first vice president; O. Solen, Winona, second vice president; Mrs. Norton, Minneapolis, third vice president, and Mrs. L. C. Little, St. Paul, secretary. The league will disseminate a thorough knowledge of the laws of health; will instruct as to mental hygiene, pure air, ventilation, dietetics, exercise, muscle building, personal liberty in vaccination and the segregation of invalids.

INDIANS INDULGE IN FATAL SPREE

St. Paul, Jan. 30.—A special to The Dispatch from Helena, Mont., says: According to a report just received from Camas Prairie, Blackfoot reservation, an Indian by the name of Arctone Nickle was shot twice through the body by another Indian named William under the name of John. The Indians were having a spree and it is alleged they became involved in a row over a squaw and the shooting fol-

lowed. After the shooting the friends of the dead Indian assailed the murderer with clubs and he was beaten into insensibility. His head was beaten into a mass and his eyes were swollen shut as a result of injuries. Afterward he was recovered partially, though weak from loss of blood. He was placed under arrest and lodged in jail at the agency. Late reports stated that William might not survive his injuries.

BALLANCE ASKS FOR BALANCE

The General Brings Suit Against Brother For Accounting.

Peoria, Jan. 30.—General John Green Ballance, U. S. A., and who was very prominent in the Philippine campaign, has entered suit in the circuit court against his brother, Willis R. Ballance. When he went to the court he appointed his brother as agent, and alleged that the brother collected rentals, and sold property, diverting the proceeds, large sums to his own use, that he refused to make an accounting or surrender the books. General Ballance owns much Peoria real estate and is a member of one of Peoria's oldest families.

ARRIVED SAFELY.

Report of Expedition's Massacre Was Inaccurate.

Mombassa, British East Africa, Jan. 30.—The reported massacre of a British expedition under the auspices of the East African syndicate by Turkish tribesmen in the neighborhood of Rudolf lake, announcement of which was made Jan. 24, now proves to have been incorrect. The expedition in question arrived at Teti, 120 miles west of Rudolf lake, Jan. 20, all well.

BEDE SPEAKS IN NEW YORK

Makes His Initial Appearance at Westside Republican Club.

New York, Jan. 30.—Congressman J. Adam Bede, who amused the house of representatives Thursday with a humorous speech, his first in congress, has made his initial appearance in this city at the West Side Republican club's dinner.

Mr. Bede assured the gathering that his state, Minnesota, will favor the nomination of President Roosevelt, and continued: "In our country it would be a handicap for the candidate of either party to be ranked as a millionaire, though we are getting so rich that the majority of us will doubtless be millionaires after a while. Events are moving rapidly, and we have not had time to solve all our problems. Some people have complained because wealth has accumulated, but personally I never have complained of that. The trouble is, we have learned to accumulate, but not yet solved the problem of distribution. That is one of the problems of the future, but it will solve itself if you give it time." He closed by inviting the Democratic party to disband and come over to his side.



AFTER THE ELUSIVE GOBBLER.

DULUTH BOY GRADUATES WITH HIGH HONORS FROM THE NAVAL ACADEMY

Fred G. Coburn Completes His Course With "Star" Rank.

Son of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Coburn of This City.

Has Led His Class For Past Three Years.

Annapolis, Jan. 30.—The standing of the class of midshipmen who are to graduate on Monday has been made out for the whole four years' course. First honors were won by Midshipman David McDougall Le Breton, of Washington, D. C., whose average for the whole course is 88.94 out of a possible 100. His nearest competitor was Midshipman Andrew C. Pickens, of Alabama, who obtained an average of 83.12.

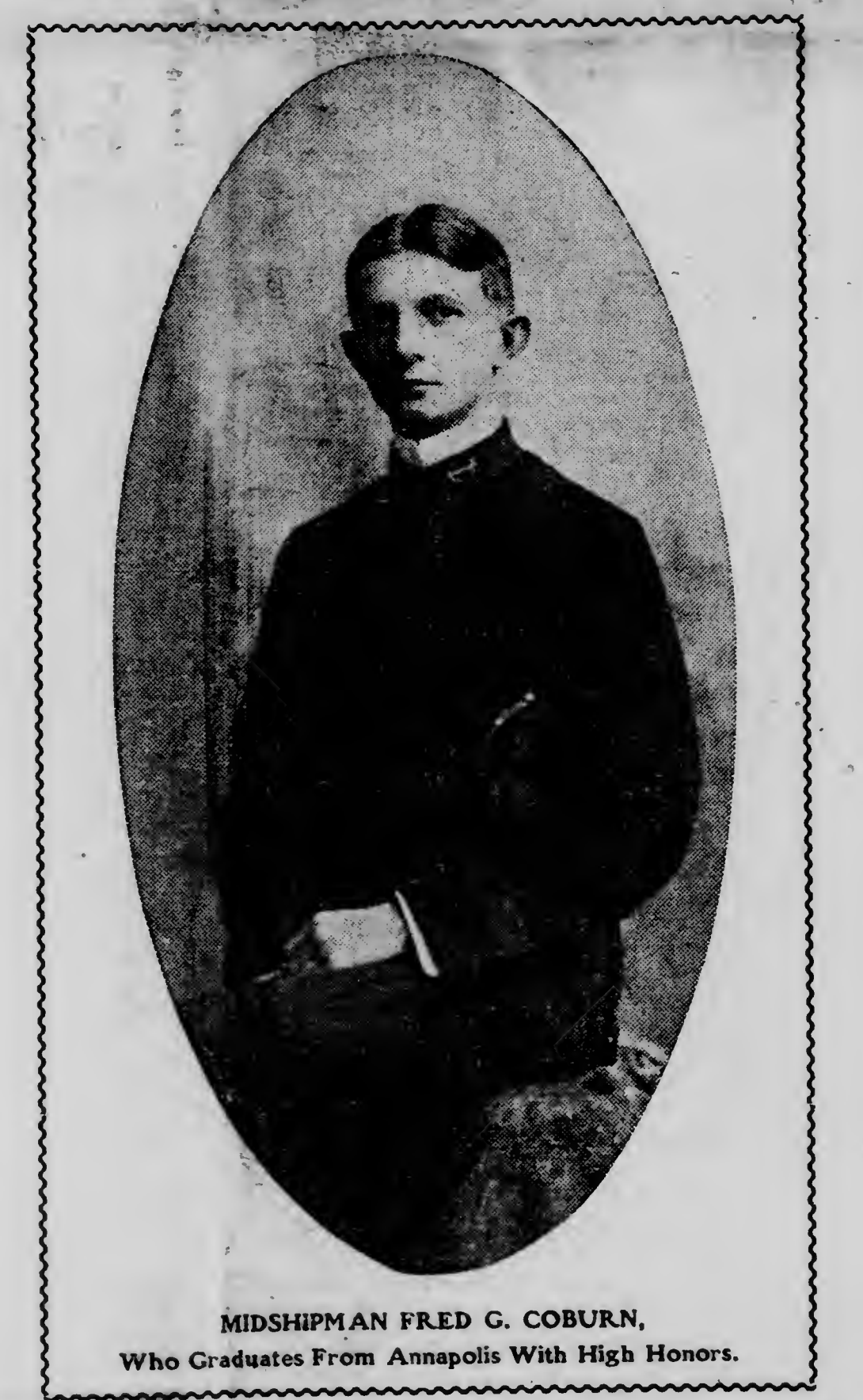
Four other members of the class graduate with "star" rank, that is, over 85 per cent of the total. They are: F. G. Coburn, Minneapolis, 88.51; M. P. Driscoll, Connecticut, 85.41; C. A. Richter, Wisconsin, 85.14; and R. B. Hilliard, New York, 85.58.

Fred G. Coburn is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Coburn, of 322 Fourth avenue west.

While his graduation number is given as third, this statement does not really do justice to his work during the past three years. His graduation number gives his average for his entire academic course. During the first year he took a comparatively low standing, not having his bearings very well, but during the past three years has headed his class every year. His high marks in the last three years of the course were not sufficient to regain the ground lost in his first year, however, and he ranks as third.

Since last October he has been acting as instructor in mathematics, and the superintendent of the academy asked that he be detailed for that work after graduation, but Mr. Coburn asked to be ordered to sea, and his request was granted. He will return to Duluth within a few days for a short leave of absence and to await further orders. It is not known yet what station he will be detailed to, but it will probably be on the Pacific coast.

Mr. Coburn's success will be welcome news to his many friends in Duluth, who have been watching his progress during the past three years with much interest. To graduate in third place from such a rigid course as the academy prescribes is no small honor.



MIDSHIPMAN FRED G. COBURN, Who Graduates From Annapolis With High Honors.

Mr. Coburn was formerly a pupil at the Duluth central high school, graduating from there.

He was appointed to the academy by Judge Page Morris, when he was serving his term as congressman.

Mr. Coburn was also in his younger days a carrier on The Herald, in company with many other students at the high school who promise to make themselves heard from.

IS MORGAN TO RETIRE?

Rumors to That Effect Are Again Repeated.

New York, Jan. 30.—Rumors of practical retirement from active business by J. P. Morgan, circulated and denied a day or two ago when J. P. Morgan, Jr., arrived from London, are reiterated today by the American, which declares that Mr. Morgan, Sr., has determined to shift the burden of his great interests to his son, and spend a large part of his time hereafter in England, at Aidenham abbey, a splendid Hertfordshire seat, built in 1550, where he will gather his vast collection of art treasures now loaned to various museums and galleries abroad.

IMMENSE QUANTITIES OF CANNED GOODS FOR EAST

San Francisco, Jan. 30.—Railroad freight officials have additional advices relative to Russian and Japanese mess and canned beef shipments from the East by way of this port to their respective military depots in the Orient. Japan is ordering for shipment from Kansas City, Omaha and Chicago 2,500,000 pounds of corned beef. She has already contracted in Cincinnati for 12,000 cases of mess beef. The same company is taking from a Chicago firm, in

Japan Has No Authentic Information Whatever of Russia's Reply. The Rumored Concessions Do Not Warrant the Belief of Peace.

Tokio, Jan. 30.—The government does not, it is said, possess any Russian information concerning the character of the forthcoming note, although it has received various reports, the majority of which say the reply will be satisfactory. None, however, emanate from a source which warrant their full acceptance as correct. In the judgment of many just now the character of the note does not warrant the belief that Count Lamsdorf, the Russian foreign minister has given out the slightest intimation of its contents. Even that carries little assurance, for the Russian and Japanese conceptions of what constitutes a fair bargain vary materially. The government of Japan does not anticipate the necessity of the Russian reply for a few days. When it comes it will probably be considered by the throne in conference with the cabinet and elder statesmen. The presumption that Russia has made concessions does not, in the least, warrant the conclusion that there will be a peaceful settlement of the existing difficulties. Her entire preparation will be carefully scrutinized and every contingency of the situation closely weighed. If the reply should prove to be completely unsatisfactory to Japan the outcome of the conference is manifest. Should it give partial satisfaction, an exchange of notes is possible, although there remains slight room for additional diplomacy.

London, Jan. 30.—According to the Japanese legation here, Minister Grikom's cable message from Tokio to the state department at Washington, saying on the authority of the British ambassador at St. Petersburg, telegraphed to the British legation at Tokio that the Russian reply to Japan would be satisfactory, was based on the following facts:

On Jan. 26 the British ambassador at St. Petersburg telegraphed to Foreign Secretary Lansdowne at London that he had interviewed the Russian foreign minister, Count Lamsdorf, that morning, and that Count Lamsdorf said the Russian reply would be dispatched the same evening, and that he, Count Lamsdorf, believed it would be satisfactory to Japan. These facts were re-telegraphed to the British minister to Japan, Sir Claude MacDonald, and also were communicated to the diplomats who attended Lord Lansdowne's reception, Jan. 27. Count Lamsdorf's intentions, however, evidently misinterpreted, for the foreign office and the Japanese legation both confirm the statements made in the Associated Press dispatches on the subject from St.

Petersburg and Tokio yesterday, that no reply has yet been sent, and that there is nothing to indicate what its real nature will be except what must have been almost obvious utterances on the part of Count Lamsdorf. The Graphic, which today reasserts that the Russian reply was communicated to Japan, Jan. 27, was probably misled by a partial knowledge of the contents of the telegram received here from the British ambassador at St. Petersburg, Jan. 26, but which subsequent events proved to be incorrect. Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister to Great Britain, made minute inquiries at the foreign office yesterday evening and was informed that the British government had not received any further information. Baron Hayashi declares the situation, therefore, is quite unchanged, and presumes that Minister Grikom, in some way attributed to the British ambassador at St. Petersburg what really emanated from Count Lamsdorf.

The foreign office, confirming the statement of the Japanese legation in regard to the receipt of the re-telegraphing of the telegram of Jan. 26, adds:

The British ambassador at St. Petersburg did not express an opinion as to whether or not the Russian reply would be satisfactory to Japan.

Berlin, Jan. 30.—While the German foreign office is unable to confirm the news received at Washington that Russia's answer will be satisfactory to Japan, it believes it is likely to be true, and argues that Russia will avoid giving an answer which Japan can send to the powers as a justification for declaring war.

THE FORMER GRAND VIZIER OF PERSIA CALLED BACK BY SHAH

Ali Asiam Fell From Power a Few Months Ago and Has Been Journeying Around World—Sails From New York For Europe.

New York, Jan. 30.—His Excellency Ali Asghar Khan Atabek Asiam, wealthiest of Persians, and until four months ago the grand vizier of his country, will sail today for Europe. He had just arrived here from the West and is said to have been summoned home by a cablegram from the Shah to again take office.

His excellency's resignation for leaving Tehran last September was somewhat wrapped in mystery, but it is apparent that he temporarily fell from power and found it advisable to leave the country without delay.

Leaving Persia, he traveled to Russia and by rail crossed Siberia. He spent a short time in Korea and Japan, and from Tientsin took ship for San Francisco, one of his fellow-travelers on the voyage being Governor Taft.

"I had read and heard much of your

country," he said through his secretary, who acted as interpreter, "but it far surpasses my expectations. All through the East your country has a great name, and you are looked upon as one of the most powerful people in the world. I hope to be able to return some day and make a longer visit."

Speaking of the Russian-Japanese trouble, he said: "War would be most unfortunate for both nations. When the Japanese ministers asked me for my opinion I advised them strongly to make every possible effort to end the trouble by diplomatic means."

With his excellency were his secretary, the minister of education in Persia, and three students. They, as well as the Persian consul and several other Persians, resident in New York, who called to pay their respects, treated the visitor with the utmost deference, speaking hardly above a whisper.

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absolutely no shelter except the roof, but in a warm and comfortable bed, the youth spends each night and sleeps where he can breathe the pure air. He claims that his heroic treatment, without any medicine whatever, is restoring his health. This was begun on the advice of the boy's physician, that it was the only chance by which the disease might be overcome.

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until the busy season next year. The Corning distillery, compelled to shut down last October because of an explosion and a subsequent fire, will begin operations Monday morning. The new Woolner distillery will start in a few days. Both are independent houses and will take most of the men thrown out by the trust closing down.

ST. PAUL STREET CARS COLLIDE

St. Paul, Jan. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Four persons were more or less hurt in a street car collision at South Wabasha and Colorado streets this morning. A Striker avenue car going north crashed into the rear of a Mississippi and West St. Paul car. The

front car was of the large type, while the other was a small one. Hence the small car suffered the more. A letter carrier, was more or less bruised. Herbert Gutknecht was also injured and taken to his home. Two other persons were so slightly hurt that they were able to proceed on their way on foot.

MYSTERY DEVELOPED FROM MAIL RECEIVED BY MISS SCHAFER

Was Frequently Late to School After Running Home to Get Letters. She Always Read Them Eagerly and Immediately Destroyed Them.

Bedford, Ind., Jan. 30.—The court of inquiry investigating the Schafer murder today heard more evidence on the letters received by Miss Schafer. One of the witnesses declared that dozens of times after school closed at noon Miss Schafer ran to her room for her mail eagerly read the letters and immediately destroyed them. Often she was returning to her boarding house as her sister teachers were leaving the building. At times the witness said, Miss Schafer was late at school in the afternoon as the result of these trips to her room. It was expected that Miss va Love,

Miss Schafer's roommate, would be before the examining board today, and much interest was manifested in her appearance. But the former roommate of Miss Schafer, who attempted to resume her school work today, returned to the home of her brother and went to bed suffering from extreme nervousness. She hopes to be recovered on Monday sufficiently to resume her work. Indianapolis, Jan. 30.—Indianapolis detectives are working today on the information brought here by Sheriff Smith. The young man whose acquaintance with Miss Love, Miss Schafer's roommate, is being investigated and who lives in a fashionable part of the city has been closeted with the detectives today.

SESSION OF THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE WAS MOST UNIQUE

President Was Only Member Present and He Appointed Himself Sergeant-at-Arms to Find Delinquents Which He Failed to Do.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 30.—The session of the Maryland legislature today was probably the most unique in its history. The body was called to order in the regular manner by President Spencer C. Jones, when the hour for meeting arrived, he being the only senator present. The others in the chamber were Secretary Moss, Thomas J. McNair, messenger to the president, who acted in the various capacities, Chaplain Mills, two newspaper men and one spectator. After Mr. McNair had called the roll and announced the lack of a quorum, he was constituted as

sergeant at arms and sent for the absent senators. His report was that none could be found. No business was therefore attempted. About noon Delegates Collins and Williams arrived and escorted the senate, in the person of President Jones to the house of delegates chamber, there to ballot as required by the statutes of the United States for a United States senator. The roll call then developing the fact that only six delegates were present, the lack of a quorum there would be no ballot for the election of a senator. Thereupon on motion of Delegate Duval, the balloting for United States senator will be resumed next Tuesday.

ANTI-VACCINATIONISTS MEET AND FORM A HEALTH LEAGUE

Delegates From All Over Minnesota Assemble at St. Paul and Organize an Association to Further Their Beliefs—Officers Elected.

St. Paul, Jan. 30.—(Special to the Herald.)—The anti-vaccinationists of this city have expanded their society into a state organization, known as the Minnesota Health League. Delegates from all over the state met at Central hall last night, elected officers and agreed on a plan of campaign. The St. Paul group was prominent in organizing the league. Its members were reinforced by many who responded to more than

300 invitations. The officers elected were: J. W. Griggs, St. Paul, president; R. Mitchell, Duluth, first vice president; O. Salen, Windom, second vice president; Mrs. Norton, Minneapolis, third vice president; and Mrs. L. C. Little, St. Paul, secretary. The league will disseminate a thorough knowledge of the laws of health, will instruct as to mental hygiene, pure air, ventilation, dietetics, exercise, muscle building, personal liberty in vaccination and the segregation of invalids.

INDIANS INDULGE IN FATAL SPREE

St. Paul, Jan. 30.—A special to the Dispatch from Helena, Mont., says: According to a report just received from Camas Prairie, Blackfoot reservation, an Indian named Nieldo was shot twice through the body by another Indian named William and died almost instantly. The Indians were having a spree and it is alleged they became involved in a row over a squaw and the shooting fol-

lowed. After the shooting the friends of the dead Indian assaulted the murderer with clubs and he was beaten into insensibility. His head was beaten into a mass and his eyes were swollen shut as a result of injuries. Afterward he was recovered partially, though weak from loss of blood. He was placed in a jail cell and lodged in jail at the agency. Late reports stated that William might not survive his injuries.

BALLANCE ASKS FOR BALANCE

The General Brings Suit Against Brother For Accounting.

Peoria, Jan. 30.—General John Green Ballance, U. S. A., and who was very prominent in the Philippine campaign, has entered suit in the circuit court against his brother, Willis B. Ballance. When he took to the war he appointed his brother as agent, and alleged that the brother collected rentals and sold property, diverting the proceeds to his own use, and that he refuses to make an accounting or surrender the books. General Ballance owns much Peoria real estate and is a member of one of Peoria's oldest families.

ARRIVED SAFELY. Report of Expedition's Massacre Was Incorrect.

Montbassa, British East Africa, Jan. 26.—The reported massacre of a British expedition under the auspices of the East African syndicate by Turkish tribesmen in the neighborhood of Rudolf lake, announcement of which was made Jan. 24, now proves to have been incorrect. The expedition in question arrived at Teti, 150 miles west of Rudolf lake, Jan. 26, all well.

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ABSOLUTELY NO CHANGE IN THE EASTERN SITUATION



DULUTH BOY GRADUATES WITH HIGH HONORS FROM THE NAVAL ACADEMY

Fred G. Coburn Completes His Course With "Star" Rank.

Son of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Coburn of This City.

Has Led His Class For Past Three Years.

Annapolis, Jan. 30.—The standing of the class of midshipmen who are to be graduated on Monday has been made out for the whole four years' course. First honors were won by Midshipman David McDougall Le Breton, of Washington, D. C., whose average for the whole course is 88.94 out of a possible 100. His nearest competitor was Midshipman Andrew C. Pickett, of Alabama, who obtained an average of 83.12. Four other members of the class graduate with "star" rank, that is, over 85 per cent of the total. They are: F. G. Coburn, Minnesota, 88.61; M. P. Dray, Connecticut, 84.41; C. A. Richter, Wisconsin, 80.14, and R. B. Hilliard, New York, 85.58.

Fred G. Coburn is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Coburn, of 322 Fourth avenue west. While his graduation number is given as third, this statement does not really do justice to his work during the past three years. His graduation number gives his average for his entire academic course. During the first year he took a comparatively low standing, not having his bearings very well, but during the past three years has headed his class every year. His high marks in the last three years of the course were not sufficient to regain the ground lost in his first year, however, and he ranks as third.

Since last October he has been acting as instructor in mathematics, and the superintendent of the academy asked that he be detailed for that work after graduation, but Mr. Coburn asked to be ordered to sea, and his request was granted. He will return to Duluth within a few days for a short leave of absence and to await further orders. It is not known yet what station he will be detailed to, but it will probably be on the Pacific coast.

Mr. Coburn's success will be welcome news to his many friends in Duluth, who have been watching his progress during the past three years with much interest. To graduate in third place from such a rigid course as the academy prescribes is no small honor.



Mr. Coburn was formerly a pupil at the Duluth central high school, graduating from there in 1901. He was appointed to the academy by Judge Enge Morris, when he was serving his term as congressman. Mr. Coburn was also in his younger days a carrier on The Herald, in company with many other students at the high school who promise to make themselves heard from.

IS MORGAN TO RETIRE? Rumors to That Effect Are Again Repeated.

New York, Jan. 30.—Rumors of practical retirement from active business by J. P. Morgan, circulated and denied a day or two ago when J. P. Morgan, Jr., arrived from London, are reiterated today by the American, which declares that Mr. Morgan, Sr., has determined to shift the burden of his great interests to his son, and spend a large part of his time hereafter in England, at Aldenham abbey, a splendid Hertfordshire seat, built in 1550, where he will gather his vast collection of art treasures now loaned to various museums and galleries abroad.

IMMENSE QUANTITIES OF CANNED GOODS FOR EAST

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San Francisco, Jan. 30.—Advices have been received here by the local agent of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Steamship company, operating four speedy liners between Seattle and the Orient, that the steamers had just been taken over by the Japanese government for conversion into auxiliary cruisers. This is the second fleet of liners to be taken from the merchant service between this coast and the Orient. Only recently the three steamers of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha line, running to this port, were withdrawn from the service and turned over to the Japanese government.

New York, Jan. 30.—Small parties of Russian soldiers are beginning to appear on the banks of the Yalu river, enables the Seoul correspondent of the Herald. Twenty mounted troopers crossed into Korea, at Samso, near the head waters, and twenty-four reached Antung. They were officers, said to be investigating sites for barracks.

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ARE BAILY WORRIED?

Hugo Managers Now In Condition Known As Panicky.

Dr. Cullum's Supporters Find No Reason To Modify Prediction.

The "burrah get-on-the-hand-wagon" cry of the Hugo managers is working no better than did the "Me and Roosevelt" shout with which they started their campaign. As a result there is a very panicky feeling about the Republican headquarters and the usual talk of "put up your money" emanates from there in the form of statements individual having 2 to 1 to bet on Hugo. As far as the betting goes, past experience has shown that the betters generally know as little about what the results are to be as any other people.

The Democratic committee, with Judge Powell at its head, does not at the close of this week find any reason to modify the figures presented last Monday as the probable majority of Dr. Cullum. They were given at from 50 to 600. On the contrary, the Cullum supporters are more than ever convinced that the figures are conservative.

Polis made of different wards and precincts by reliable and conservative men show a state of affairs that even the Democrats, sanguine as they are, find it hard to believe. For instance, the First ward, which gave Hugo 152 majority two years ago, promises to go from 50 to 100 for Dr. Cullum, a turning over which is alone sufficient to elect him.

The Republicans admit the desperate condition of affairs in this ward, for in making their claims yesterday morning of what Mr. Hugo would do, they claimed the First ward was in doubt, but they would probably carry it, although it was the ward where Dr. Cullum lives. Pretty big drop from 152 down to a claim of barely carrying the ward. A change in one ward of enough voters to overcome Hugo's majorities in the past and leave 150 votes to spare.

The second, third, fourth and fifth wards all look likely for Dr. Cullum. They all gave Truman majorities two years ago, and the Hugo managers claim that he need not look for any slump in them. At least 500 majority east of the Point of Rocks will be returned for Dr. Cullum.

The sixth and seventh wards are giving the Republicans much concern. The sixth gave Hugo 103 majority two years ago, and the Hugo managers claim that he need not look for any slump in them. At least 500 majority east of the Point of Rocks will be returned for Dr. Cullum.

The eighth ward, which is largely Republican, is a great Cullum stronghold, as was shown plainly in the primary election. The Hugo managers do not feel disposed to verify the claims of the downtown managers of Mr. Hugo's campaign. That the west wards are expected to give Dr. Cullum at least 200 majority.

The desperate condition of affairs in the West End was well expressed by one or two Republicans who were talking things over a day or two ago and were overheard. One by the way, among the most active workers and speakers in the Hugo campaign.

"How is the West End?" he was asked by the other.

"The West End looks damn bad," was the response.

With the West End looking "damn bad," how much are claims of 800 majority for Hugo worth? The best that can be said of it is that the Cullum managers had claimed 800 for their candidate, and the Hugo committee thought they would have to equal it, in order to inspire any confidence at all in their campaign.

The campaign which Dr. Cullum has been conducting has been a puzzle to the Republican managers. With any number of past masters in the art of getting the voters in line and wire-pulling of all sorts, they have bumped up against something that has greatly disturbed them.

Dr. Cullum has acceded to the desire expressed by Mayor Hugo immediately after the nomination was made that the campaign be a short and quiet one. He has gone about his work of meeting the voters quietly and with little noise. Mayor Hugo and his managers on the other hand began the usual noisy campaign, talking at the voters from the safe protection of a public platform instead of meeting them privately and face to face where they could ask him all the questions they wanted to. Dr. Cullum has continued his work quietly refusing to be goaded into making a noisy canvass.

As a result of this the Hugo man-

agers have become greatly alarmed. They could hear no noise and yet they could not help but find a strong and growing Cullum sentiment. This led them a few days ago to send out some of their men quietly to try Dr. Cullum's method of campaigning.

In a few hours there was a panic in the Hugo headquarters in the Providence building, and ever since then the campaign has not been conducted with the calmness of method which indicates confidence, but with the frantic hurry and scurrying which is always characteristic of desperation.

WHOSE ADVICE IS BEST?

A Few Pointed Questions For the Electors.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Whose advice should the electors of Duluth take at the present time—that of ex-Mayor Truesden, a true and tried friend of Duluth, or the advice of the hordes of office holders, who are now running through the city, headed by John J. Norton, a candidate for the office of county clerk, a position which, by the way, he will never capture? The electors of St. Louis took office with the advice of the office holders, who are now running through the city, headed by John J. Norton, a candidate for the office of county clerk, a position which, by the way, he will never capture? The electors of St. Louis took office with the advice of the office holders, who are now running through the city, headed by John J. Norton, a candidate for the office of county clerk, a position which, by the way, he will never capture?

For those two who come Otto Giffert, a state deputy food inspector. He is paid by the state. He has not in the last ten days very faithfully going amongst the voters of the eighth ward advising with some and advising others who would not agree with him that he was the only one to draw his pay for it. He is the same as he does for sampling Bowery whiskey?

The grain department also furnished its representatives whose duty it was to help educate the voters in mark their ballot for Mr. We, innocent voters, thought they were paid to sample and weigh wheat.

It is astonishing how much work it is taking to educate the voters this election. The list also includes City Assessor George Crutcher of the comptroller's office, Meat Inspector Langslow,

Washington, Jan. 30.—United States Minister Allen at Seoul, cables the state

department that a Korean official recently returned from Russia states that the Russian government appear to be desirous of the neutralization of Korea. The emperor of Korea is very confident that the foreign powers will be satisfied with his determination to maintain strict neutrality.

London, Jan. 30.—7:55 p. m.—A dispatch to Reuters Telegram company, from St. Petersburg, says the transportation of merchandise with Trans-Siberian road will be stopped after February 2, in order to facilitate the road open for conveyance of troops and stores.

The dispatch adds that War Minister Kuropatkin will be appointed to command the Russian land forces in the event of war with Japan.

New York, Jan. 30.—A. B. Baxter & Co., cotton brokers, the local office of that concern posted a notice today stating that the Atlanta office had assigned nothing official could be learned here as to the reason of the sharp break in cotton yesterday. It was stated by the Atlanta management that all trades made for the day and those pending would be settled at the close of the market.

Baxter & Co. had only recently bought out the largest cotton brokerage companies in the country and had received a capitalization of \$200,000.

The notice of the failure created a sensation. The bankrupt company controlled a chain of 125 offices from New York to New Orleans.

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LOOK FOR JAPS

Port Arthur Authorities Expect Them at Any Moment.

Trans-Siberian Road Will Be Closed to Merchandise.

Port Arthur, Jan. 30.—Apprehension that there will be war is still expressed in official quarters here, and it is also said that a Japanese descent is expected at any moment. At the same time the authorities declare that with the exception of strategic precautions taken between Liao Yang and the Yalu river, their plans have not been formed and that it will be impossible to complete the arrangements until the Japanese make more definite demonstrations of their intentions. The fortifications and field troops are active, and between Liao Yang and the Siberian border the railroad is overhauled in transporting recruits.

In contrast with the alarm expressed in official circles, the merchants are optimistic. Although the shipping has been burdened with high insurance, the supply of ships is adequate, notwithstanding the withdrawal of Japanese vessels. The authorities continue to order the United States with look of tact and courtesy and express astonishment at the appointment of United States consuls at Mukden, Port Dairny and Antung.

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STATEMENT ERRONEOUS

Colombian Troops Cannot Land on Any Part of Panama.

Washington, Jan. 30.—It is stated at the department that Gen. Reyes must have misunderstood the position of the authorities here if he, as reported from Bogota, informed the Colombian government that the United States limited its objection to the landing of Colombian troops in Panama to the canal zone itself. The department has not in any sense changed its position since it was outlined at the end of the secretary day of Nov. 11, to Minister Banau-Varela, when the United States declared that troops with hostile intent could be landed in Panama.

Since that date a treaty has been negotiated between the United States and Panama, by which the United States has agreed to the landing of Colombian troops in Panama to the canal zone itself. The department has not in any sense changed its position since it was outlined at the end of the secretary day of Nov. 11, to Minister Banau-Varela, when the United States declared that troops with hostile intent could be landed in Panama.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The house went immediately into committee of the whole upon conveying today, with Mr. Tawney (Minn.), in the chair, and received consideration of the urgent deficiency bill.

Mr. Parker (Ill.), proceeded to combat the arguments of Mr. Littlefield (Me.), in the contention that it is a continuation of the session begun in November. He differed from Mr. Littlefield in the contention that it is a continuation of the session begun in November. He differed from Mr. Littlefield in the contention that it is a continuation of the session begun in November.

Mr. Parker (N. J.) followed Mr. Fuller, taking the opposite view. The house, he argued, went on in the November session until noon on the 24th day of December, when it again convened under new authority. Mr. Parker insisted that there was nothing to warrant the drawing of mileage for the session of the 55th congress, provided for by the constitution. All the business now being transacted as in the second session of the Fifty-fifth congress.

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NO SECOND MILEAGE

House Votes Against Scheme for a Double Allowance.

Urgent Deficiency Bill Is Passed After Long Argument.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The house went immediately into committee of the whole upon conveying today, with Mr. Tawney (Minn.), in the chair, and received consideration of the urgent deficiency bill.

Mr. Parker (Ill.), proceeded to combat the arguments of Mr. Littlefield (Me.), in the contention that it is a continuation of the session begun in November. He differed from Mr. Littlefield in the contention that it is a continuation of the session begun in November.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

CULLUM WILL BE ELECTED.

The municipal campaign is so near its close that it is possible to gain a fairly accurate idea of the outcome, especially as to the majority. The indications now are that Mayor Hugo will be badly defeated in his attempt to secure a third term and that Dr. M. B. Cullum will be the next mayor of Duluth. The Hugo campaign committee started out with the idea that they would have an easy victory, but as the campaign progressed, they found so many evidences of Cullum strength in every precinct in the city that they soon began to understand that they had a lively fight on their hands. Within the past week they awakened to the fact that every wire must be pulled if they would elect their third-term candidate, and now they are convinced that if they win out it will be by a very slender majority. Some of the shrewdest and most conservative of the Hugo leaders privately admit that they cannot see how their candidate can win, in view of the rapidly increasing strength of the Cullum forces, and they would be greatly surprised by a victory. Of course, they publicly declare that Hugo will "win in a walk" and talk glibly about majorities running into the hundreds. This talk is merely for effect on doubtful and wavering voters. The "band wagon cry" is being used in a last desperate effort to stem the current of popular sentiment that is sweeping them to defeat.

On the other hand, the supporters of Dr. Cullum are confident of victory. Their polls of the various precincts in the city show that Cullum will make great gains over the Truelsens vote two years ago. In every precinct are found many voters who were for Hugo in 1902 and now are strong supporters of Cullum. The splendid record made by Dr. Cullum as an alderman has earned for him the confidence and support of the independent voters, who believe that party lines should not be drawn in municipal contests and that the best man should be placed in the mayor's office, regardless of his political affiliations. The platform outlined by Dr. Cullum when he acceded to the widespread demand that he become a candidate for mayor struck a popular chord. The feeling is general that the business of the city would be wisely and economically conducted under his guidance and direction. Hence the constant accessions to the ranks of his supporters that have been reported from day to day, and the corresponding falling away of his opponent's adherents. This campaign has been one of steady progress, and the close of the last week of the campaign finds the Cullum forces strong and confident of victory, while the Hugo managers are depressed by the outlook, and desperate in their methods to avert the defeat that stares them in the face.

A careful survey of the situation leads to the conclusion that when the ballots are counted next Tuesday night, a sweeping victory for Dr. Cullum will be recorded.

ROOSEVELT AND THE G. A. R.

It would seem evident from recent appointments, and general activity that President Roosevelt is trying to pacify the G. A. R. and secure their votes. It is well known that the veterans have been very much dissatisfied with the present administration and the president has fully realized it. The appointment of Corporal Tanner to a position in Washington was the first step, followed by the selection of Gen. Black as a civil service commissioner, to the place made vacant by the death of Mr. Proctor. Whether these overtures will bear fruit remains to be seen. The dissatisfaction on the part of the veterans has been growing rapidly during the past year. It began with the failure of the last Republican congress to pass the bill to give preference to veterans of the civil war in all government employment. Joseph W. Kay of Brooklyn, as chairman of the legislative committee of the G. A. R., spent the greater part of last winter trying to get this bill through the house. He had been there before on the same mission, the matter having been pending before congress for four or five years. The veterans were put off from year to year until they made up their minds that if the measure did not get through the fifty-seventh congress they would declare war. On the day of adjournment, without action having been taken on the veterans' bill in the meantime, Joseph Kay came out with a declaration of hostilities. In the bitterest kind of a note he charged the Republican leaders in the house, particularly Speaker Henderson, with having violated the pledges given to the G. A. R. that the veterans' preference bill would be passed. After a general denunciation of the leaders all the way down the line the proclamation ended by saying that the old soldiers would look elsewhere for the relief they wanted. This year the backers of the veterans' employment bill have been noticeable by their absence.

Then a short time after that came the Foreman Helms discharge incident at the Brooklyn navy yard. Although the president's hand did not appear in that incident he was thoroughly informed of every phase of it. When the matter first became prominent he had word sent to the Brooklyn yard to the effect that he wanted the veterans given a fair chance, and if possible, a little more than an even break. The warning of the G. A. R. organization that somebody would be hurt if the promotion was not given to Helms was not lost on

the authorities at Washington, for after the case was apparently closed by the promotion of someone else, the whole matter was re-opened and reviewed as a result of orders from the White House.

Along about the time of the G. A. R. encampment at San Francisco, at the flag end of last summer, the Republican leaders awoke to the fact that something must be done for the veterans. It was found that the feeling among the old soldiers that the present administration had done nothing for them and cared even less, was very general. So steps were taken to change this sentiment and to create a feeling that the president was a warm friend of the civil war veteran, and the appointments mentioned above were made. To be sure, Corporal Tanner has not secured his position yet, owing to opposition, but the chances seem more than even that he will get it. The veterans, however, are not yet satisfied and are likely to be heard from at the polls.

THE INCREASE IN TAXES.

Mayor Hugo and some of his supporters have been making strong claims for his re-election on account of the economical manner in which he has conducted the city's affairs during his administration. The Herald has collected the figures which will throw any light on this subject, and leaves it to the reader to determine whether Mayor Hugo has done anything in this branch of the city's business for which he deserves a re-election.

His strong claims are that "each department shows a balance on hand," and "we have saved the city \$66,000," or some other amount which happens to strike his fancy. The new charter, which it will be remembered Mr. Hugo did not advocate or support, will not allow the city officials to spend more money than they have to spend, and he must have a balance of some kind all the time. Furthermore, under the charter, the business year for the city ends Jan. 1 of each year. But the city does not get its settlement with the county until March. Consequently the different departments must have on hand on Jan. 1 each year a sufficient amount of money to carry them over to the March settlement with the county. But the mayor calls the balances on hand on Jan. 1 "a saving," which he praises his "administration" for, and yet this same "saving" will practically all be spent before the city receives another cent of money from the county. If a man with a fixed income, say a salary of \$100 a month, should have \$25 still on hand on the 15th of the month, and had not yet paid his rent, which also amounted to \$25, he would hardly consider that he had saved the rent, when he looked over his accounts on the 15th of the month. Let each taxpayer study these figures and figure it out for himself.

The following table shows the assessed valuation of real and personal property in the city of Duluth for the years 1896-1899, while Truelsens was mayor, and for the years 1900-1903, while Hugo was mayor:

Valuation in 1896	\$20,104,155
Valuation in 1897	20,224,019
Valuation in 1898	20,343,881
Valuation in 1899	20,463,743
Valuation in 1900	20,583,605
Valuation in 1901	20,703,467
Valuation in 1902	20,823,329
Valuation in 1903	20,943,191

From these figures it will appear that the average valuation of real and personal property during Truelsens' administrations was \$20,463,743 per year, and that the average valuations during Hugo's administrations was \$20,943,191. The valuation was 9 per cent higher under Truelsens than under Hugo.

Now, if Hugo has run the city as economically as did Truelsens, the tax rate under Hugo should not exceed the tax rate under Truelsens more than 9 per cent. But the figures are as follows:

City tax rate in 1896	12.8 mills
City tax rate in 1897	12.8 mills
City tax rate in 1898	12.8 mills
City tax rate in 1899	12.8 mills
City tax rate in 1900	12.8 mills
City tax rate in 1901	12.8 mills
City tax rate in 1902	12.8 mills
City tax rate in 1903	12.8 mills

From these figures it will appear that the average tax rate for city purposes during Truelsens' administrations was 13.1 mills, and that the average rate during Hugo's administrations was 16.8 mills. The tax rate was over 28 per cent higher under Hugo than under Truelsens. While Truelsens had the disadvantage of 9 per cent increase in valuations, Hugo has the disadvantage of 28 per cent increase in the tax rate.

The following table shows the amounts levied each year for city purposes, for the years 1896-1899, while Truelsens was mayor, and for the years 1900-1903, while Hugo was mayor:

Levy for 1896	\$267,017.02
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Levy for 1898	267,017.02
Levy for 1899	267,017.02
Levy for 1900	267,017.02
Levy for 1901	267,017.02
Levy for 1902	267,017.02
Levy for 1903	267,017.02

From these figures it will appear that the average amount levied for city purposes each year under Truelsens was \$267,017.02, and the average levy under Hugo was \$431,836.01. The average levy made under Hugo was \$58,014.92 per year greater than under Truelsens, or an increase of over 15 per cent.

The total taxes collected for city purposes under the Truelsens and Hugo administrations are as follows:

For 1896	\$267,017.02
For 1897	267,017.02
For 1898	267,017.02
For 1899	267,017.02
For 1900	267,017.02
For 1901	267,017.02
For 1902	267,017.02
For 1903	267,017.02

The average amount collected for city purposes each year under Truelsens' administration was \$354,090.39, and the average amount collected under Hugo's administration was \$412,640.02. Mr. Hugo has collected an average of \$58,549.63 per year more than Mr. Truelsens did, or an increase of over 16 per cent.

In whatever way the figures are taken, they show that Mr. Hugo has not been as economical in his expenditures as Mr. Truelsens was. Mr. Hugo has had the advantage of thousands of dollars' worth of real property that has been added to the active, tax-paying list, that was not paying a cent of taxes under the Truelsens administration. Thousands of dollars per year have been paid into the treasury under Mr. Hugo's administration, by the compromise of old assessments and taxes, that Mr. Truelsens never received. Whether Mr. Hugo has got the additional money out of the taxpayers by raising the valuations, or by raising the rate, or by both means, he got the money. The taxpayers have paid the bills. All such improvements as street paving, new sidewalks, sewers, and other

improvements of like nature have been charged up against the abutting property, and have not been included in or paid out of the general tax levies or tax receipts.

The mayor says in his speeches that for the last four years the city has been run more economically than ever before. But the figures, taken from the books of the county treasurer, county auditor and city treasurer, the official records, belie his words. The general increase noted in the figures given above will be borne out by each taxpayer examining his own tax receipts for the past eight years. If every voter whose tax receipts show Mr. Hugo has run an economical administration, as compared with Mr. Truelsens, will vote for him, and every one whose tax receipts show the contrary will vote for Dr. Cullum, the mayor will have no political prestige rolled up next Tuesday on which to run either for congressman or governor.

THE DAWES COMMISSION.

The Dawes Indian commission will be legislated out of existence very soon, if certain members of congress have their say in the matter. The way this aggregation of government employes have husbanded their jobs has caused much unfavorable comment and a determined effort will be made at this session of congress to define the limit within which the commission shall complete its work. Many reports have been current regarding this commission, which has had charge of the distribution of lands to the Indians in Indian territory. These reports have been particularly frequent and more or less serious during the past year as reflecting upon the commission, and it has come to a point where official notice will be taken of them by congress.

The house committee on Indian affairs has discussed the situation more or less during the present session, and there seems to be a general feeling among its members that the commission ought to be abolished and that a competent man should be placed in charge of the work to finish it. Representative Curtis of Kansas, an authority on Indian affairs and a member of the committee, gave notice that he would prepare an amendment to an Indian appropriation bill limiting the time for the completion of the work of the Dawes commission to July 1, 1905. This will give the commission just one more year's lease of life, but Mr. Curtis is of the opinion that it can close up its business in the Indian territory in that time. It is not improbable that the report of the committee will precipitate a debate in the house that will lead to a congressional investigation of the Dawes commission.

The commission began operations in 1893. In 1898 it gave congress assurances that it would be able to complete its work in four years. In 1900 it said that if given a large appropriation it could wind up affairs in the territory by July, 1903. It is admitted that its work was delayed at that time by the action of the interior department, the work of the citizenship court and other causes, but there is widespread feeling in congress that the Dawes commission is working an endless-chain system, and Mr. Curtis, who is the most influential authority in congress on Indian legislation, is determined to fix a limit to the existence of the commission. Mr. Curtis will also propose that the secretary of the interior shall be placed in control of the leasing of all lands belonging to the full-blood Indians and their children, and to authorize him to issue certificates to full-bloods after application and an investigation has been made, permitting them to transact their own business.

FOR PURER POLITICS.

According to Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania, half the nominations for congress are held up at auction, and go to the highest bidder. Mr. Palmer is strongly opposed to such a condition, and has introduced a bill "to define and punish bribery in elections and political conventions." It is quite a novel measure and proposes to place on the statute books a law which would work a complete revolution in American politics. The bill provides that if a candidate for congress in any state shall, directly or indirectly, give, offer or promise to give, to any elector any gift, or reward in money, goods, or other valuable thing, or any office, employment, or employment, on condition that such elector shall cast, give, retain or withhold his vote, or use his influence at a nominating convention for or against any particular candidate, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not exceeding \$300, and be imprisoned for a term not exceeding three months.

The proposed law is as severe on electors, and proposes that any voter who receives money or reward of any kind, even in the shape of promises of office, from a candidate for congress, or any of the latter's agents, friends or servants, he shall be subject to the same punishment. Any elector who merely offers to give his vote for prizes of reward is to be subject to the same fine and imprisonment.

Mr. Palmer's bill is complete in detail and is intended to cover the subject thoroughly. Members of congress who know how Pennsylvania Republican politics are dominated by machine action, are wondering what particular incident caused Mr. Palmer to draft his bill. The congressional directory shows that Mr. Palmer is serving his second term in congress. At one time he was attorney general for the state, but that was long before Matthew Quay got a grip on the politics of the commonwealth.

Mr. Palmer is in deadly earnest in this matter and proposes to urge the adoption of the bill with all his power. The idea is a good one and should secure the support of all honest congressmen. They would be much better off by having such a law, and the people certainly would be also.

The people of Duluth are glad to be assured by the election of Mr. Powell, as vice-president of the Pittsburgh Steamship company, that its general offices will remain here. And no more popular choice for vice-president could have been made.

The Omaha Bee says that retail merchants of the country should observe the effect of the parcels post in Great Britain. The retail dealers in British provincial towns have not been driven out of business and the parcels post has been in operation for many years.

Despite the below-zero weather, there are signs of spring. There are strawberries in the market.

PUBLICATIONS.

THE TIP

A Fragrant Coaching Story, BY EMERY POTTER.

THE GEORGIA CRACKERS, BY J. KANE, HARRIS, J. W. OSBORN, ELY, C. F. ALBRECHT, MINNEAPOLIS, W. J. CORLISS, EDELMAN, A. ALLISON, MINNEAPOLIS, GEORGE, H. HAMLIN, STILLWATER.

OUTING

The Magazine of Human Interest in Outdoor Life

Edited by CASPAR WHITNEY

HOTEL GOSSIP

The principal topic discussed in the hotel lobbies last night and today was the race on the ice which will be pulled off today between Honest Abe and Captain S. The match has attracted considerable interest among hotel guests on the ranges and a goodly number of them came down this noon for the express purpose of witnessing the performance.

Beets were being freely wagged last night at the St. Louis hotel but no odd jokes were heard from the hotel lobby. If a person related quip after quip among the horsemen in the lobby he could hear remarks something like the following:

"Well, I don't take the bet but you have no business putting up your money on that horse. He stands no more show than Hugo did when he got elected mayor."

"Look here, if you think that I am giving my money down to take a bet, I am not distributing my coin just for the purpose of losing it. I'll cover all the money you put up if you will give me what I think is a little bit the best bet."

"No, I would not give you odds because you can get into any mischief. I guess you never will learn anything until someone gets a big bunch away from you and loses it. I'll bet the better of it."

"At this point in the conversation a Minnesota man entered into the conversation, remarking:

"Have you people got an election coming off up here? I heard something about it down the state a couple of weeks ago. I don't know whether it is true or not, but nothing except down on race horses. Where are the money and what are their names?"

"Captain S. and Honest Abe."

"I'll take a word worth of Honest Abe, although I do not know the difference between the two. I'll bet you can't tell the money was quickly covered and the race continued."

"The word" that was handed out on each horse could hardly be termed of a fair nature. The money was quickly covered and the race continued."

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SATURDAY NIGHT TALK

Calamities and Faith.

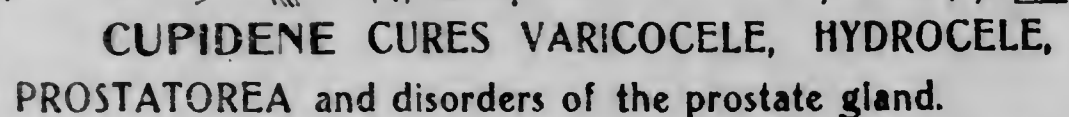
Every now and then something strikes into our lives which raises afresh the old question, "How can such things happen when an all-powerful and all-loving God is supposed to exist?" It may be a great public tragedy like a railway accident or a theater fire. Quite as likely it may be some private grief of which the man in the next street never hears. "How can God bear it?" groaned Oliver Wendell Holmes once when his great heart was overwhelmed with a sense of the misery and pain in the world.

In such emergencies some people would altogether repress doubt and questioning by saying all we can do is blindly to trust. No reasoning, it is true, can fully illuminate the mystery, and I am not so foolish as to think that I can throw great light upon a subject which the wise men of the ages have sought to penetrate into and explain. But the human mind was given us to use, and if we can find even the rudiments of an explanation which may appear to us as intelligent as well as to our faith, we are bound to seek them.

We shall never have any better analogy of the relations of the Creator of this universe to his human creatures than that of the family. Fatherhood in God must be understood by fatherhood in man. Does the earthly father not formerly spare his offspring from every shock of pain? Does he not sometimes let him find out and experience that fire burns, that a knife cuts, that snow and ice freeze? What kind of a child would you have if you so safeguarded him and so padded his surroundings that he never felt the rough, hard, painful side of life and its discipline from the cold plunge in the morning because the first shock was unpleasant, if you never let him find out and experience that wrong-doing brings its inevitable penalty.

What kind of a universe should we have if men could go on transgressing known laws, winking slyly at public statutes devised to preserve life, if men could trample upon rational, precautionary measures and never be brought summarily up to the fearful consequences of their lawlessness? This universe is sound at the core. The tremendous physical forces in it like fire and electricity are means of punishment and not to curse mankind. But each child as it grows up has to learn for himself what the penalties are in any what extent he may handle the forces of his own nature and of the universe and at each point he may not transgress boundaries that have been set for him.

And, but the innocent sufferer with the guilty? We should not complain so much if the only victims of the Chicago fire had been the persons whose carelessness or negligence had caused the fire. It is the sufferer who is responsible for the fearful loss of life. Yes, this is the sad fact of the ages, that the innocent suffer for the guilty. We should not complain so much if the only victims of the Chicago fire had been the persons whose carelessness or negligence had caused the fire. It is the sufferer who is responsible for the fearful loss of life. Yes, this is the sad fact of the ages, that the innocent suffer for the guilty. We should not complain so much if the only victims of the Chicago fire had been the persons whose carelessness or negligence had caused the fire. It is the sufferer who is responsible for the fearful loss of life. Yes, this is the sad fact of the ages, that the innocent suffer for the guilty. 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We should not complain so much if the only victims of the Chicago fire had been the persons whose carelessness or negligence had caused the fire. It is the sufferer who is responsible for the fearful loss

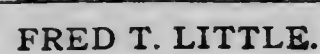


DAVOL MEDICINE COMPANY
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
For Sale By MAX WIRTH, Duluth, Minn.

Fifty years before the American war vessels steamed into the harbor of Manila the city was visited by Fred T. Little, of this city, who was at that time a sailor on the Ohio. He had an adventure which he tells in a story of travel and adventure that would compare favorably with many stories of fiction. When but a lad, 17 years of age, he ran away from his home in Pennsylvania.

"I was anxious to see the country, especially the West of which I had heard so much," says Mr. Little, "and of some of the experiences of his early manhood. There were all kinds of adventures about the West, and I determined to see it for myself. My father was opposed to my going, but I went anyway, and after a few days' run off."

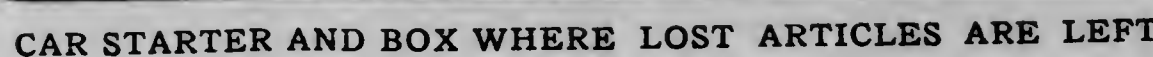
"One night I crept out the door, and took my gun and a couple of dollars in my pocket, containing a shirt, some underclothing and a pair of hose, and ran away from home. I first came to a little town on the Ohio, and there I got work with a cattlemen. After a while I came to St. Louis, and then I



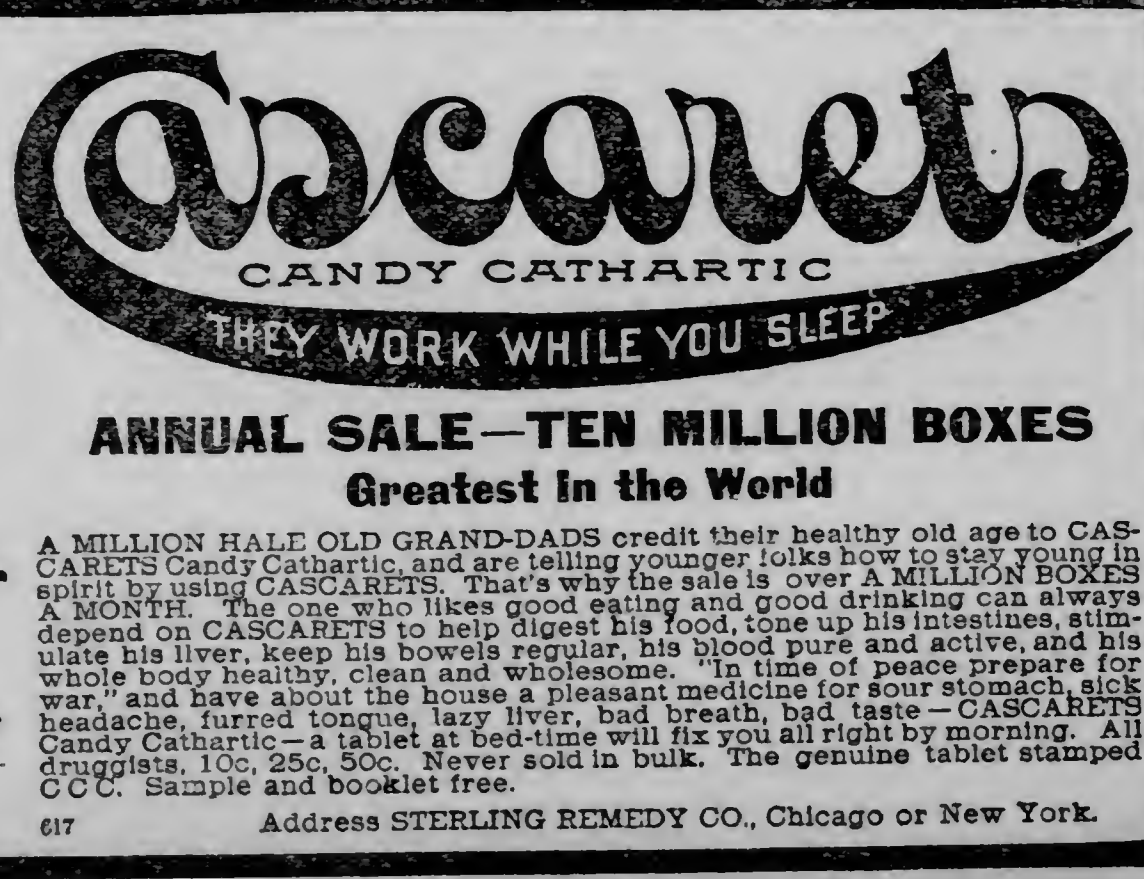
apply to the American consul for assistance, and there I found that the captain had left instructions concerning me, and I was given a pass back to New Orleans on a Spanish vessel.

"When I got back to New Orleans I found the Europa and rejoined her. The captain then cleared for Genoa, Naples, and other points in the Mediterranean. From here we went on to Hong Kong. The captain had on board about

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MASTER E. COLE SHOES.



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Real Estate Directory of Duluth

European Owner Wishes to Sell Property Cheap.

\$7250 Thoroughly modern house with barn and trees, land 75x140 feet, on Second street, near Second avenue east. Actual value, \$12,000. \$3200 down, balance \$4050. Water and sewer, in one of the best locations on West Third street, in West End. Actual value, \$3000; land, \$200; total \$3200.

\$1100 Lot 50 by 140 feet on upper side of West Third street, near 15th avenue east. Worth \$1000.

\$3650 Lot 75x140 feet on upper side of First street, near Third avenue east. Actual value, \$4000.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

List Your Property Properly With Us!



\$7850 On easy terms for a strait lot of city all in first-class condition. 10 rooms, hot water heat; must be sold. For upper corner in center of city, with 9-room modern house, full basement, hot water heat. This is a bargain.

\$4300 For beautiful modern home in Lakeside. Full stone basement, hot water heat, electric light and gas, fine corner.

\$2500 East End, electric light, sewer, close to car line. For ten-room house in East End, stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, electric light. This is a bargain.

\$4200 For fine home in East End, full stone basement, furnace heat, electric light, water, sewer, bath, and all improvements in. Asks no more than it is worth.

\$600 Second avenue East.

5% MONEY TO LOAN

\$1000 will buy half a block, eight lots, \$2000 each. In Lakeside, only four blocks from car line. These lots are well worth \$250 each.

\$900 will buy a lot on upper side of Fifth street, near Fifth avenue East. Water and sewer.

\$2250 will buy a seven-room house and lot, 40x100, St. Croix avenue, next to school house.

\$1000 will buy one of the finest corner lots in Duluth, near car line.

\$4000 buys new modern brick residence, East End. Monthly installment plan.

Julius D. Howard & Co.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Improved Farms Half Price.

Genuine bargains near Alborn—120 acres fine land, no stone, good house, 18-acre meadow, hay cut in one day, on terms. Good roads and schools, and prices are going up quickly. Only other snags in farm lands. See us.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

\$4000 takes two large houses and city, paying 20 per cent on investment. Takes fine 10x140 corner on Fifth street, very cheap.

\$1750 takes two large houses and city, paying 20 per cent on investment. Takes fine 10x140 corner on Fifth street, very cheap.

A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203
Fidelity Bldg.

\$2500 Eleven-room house on East Third street. Water, sewer, seven-room house, hot water heat, strictly modern. East End.

\$4300 Fine improved property on Fourth street. Good income.

\$6000 Exchange building, Zenith place 25.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
800 Exchange Building, Zenith place 25.

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
208 First National Bank Building.

5% MONEY TO LOAN

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO. Lonsdale Bldg.

\$3650 Eight-room house on East Third street. Water, sewer, seven-room house, hot water heat, strictly modern. East End.

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HOMES

A GOOD TIME TO BUY ONE

\$7000 for a 3-room house in East End, on Superior street. Corner lot, 50x140; steam heat, stone foundation, porcelain bath tub, two mantels, gas, etc. Hardwood floors throughout and finish down stairs.

\$3500 Seven-room house on East Third street, near Twelfth avenue East. Stone foundation, cement cellar, gas and fire place. Hardwood floors throughout and finish down stairs.

\$3300 for 3-room house on East Third street, near Twelfth avenue East. Stone foundation, cement cellar, gas and fire place. Hardwood floors throughout and finish down stairs.

\$1900 Eight-room house, near Twelfth avenue West. Stone foundation, new house. Hardwood floors in 3 rooms. Office on West Fourth street. Huron street. \$100 cash and \$450 per month. Above only samples.

\$1000 MANY BARGAINS at West Duluth. FOR RENT.

Large house, centrally located, suitable for roomers or boarding house. Office on West Fourth street. Huron street. \$100 cash and \$450 per month. Above only samples.

MONEY TO LOAN—Lowest Rates.
Stryker, Manley & Buck.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.
Two six-room houses, Superior street, near Twelfth avenue West. 19 acres near pump house. Lots on Park Point, exclusive lists. Acres, from \$500 up.

FOR RENT.
Three modern six-room flats at 1257 West Third street. Heat and light furnished.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.,
303 Lonsdale Bldg.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

Do You Carry Any Fire Insurance

on your household goods? If not, call on us and we will promptly write you up in solid and substantial fire insurance companies. Office open during the noon hour and until 6 o'clock p. m. Telephone number, 333, either phone.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
No. 1 Exchange Building.

\$1500 for a good eight-room house on First avenue East, lot 70x120, with abundance of good water.

\$4500 for a business property at 190 West Superior street. Rented for \$85 a year. A good investment.

\$1000 will buy four East End lots, 50x150 each. A good investment.

\$600 for a two-story house and barn, with four lots, at corner of Second and Superior streets. Twenty-sixth avenue West. The building alone cost more than the land. It is a fine home for two lots in Lakeside, 100 feet front, on graded street, had not been so long over stocks this past year. One broker said, yesterday, he had it from reliable sources that fully \$150,000 worth of Duluth property had been sold in the last few months. He said that the amount in real estate would be made the finest in the country. He found elsewhere in the country that so long as people would continue to put their money into stocks the real estate market must suffer.

\$750 for a two lots in Lakeside, 100 feet front, on graded street, had not been so long over stocks this past year. One broker said, yesterday, he had it from reliable sources that fully \$150,000 worth of Duluth property had been sold in the last few months. He said that the amount in real estate would be made the finest in the country. He found elsewhere in the country that so long as people would continue to put their money into stocks the real estate market must suffer.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 MESABA BLOCK.

\$100,000
TO LOAN.
Large and small amounts.
Lowest current rates.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON
Providence Bldg.

\$1200 Six-room house on Helm street. Water and sewer in street. 200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

\$3000 Desirable home in the East End. 100 feet front, on graded street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

\$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything 8000.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

A BARGAIN!
An eight-room house, furnace heat, electric light, water, sewer and bath, with full size lot and all street improvements. Located on West Fourth street, near Twelfth avenue.

Only \$2500
G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Alworth Building.

WE WILL GO ON YOUR

BOND

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
Lonsdale Bldg.

\$3650 Eight-room house on East Third street. Water, sewer, seven-room house, hot water heat, strictly modern. East End.

\$4300 Fine improved property on Fourth street. Good income.

\$6000 Exchange building, Zenith place 25.

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BANNING BLOCK

SOLD THIS WEEK

Corner at Second Avenue West and Superior Street

Sold By Duncan & Brewer to Outside Investors

—Demand For Heated Flats Is Heavy and Dealers Wonder That More Are Not Built.

This week has been marked with another large and important transfer of Superior street property.

Duncan & Brewer have sold to outside parties the Banning block, at the corner of Second avenue west and Superior street, for a consideration of \$30,000. The sale was negotiated through the office of Little & Nolte. The property has been bought for an investment.

The Banning block is built of stone and is one of the Superior street landmarks. It occupies a space fronting fifty feet on Superior street and running back 140 feet to the alley.

The building comprises two stories, besides the basement, the first floor on Superior street being occupied by the Superior Shoe company and Elschen Bros. In the rear, fronting the alley, is J. H. Edwards & Co.

The second floor is occupied by offices, dressmaking establishments and a furrier's place.

Aside from the large sale above mentioned, the actual sales for the week have been few, though the market has still a strong undertone. Some dealers claim they have been busier, in fact, than during the preceding two weeks. The sale of the Banning property indicates something of the confidence still felt by outside investors in Duluth realty.

The Duluth realty market is likely to see the close of some more large Superior street sales to parties living outside the city.

Local inquiry at the present time tends mostly toward lower priced properties.

Farm land dealers assert that the cold weather has had little effect on the inquiry for agricultural lands in this vicinity. Mr. Snively, of the Boston & Duluth Agency, says:

"His office has been about as busy with its inquiries as during December. The sale of the Banning block is a good indication of the confidence in the city claim that while spring and fall are the logical periods for real estate movement in Duluth, there would be a good business right along if people had not been so long over stocks this past year. One broker said, yesterday, he had it from reliable sources that fully \$150,000 worth of Duluth property had been sold in the last few months. He said that the amount in real estate would be made the finest in the country. He found elsewhere in the country that so long as people would continue to put their money into stocks the real estate market must suffer."

"Duluth," he said, "has been an easy mark for the stock market operators. They come here from every part of the country to unload mining stocks now."

Designs have been called for this week on several new buildings that are being contemplated by the contractors, but so far as can be learned no new contracts were placed. The contractors are waiting for the winter to finish up work that has been on all winter beside the large amount of new work started this month.

Hill & Bray, the architects, commenced the remodeling and the rebuilding of an addition to the Thomas Jay Lumber company, near Charlotteville, Va. The place was recently bought by Charles Edgar and is expected to make his future home in the South.

The contracting firm of McLeod & Smith have purchased, through the agency of C. H. Graves & Company, a 50-foot lot on the upper side of First street, between Lake avenue and First avenue East. The lot is the second of a block of five lots, which the contractors a large amount of work for their work in several localities while it is being prepared for improvement, sometime in the future.

Stryker, Manley & Buck report the sale of a lot at Nineteenth avenue East and Third street, to Frank Carlson, a house and lot on Fourth street, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenues West to John Schaffer, for \$2000, and a lot on Park Point, for \$250. The firm reports inquiry even better than during the preceding week. Several offers have been made and are now being considered.

Steam heated flats are at a premium. The cold weather has caused many people now living in rented houses to seek heated flats and the rental agencies are besieged with inquiries. A single instance which will explain the condition is mentioned in connection with a recent advertisement in The Herald, of three steam heated flats for rent in the West End. The agency handling the flats reports at least 15 applications for each and says that they would have had as many more had the building been located further east.

Steam heated flats are practically out of the market, and have been for some weeks past. Some of the rental agencies have long lists of the names of people who are waiting for the first opportunity that offers of getting a flat.

The inducements for men of capital to invest in new flat buildings are of

the best and it is a matter of surprise to the agents that there is not more activity along this line of building.

A number of permits have been taken out this month for small homes ranging in cost from \$300 to \$1500.

Transfers for the week were as follows:

Duluth & Duluth Farm Land Co. to Wm. Tottersfield, lot 2, section 18-12, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

H. C. Fulton to R. B. Baker, lot 2, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

Andrew Peterson to J. K. Kallant, Rosing in Chgo. East, section 34, ne 1/4, section 35-18, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

Jonas Peterson et al. to T. F. Naughton, lot 10, block 23, V. 2, T. H. Davey et ux to John Clark, lot 1 and 6 1/2, section 35, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

4. Evelyn et al. to H. C. Fulton, lot 2, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

Grover W. W. to J. K. Kallant, lot 2, block 5, Ashawa, 1500.

Frank W. Love to J. K. Kallant, lot 11 and 12, block 28, Virginia, 500.

Patrick Creamy to J. K. Kallant, 1/2, ne 1/4, and 1/2, se 1/4, section 15-11, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

G. L. Robinson et ux to Wm. Rastkamen, 1/2, ne 1/4, section 15-11, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

F. L. Buell to W. T. Marvin, lot 20, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth.

E. M. Fowler et al. to Arthur H. Fleming, trustee, lot 24, West Duluth, Fifth division.

Charles W. W. to J. K. Kallant, lot 1, block 2, section 31-50-14, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

Victor Nelson to Nels Anderson, ne 1/4, sec 15, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

P. J. and W. J. to J. K. Kallant, ne 1/4, sec 15, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

Val Blatta Brewing company, 40 Acres, Duluth, metes and bounds.

August P. P. to J. K. Kallant, lot 1, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

Carlson, w 1/2, lot 13, block 7, Enclave, Duluth, metes and bounds.

Same to L. H. Swenson, 1/2, same.

August P. P. to J. K. Kallant, lot 1, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

Figuer, lot 1, block 18, Sparia.

Ingelborg, Duluth, metes and bounds.

Brant, lot 6, block 11, Highland Park addition.

Same to L. H. Swenson, 1/2, same.

Mary R. Brenner to M. J. MacLeod et al., lot 2, East First street, Duluth Proper, First Division.

W. A. L. to J. K. Kallant, lot 1, section 31-50-14, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

Dan Haley et ux to J. K. Kallant, ne 1/4, sec 15, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division.

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THE WAY WE DO IT!

RESULTS

NOT PROMISES

This house purchased for Mr. Henry Block, 420 East Ninth St. He pays us \$9.00 per month until his total payments amount to \$1075.00. No interest.

LET US DO THE SAME FOR YOU!

NATIONAL HOME INVESTMENT CO., Inc.,
Suite 403 Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

50.00 partly covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

"Marguerite—Charles Wilson, who had just been released from the Marquette prison, was killed by a car on Jan. 25, while on his way to his home in Grand Rapids.

Calumet—Mike Karvia fell 25 feet down No. 2 shaft of the Isle Royale mine, being killed instantly. He had been married only two months.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Hattie Pilcher, Charged With Drugging Clerk, Is Released.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Miller—Hattie Pilcher, the young school teacher, who has been under arrest, charged with complicity in drugging William Quick and attempting to rob Collins drug store, on Jan. 25, has been discharged from custody as a result of her preliminary hearing. She has been held in custody since Jan. 15, on a charge of attempted robbery was wounded in the back. She had told several different stories as to how she received her wound, but the prosecution was unable to connect her with the Quick case.

Mitchell—The congested condition of the insane hospital at Yankton has led the board of charities and corrections to make social arrangements for the housing of additional patients during the warm weather. Secretary Tipton says the action has been taken by the board to secure tents for summer use. It is the intention to take about 100 patients, whose dispositions are mild and whose ailments are not of a dangerous nature, and place them in tents during the warm months. The attorneys are making elaborate arrangements for the entertainment of the State Bar association here when the supreme court meets in March.

Bismarck—The estate of the late Dr. R. H. Porter, who died a year ago at Agfa, India, while on a tour of the world, has been finally administered by the British authorities at Agfa, and the personal effects, money and other valuables have been forwarded to the administrator in this city. Explanatory letters have been received, stating that a box containing effects had been forwarded by express from Calcutta to the state depository at Agfa, and will reach the relatives in due time.

Porter was one of the best known physicians in the Northwest and earned especial prominence through having been given the honor of being elected a delegate at the time of the Custer massacre. He was a member of the Custer memorial society and was one of the most prominent of the Custer memorial society.

Mandan—A committee consisting of J. R. Clark, A. E. Thorberg and W. H. Brown, went to Washington, D. C., to a delegation from Bismarck, discuss the location of the Indian school, which act of congress locates "at or near Mandan."

It was understood from the delegation in congress that the school was to be located on the west side of the river, but various visits from inspectors it

was decided to locate it east of the river. Indian Commissioner Jones had inspected the sites offered by Mandan, pronounced one of them ideal. The Bismarck committee, consisting of Mayor Register, Capt. Baker and Senator C. B. Little, on Feb. 2 the committee will meet the secretary of the interior.

HERALD

It transforms the seeker into a finder. A Herald want ad is the don't worry way of locating things.....

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT.

We will build a three-story brick hotel, steam heated, all modern appliances, on the corner of Twenty-fifth avenue West and Superior street. Immediate possession. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

A 60-foot lot on Lake avenue, just above Fifth street—price \$1300.

Top on Twenty-third and fourth avenues West, five per cent cash and the balance in three years at 6 per cent, to parties who will build.

A ten-room house near Bryant school, for rent, near fine station, on the Mesaba tracks.

\$1100

Interstate Land & Investment Co., Providence Building.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

SPECIAL MAGAZINE OFFER. To introduce the Brown Book in every city, we will give the first 100 that send me \$1.00 the Brown Book and the Modern Woman for one year, also a chance to participate in our guessing contest. We will give 50 free to the Europe, all expenses paid. As to the Brown Book, the Federal Trust Co., of Boston, or any mercantile agency, H. L. Douglas, Rochester, Minn., western representative. Cut out and mail today.

H. L. Douglas, Rochester, Minn.

Please enter my subscription to the Brown Book and Modern Woman for one year, which I enclose \$1.00.

Name.....

Street.....

City.....

State.....

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE. On business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313 Bank of Commerce bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

100 LOTS FREE—FIRST 100 APPLICANTS sending stamp will receive deed of a lot, size 25x100 feet to advertise Westernmost Park, suburb New York, 20th Century Realty Co., 6 Wall st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—ONE-THIRD OR ONE-HALF interest in established business. Women's Tailor, suburb New York, annually on investment. E. G. Herald.

WANTED—TO SHIP HOUSEHOLD goods in car with party moving to Washington. Have about one-third of carload for Honolulu, Wash., S. 4, Herald.

WANTED—PARTNER, OR WILL SELL confectionery and grocery, doing good business, 38 Lake avenue south.

FINE ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURING and commercial business. Good chance for active man. Good money. Owner leaving city. N. 41, Herald.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—Thos. F. McGilvery, mgr. 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and plans drawn, and supervised for waterworks, sewers, etc.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and finishers. Dry cleaning, class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street, Duluth; 910 Tower, Superior, both phones.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both phones.

MINES AND MINING.

I WILL SELL MARCONI WIRELESS at \$5 and all other stocks cheap. R. H. Schuchman, Germania Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—LIMITED NUMBER OF shares in first-class mining property; also Arizona copper, silver, and gold mines, partially developed. It will pay to investigate. M. Jacoby, 26 Manhattan building.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suiter's. Humes HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL—In matter of the estate of Jared F. Phelps, deceased.

Charles, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the Last Will and Testament of said Jared F. Phelps late died in said county of Madison, New York, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of Madison, New York, and that said petitioner is devisee in, and executor of the Will of said Jared F. Phelps, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to himself issued thereon.

And whereas John W. Howson has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Jared F. Phelps lately died in said county of Madison, New York, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of Madison, New York, and that said petitioner is devisee in, and executor of the Will of said Jared F. Phelps, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to himself issued thereon.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of said hearing be filed before this court prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 16th day of January, A. D. 1904.

By J. B. MIDDLECOFF, Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 16-23-30, 1904.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH. Minn., Jan. 20, 1904. Sealed proposals for dredging about 40,000 cu. yds. at Grand Marais, Mich., and 80,000 cu. yds. at Superior, Wis., will be received here until noon Feb. 2, 1904, or then by mail opened. Information on application. Chas. L. Potter, Engr., Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 24-6-30, Feb. 1, 1904.

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—LARGE HOUSE IN VERY central location, suitable for rooming or boarding house. Immediate possession. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT—BRICK HOUSE, 19-quire Bloom & Co.

FOR RENT—BOARDING HOUSE, 20 rooms, 228 Lake avenue South.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, CITY water and toilet, West End. J. D. Howard & Co.

SIX-ROOM DETACHED HOUSE, Bath, water, 321 West First street, O. C. Hartman & Co., 209 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—7-ROOM HOUSE, WITH basement, \$15 per month, 906 Garfield avenue.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE, \$15 Inquire 320 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—MODERN TEN-ROOM house, No. 14 Nineteenth avenue east, Richardson, Day & Co., Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE IN East End. Good locality. References required. No. 26 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. Bldg., Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STEAM-HEATED FUR-nished room, with board 415 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE, NEWLY furnished room, suitable for one or two gentlemen, 315 West Fourth street, top flat.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS—Will allow light housekeeping, 19 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room, modern, private family, 603 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, UPSTAIRS, furnished, modern, private family, 209 West Second street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS furnished, modern, private family, 209 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AT 120 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping, 220 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—LARGE WELL furnished room, with board for two; reasonable. Old phone 1162-M.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room, all modern conveniences, suitable for one or two gentlemen, use of phone. Apply 207 West Third street.

FOR RENT—A LARGE FURNISHED room, all modern conveniences, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Use of phone. Apply 207 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 7 West Second street.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED FUR-nished room, suitable for two gentlemen, 12 West Second street.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED room, single, or suitable for ladies or gentlemen. Phone service. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms; heat, light and use of phone; price \$4 and \$8. 600 West Third street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping, 12 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen, 206 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen, 310 West Fourth street, upstairs.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED FUR-nished room, bath, electric light and phone service. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED FUR-nished room, central, gas and bath. Use of phone, 116 West Fourth street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved city property—6 per cent interest—3 or 5 years' time. On or before privilege.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO., 220 West Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY? DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people, without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY, 51 Manhattan place, Bell phone 738-R. Zenith phone 866.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from \$10 to \$100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage. In-door or out-door. Call and investigate our methods. We are the cheapest and best in the city.

MINN. LOAN COMPANY, 206 Palladio Bldg. New phone 333. Old phone 68 M.

CASH IN ANY AMOUNTS ON PIANOS, furniture or jewelry. Don't let other advertisements mislead you. Get our rates before making loans elsewhere. Quick and confidential. Kensington, Cal. Zenith phone 701. 301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 206 Exchange bldg.

MONEY LOANED ON SHOT GUNS, rifles and revolvers. Guaranteed to take good care of your firearms and hold them one year. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH IN tracts of forty acres or more, for 42¢ at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranteed. Farm Land Company, 410 Lyceum building, Duluth, Minn.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CAR-pet cleaning, 12 West Second street, Michigan St. New phone 318; old, 706-5.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—GOOD SECOND-HAND, 40-50 H. P. portable boiler and centrifugal pump. Also good dumpy for dump, 10x10x16. Fred W. Wyland, 101 Manhattan building.

WANTED TO BUY FOR CASH—RE-frigerator, in good condition. Address P. O. Box 33, Duluth.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—SMALL FLAT, FURNISHED or unfurnished, or three or four rooms for housekeeping, \$5, Herald.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, 832 West Third street, Leader of orchestra, Zenith phone 606.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

WANTED—TO BORROW.

WANTED—\$500, THREE YEARS, SIX per cent on income, business property. E. R. Brainerd, Room 144, Spaulding building.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 402-404 TORREY BLDG.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. Day and evening practice. White Providence building.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BLACK AND WHITE ENGLISH setter. Finder will be rewarded by calling on A. W. Lord, old phone 1383, or returning to 207 West Third street.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LI-censed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 4 West Superior street.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Hennickson Jewelry Co., 33 West Superior street.

TELEGRAPHY TAUGHT.

WE TEACH IT QUICKLY—OUR FACIL-ities are unequalled for practical instruction. Day and evening practice. White Providence building.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio bldg.

LOGGING HORSES—A large as-sortment constantly on hand; also farm mares, general purpose horses and drivers. Look over our stock before purchasing elsewhere. The largest assortment can be found in the entire Northwest. BARRETT & COMPANY, 106 Broadway, New York City.

FOR SALE—HORSES. We have just received two carloads of extra fine logging horses, shipped by E. G. Neill, of Wisconsin, Minn. Our stables are located in alley, between Superior and First streets, monthly payments. \$25.00 down. Call for particulars. BARRETT & COMPANY, 106 Broadway, New York City.

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

LADIES: MOST PROFITABLE HOME work; \$5 to \$10 weekly. Material free. No canvassing. Steady work. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34-36ast Monroe street, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL Midland hotel, 210 West Second street.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLE-men canvassers for pictures for the city and on the road, experience advanced. Address M. J. Scammon, Commercial building, 210 West Second and Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

LADIES TO DO PIECE WORK at their homes. We furnish all material and from 10¢ to 25¢ weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34-36ast Monroe street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES: \$30 PER 100 WRITING letters from copy, send stamped addressed envelope with application. Occidental Wholesale Co., 1417 N. Chicago, Ill.

LADIES TO DO COPIING AT HOME. Good wages; material furnished. No canvassing. Send stamped addressed envelope for particulars. Guarantee Co., No. 83, Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL for general housework, 342 West Second St., 122 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK—THE RAL-ston, 122 East First street.

LADY TO INTRODUCE OUR GOODS. Can make good income, if possessed of ability. No canvassing. Send stamped addressed envelope for particulars. Guarantee Co., No. 83, Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL for general housework, 408 West Second street.

WANTED—AT ONCE—A COMPETENT nurse girl. German preferred. 122 West Fourth street.

GIRL TO ASSIST WITH HOUSEWORK. 202 East Fourth street.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN of fair education to travel for low and well-established firm. Salary \$100 per year and expenses. Paid weekly. Address with stamp, stating age and experience. Duluth, Minnesota. General delivery.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 1402 East Fourth street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1904.

PRIZE WINNING FOWLS TELEPHONE WIRES COMING DOWN

That Are Owned By the
Duluth Poultry
Fanciers.

The Zenith City Shows
Are Unsurpassed In
America.

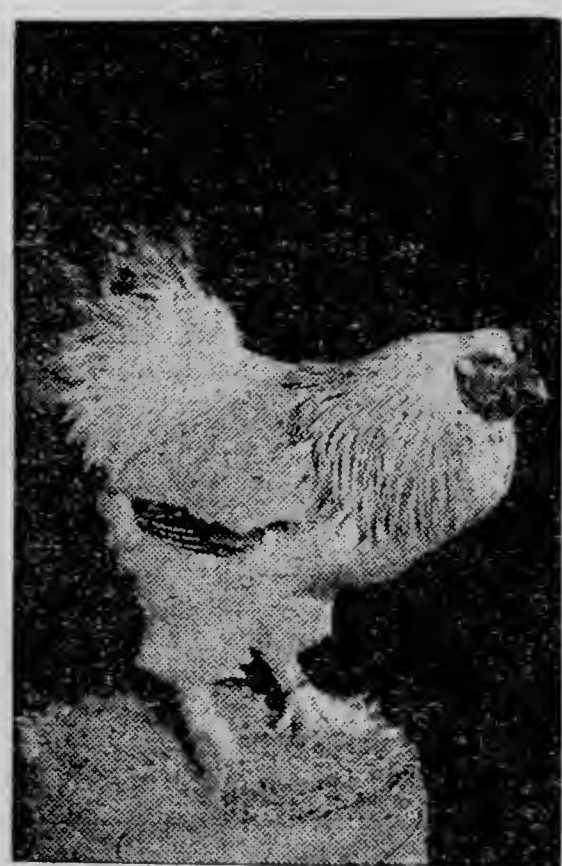
Excel In Quality, Though
They May Have Less
Quantity.

The fact that there is no city in the United States with more fancy poultry stock in proportion to its size than Duluth is entirely due to the efforts of the Duluth Poultry association. Several of the Duluth fanciers have prize-winning fowls which any of the big Eastern fanciers would be proud to possess.

Furthermore, the Zenith city's annual poultry shows, the eighth of which is now in progress, for general excellence of exhibits and average high-scoring qualities, is unsurpassed in America. Fewer birds may be exhibited



GROUP OF WHITE WYANDOTTES,
Owned and Bred By E. H. Smith, of Duluth.



LIGHT BRAHMA COCK,
Owned by Theodore Hollister—Won
first prize at State show at Min-
neapolis, 1904, and first at
present Duluth show.



PRINCESS MARY,
Silver Gray Dorking Hen, owned by
G. Hood Thompson—Took first
prize at Minneapolis show,
1904.



WHITE
WYANDOTTE COCKEREL,
Owned by E. H. Smith, Duluth—Took
second prize at State show at
Minneapolis, 1904—also win-
ner of third prize at Mad-
ison Square Garden,
New York.

ed here than at the state shows, but quality takes the place of quantity. No better proof of the truthfulness of this assertion can be offered than the fact that local birds captured between thirty and forty premiums, many of them firsts, at the state show this year, and then only a portion of the Duluth stock were exhibited.

The Duluth Poultry association has been in existence since the year 1896, when it was organized by G. Hood



WHITE WYANDOTTE PULLET,
Owned by E. H. Smith, of Duluth—
Took first prize at State Poultry
show at Minneapolis, 1904.



ROCCOCO,
Buff Leghorn Cock, owned by H. A.
Nelson, Duluth—Took first prize
at State show at Minneap-
olis, 1904.

HE KNEW HIS BUSINESS.
He was such a steady-looking mortal that he tried to shut the door, but he put his foot in the way.
"Madam," he said, "I am no beggar. I am not going to ask you for a bite to eat. I have a business proposition to make to you."
"A canvasser's just as bad as a beggar," she asserted, but he had to persist with him, for she could not close the door.
"We don't want any looks or patent kitchen ware," he said.
"I do not wish to sell you any," he returned, carefully guarding his words so as to preserve the air of one who has seen better days. "I am no tramp. I am a business man in reduced circum-
stances, who has discovered a great secret that he is willing to part with for the trifling matter of hospitality—merely temporary hospitality. I will give you my secret for a few warmed-over things—whatever you may happen to have—and a cup of hot coffee."
"What is the nature of your secret?" she asked guardedly.
"I have solved that great household problem that has been discussed in so many family magazines of how to live on fifteen cents a week," he replied.
"Others have solved it theoretically, but I have solved it practically."
"Then why don't you practice it?" she demanded.
"Madam," he replied, despondently, "I haven't the fifteen cents. That is why I am willing to part with this great secret for a warmed-over meal and fifteen cents in cash, so that I may get a fair start. Will you pay that much for a really practical recipe?"
"It ought to be worth it," she admitted, "but I've read so many of those things."
"This isn't the result of reading, but of experience," he said, "and you must promise not to part with the secret. Only my necessities compel me to share it with you now."
"I'll risk it," she said.
"Give me the grub," he urged greedily, "and the fifteen cents."
"Now," she said, "what is the recipe?"
"I can best explain it to you," he told her, telling her what a man going to work as to attract attention. By spending a nickel each in three places in such a way as to attract attention, I can make my free lunch credit good for two or three days. It will take them three days to get over the expectation that I'll spend more, and three places will last a man a week. By that time I ought to have enough for another week. Madam, the great secret of living on fifteen cents a week lies in working the free lunch routes properly."

WHITE INDIAN GAME COCK,
Owned by C. W. Stewart, of Duluth—
Prize winner at Minneapolis show.

have given a liberal patronage to the annual exhibitions.
The fanciers are scattered from one end of the city to the other, and several members of the association live in the country immediately tributary to Duluth. The fancy stock movement is gradually extending through the small towns of Northern Minnesota, and following the example set by Duluth, the small towns are each year devoting more time and care to the raising of high-bred fowls. Several choice exhibits at the present show are from the villages in the northern part of the state.

NATURAL INFERENCE.
Mrs. Grayley had not been well enough to go to church; nevertheless, her son, Bobby, was required to attend as usual, says Youth.

"Now," said she, when he came in, "what was the sermon about, Robert?"
"The sermon," replied the boy, "Well, I don't know; it was sort of rambling like. But judging from the text I guess it was about cash boys."
"Nonsense," she remarked. "What put that into your head. Pray, what was the text?"
"All the days of my appointed time will I wait, till my change come."

KING DO DO,
Partridge Wyandotte Cock, owned by
J. W. Nelson, Duluth—Took first
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Thompson, who is still a prominent member. Mr. Thompson was the first president of the association, which originally comprised both Duluth and Superior fanciers. There were nearly as many of the latter as the former, and it was planned to work together for mutual benefit, and to hold shows in both cities.

The first exhibition was held in Duluth in 1896, and was a decided success. One show was held in Superior, with indifferent success, and that was the last for the city across the bay. With the characteristic Superior spirit, the Northern Wisconsin fanciers made up their minds that the effort was not worth their while, and dropped out of the association, which was reorganized in 1898 with only Duluth fanciers as members.

A poultry show has been held in Duluth every year since, except in 1900. Each one has been better than the preceding one, and new members have been added to the association yearly, until now the membership roll contains more than fifty names. The people in general have taken a gratifying interest in the work of the association, and



WIRES AT SIXTH AVENUE WEST, ALL OF WHICH WILL COME DOWN.

Two of the most dangerous corners for the local fire department in case of an overhead fire, have been Fifth and Sixth avenues West and Superior street, where there is a regular network of telephone wires that would handicap the department seriously in case it was found necessary to use ladders.

Some time ago the city council, by resolution, directed the telephone company to place its Superior street wires underground, the city to place its police and fire alarm system wires underground at the same time.

The removal of the wires from overhead in Superior street has been progressing rapidly of late and all the poles and wires, except the poles and trolley wires of the street railway company, have disappeared between Third avenue West and Third avenue East. At the present time the Duluth Telephone company is removing its wires and poles on Superior street between Third and Sixth avenues West and inside of the next two weeks every wire will be underground, and the poles turned into kindling wood.

Some of the old poles have stood for years past and have become regular landmarks. Already their absence has added greatly to the appearance of Superior street, to say nothing of the greater convenience offered the fire department in fighting fires, should one now occur in that district.

In years past fires have occurred in the business portion of the city when the department was hampered for half an hour while its ladders cut the wires so that the ladders could be raised above the second story.

The underground wire movement is a popular one not only in Duluth but in other cities, and in most places the ordinances now require that new companies placing wire shall do so underground, in the streets or in the alleys.

In the alleys of Duluth the underground work has cost a large sum of money because of the solid rock that had to be blasted and removed in localities.

All the city wires are "dead" between Third and Sixth avenues West and will come down in a few days. Instead of the fire alarm boxes attached to old telephone poles, the city now attaches them to a neat painted iron post at the street corners, and the ornamental iron poles that are being placed at the street corners for the arc lights will contain fire alarm boxes inside, a section of the pole having been cut out for a swinging door.

A third picture in the series shows the alley cable box of the Duluth Telephone company, where the cable comes up from the ground and the wires are distributed through the box. The alley cable poles have recently been placed as the cables have been put underground.



BAD NETWORK OF WIRES THAT WILL BE ENTIRELY REMOVED.



CABLE BOX ON POLE IN ONE OF THE ALLEYS.

THE OLD SETTLERS' ASSOCIATION

Address of Retiring President, Henry S. Ely.

Urges Papers on Settling of This Country.

The annual meeting and dinner of the Old Settlers' association was held Wednesday at the Euclid hotel in Superior. An excellent dinner was served, and following this the election of officers for the coming year was held.

The following officers were chosen: President, Robert D. McLean, Superior; vice-president, Andrus R. Merritt, Duluth; permanent secretary, W. S. McCormick, Duluth; assistant secretary, H. S. Butler, Superior; treasurer, A. Zachau, Superior; executive committee, R. D. McLean, chairman, Superior; R. M. Hunter, Duluth, E. F. Berg, Duluth, J. P. Johnson, Duluth, M. S. Bright, Superior, H. S. Butler, Superior.

The following is a copy of the address of the retiring president, Henry S. Ely:

"Pursuant to notice, the Old Settlers' association of the head of Lake Superior has met for the purpose of election of officers for the ensuing year, and for the enjoyment of those social features

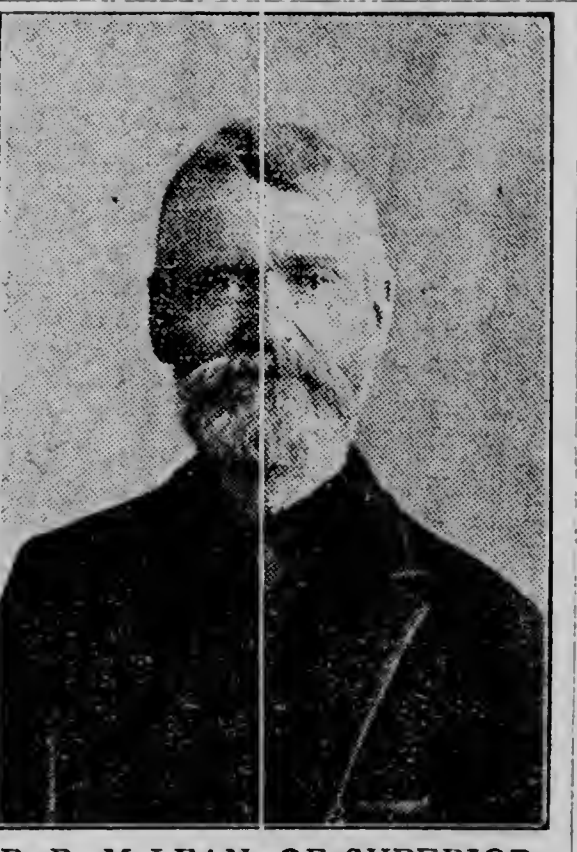
which tend to keep the memory of the struggles endured by the early settlers in this part of the woods.

"The condition of the association is, perhaps, not all that could be desired, is flourishing. We haven't a very large bank account—we still have to make our meals, and there are many things we would like to have and hope some day to possess, but we do have that spirit of good fellowship that goes a long way toward making this association a success. We are glad that there is a growing interest and desire among those not members and who are eligible, as well as among those who are approaching their majority in this respect, to become part of the fellowship, and the membership is being gradually augmented by reason thereof.

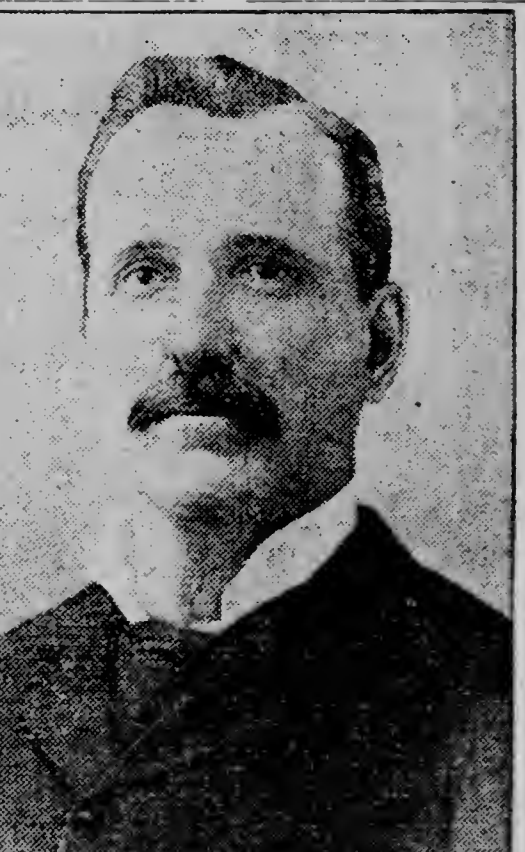
"This association is before the public eye. Its gatherings and jolly outings are features fixed in the public mind.

"We have every reason to believe that this increasing interest will in the near future, place this association in a position where its influence may be felt in the community, and that it will before very long own and occupy permanent quarters for the preservation of its records, the transaction of business and the enjoyment of its social functions, where if its members desire they can dance into the wee small hours; hold windy debates on the state of the union; discuss the habitability of Mars or argue the toxic danger of osatulation with no one to say them nay. Nor is it too much to say that this association will, and it would be eminently proper that it should, take substantial interest in the affairs of the community whose foundations were laid by the pioneers whose memories it was organized to perpetuate.

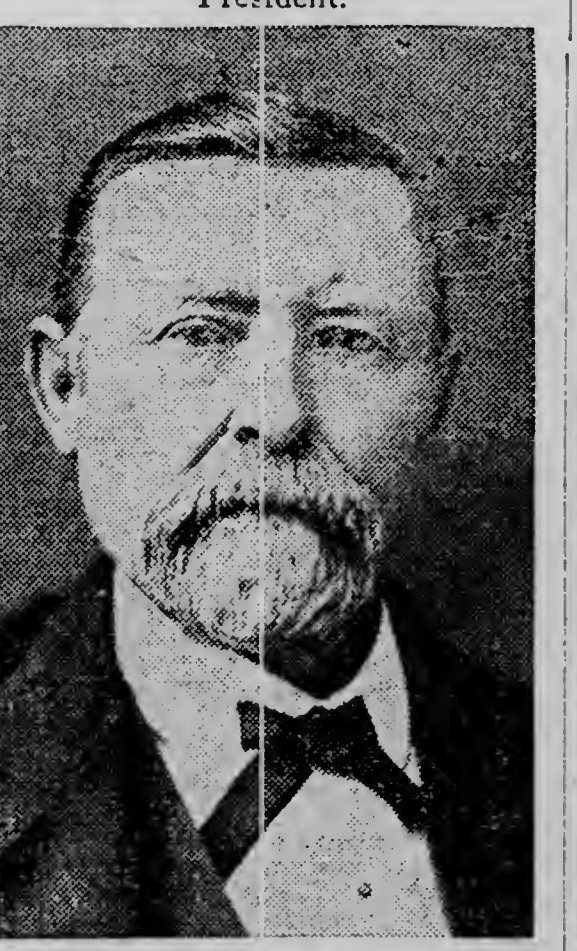
"It has been suggested from time to time that the older of the old settlers—I mean by that the older in point of residence—should prepare papers covering incidents that may occur to them in connection with the first settling of this country, and that these be filed in the archives of the association. I would especially urge that this be done by everybody without regard to whether the incident be from personal experience only or of public concern. It is the duty we owe to future generations. Such papers will grow in value as time passes and the personal experiences of those early days will be of



R. D. McLEAN, OF SUPERIOR,
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Of Superior, Assistant Secretary.

great interest to the future historian of this section, however trivial the incident may appear to you.

"In the preparation of such papers a large field of experience would naturally be covered, such as trips to St. Paul by the old St. Croix trail and later by the military road; the manner of building and mode of life in claim shanties; the difficulties of reaching the government land office at Buchanan, and, by the way, who knows where that flourishing hamlet was situated? I empha-

size the word 'was.' Papers covering such a field would be of intense interest to the younger members and tend to refresh the memory of the older ones in other matters that might be the subject of later articles. Nor would the physical features as they appeared be forgotten. But few remain who saw this country in its primitive condition, and of which the present aspect presents scarcely an idea. The old land-

(Continued on page 19, sixth column.)



W. S. McCORMICK, OF DULUTH,
Secretary.

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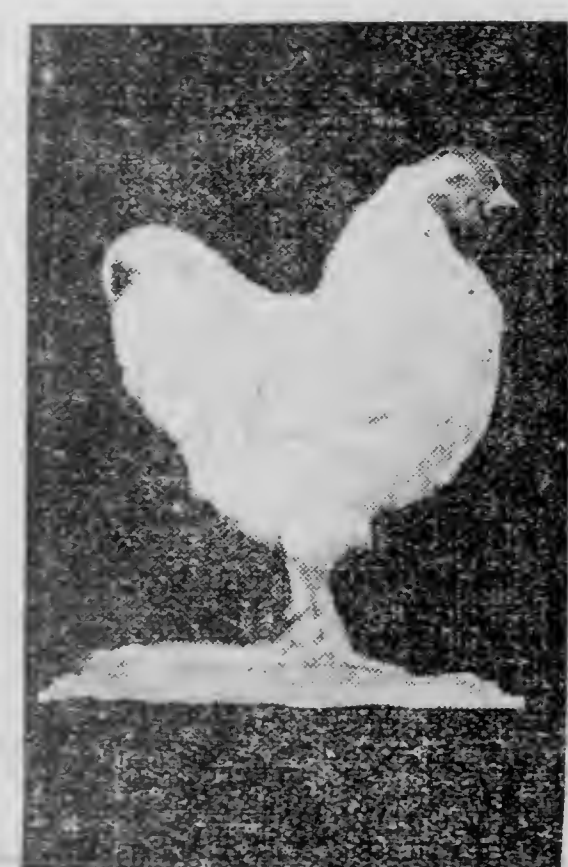
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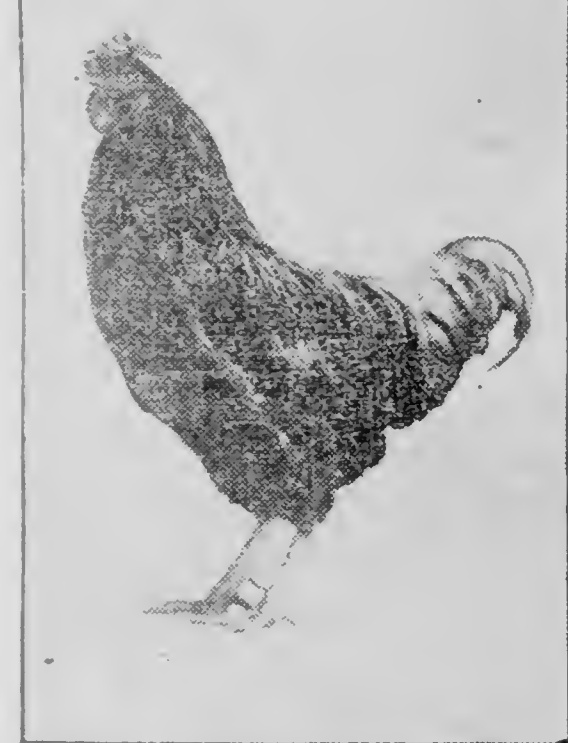
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Mrs. Gridley had not been well enough to go to church; nevertheless, her son, Bobby, was required to attend as usual, says Youth.

"Now," said she, when he came in, "what was the sermon about, Robert?"

"The sermon," replied the boy, "well, I don't know; it was sort of rambling like. But judging from the text I guess it was about cash boys."

"Nonsense," she remarked. "What put that into your head. Pray, what was the text?"

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The removal of the wires from overhead in Superior street has been progressing rapidly of late and all the poles and wires, except the poles and trolley wires of the street railway company, have disappeared between Third avenue West and Third avenue East. At the present time the Duluth Telephone company is removing its wires and poles on Superior street between Third and Sixth avenues West and inside of the next two weeks every wire will be underground, and the poles turned into kindling wood.

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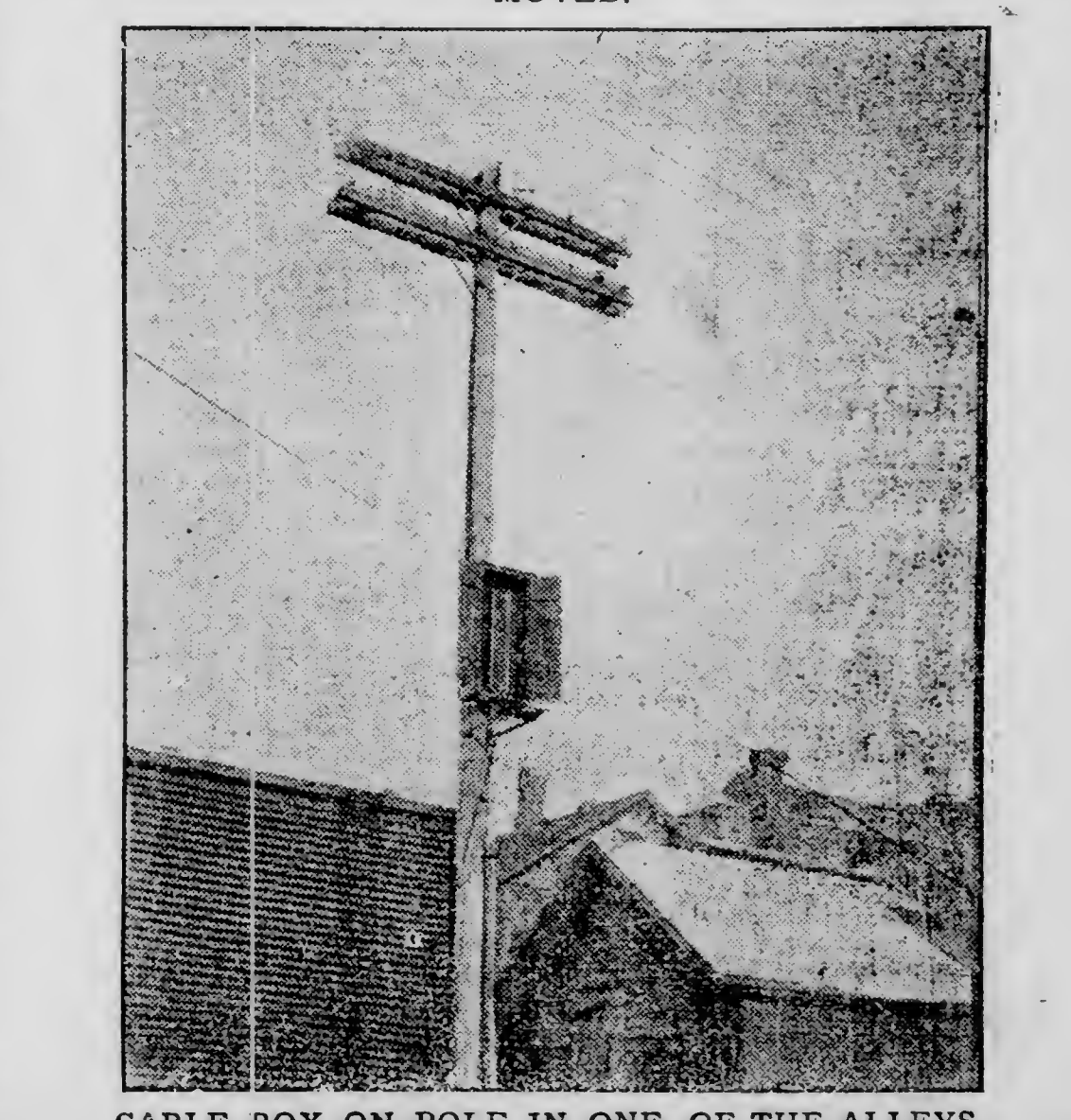
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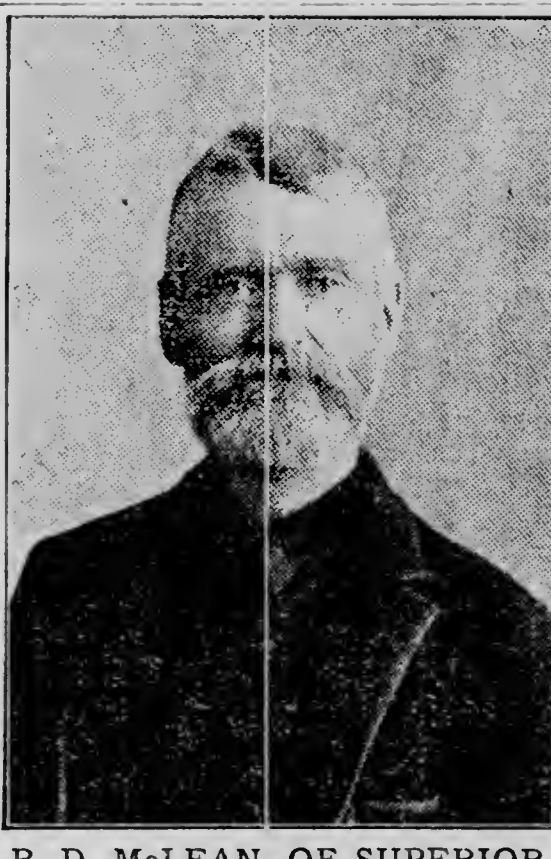
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"The condition of the association while perhaps not all that could be desired, is flourishing. We have a very large bank account—we still have to take out meals and here and there many things we would like to have and hope some day to possess, but we do have that spirit of good fellowship that goes a long way toward making this association a success. We are glad to note that there is a growing interest and desire among those not members and who are eligible, as well as among those who are approaching their majority in this respect, to become part of the fellowship, and the membership is being gradually augmented by reason thereof.

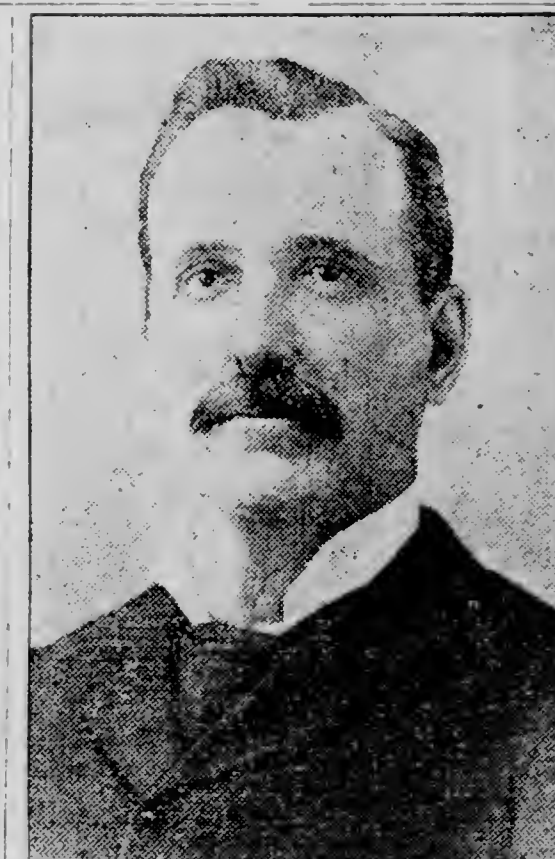
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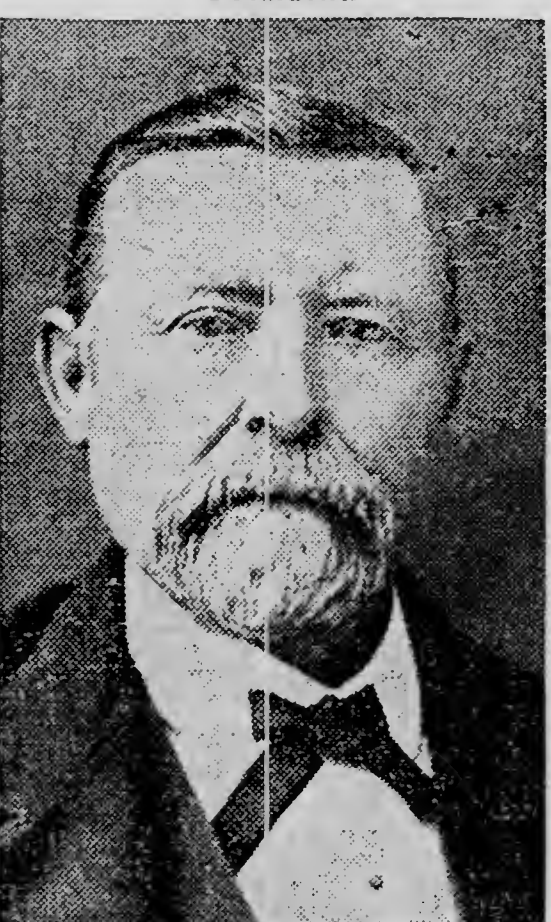
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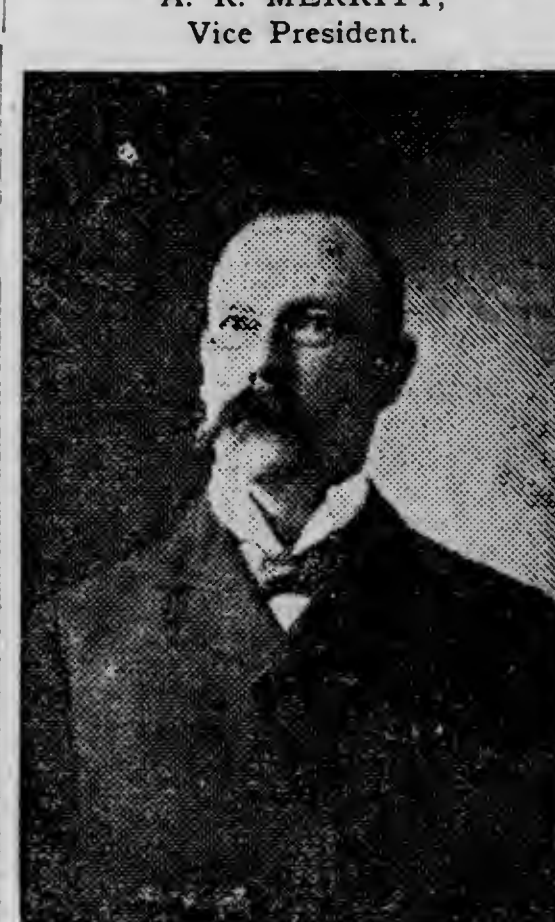
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INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE BLOUSE BEAUTIFUL

Odd Bodices Are More Than Ever to the Fore—
Mannish Shirt Waists Are Still Seen—Hand-
Painted Gowns For Summer Wear.

New York, Jan. 29.—It was useless to predict the near decline of the odd bodice, for the advances from Paris state that they are more than ever to the fore. Under this head imported models include all waists whose textures differ from the rest of the costume worn, whether it is the trimmest shirt waist for morning or the most elegant evening corset.

However, the shirt waist of the Parisienne is a very frivolous affair, as little like the stiff things Americans associate with the name as could be imagined. Preferably in soft and limp materials, such as mull, French and thin shirtings of silk and cotton, French women, to whom a dainty freshness is indispensable to comfort prefer these charming garments to warmer and more expensive ones for house use. Here the shirt waist in delicate wash textures is also a feature of winter wardrobes, and all the dainty trimmings of the French styles have crept into the domestic field.

Mannish shirt waists are still seen, and as of yore, perfect results are only obtainable through the best people.

sleeves. A new kink in an arrangement of pointed tabs, which, cut in the waist itself, are stitched like the bands and fastened over the ends of them.

Three fancier bodices follow these two stunning yet simple waists, the first demonstrating some of the English notions of the "blouse beautiful." For, singular to say, as far as negligees and fancy waists are concerned, many importers seem to prefer London styles to French ones. In the main more elaborate than Parisian modes, they are nevertheless at times of extreme simplicity, modest little bodices of gossamer delaine and tucked point d'esprit being shown without a sign of other trimming.

The three bodices in question, however, cannot be accused of exaggerated simplicity.

Designed for dinner and theater wear, two are in velvet chiffons. This texture has superseded plain chiffon for winter use, though it is by no means so durable. In dead whites it displays a silvery sheen which silver embroideries will further enhance upon some low-cut evening waist, and the collar knot in this case may also be a silver rose with green satin leaves and loops of white velvet ribbon.

A RICH WINTER TOILETTE.



The stole and muff are of Imperial Russian sable, trimmed with handsome cord ornaments. The stole has a large muff in the center. The costume is of tan broadcloth, trimmed with stitched bands of black cloth, and silver buttons. The sleeve has a deep cape which fastens into the side seams. Both coat and skirt have box-plaited panel fronts. From Louis Cohen & Co.

which make fussier styles after all easier for the majority of women to accomplish. A batch of delightful little bodices, lately imported, reveal some pretty and practical fauces in trimming. A shirt waist of abanthe green delaine boasts a deep Puritan collar of saffron-colored linen. This, which is much in the shape of a pointed cape, fastens at the front with a ladder of saffron bone buttons and is edged with a deep saffron-colored velvet. The sleeve has a deep cape which fastens into the side seams. Both coat and skirt have box-plaited panel fronts. From Louis Cohen & Co.

Soft waists are likewise favored by the French makers for these fancy waists, and besides delaine, albatross and the old-time cashmere are some of the materials used. Narrow ribbon velvet and laces of many sorts often lift these to a point of uncommon elegance. Details, such as turn-over collars and cuffs, and wide kid velvet or ribbon belts, also do a deal for them, and so much are wide belt effects admitted that trimmings so disposed frequently create the look of a corset girdle.

Brilliant color is also a point with some of the imported bodices. The shirt waists, with fancy details being displayed in rich Venetian reds and deep emerald blues, greens and yellows. A waist in Venetian red in a rare faded tone shows a novel disposition of stitched bands. One of these runs down the front of the garment, and the shoulder line is emphasized with two more, which end at the elbow puff of the

Upon a pale crepe waist embroideries in a deep yellow are used, these applying an ornamental shoulder band and holding down the cut-out work of the stock. Yellow embroidery also shows on the deep shoulder flounce and upon the frills of the elbow puff sleeves. This bodice buttons at the back and has a deep saffron-colored velvet collar. The sleeve has a deep cape which fastens into the side seams. Both coat and skirt have box-plaited panel fronts. From Louis Cohen & Co.

As to the skirt which is to accompany any of these bodices, that must be determined by the quality of the garment. White evening waists of any description, plain skirts of black velvet and white and pale tinted cloth are seen, and the occasion is the theater, gayly tinted bodices are conspicuous by their absence. The shirt waists of high color mentioned are used by the French exclusively for morning wear, and are sported with black gowns of extreme simplicity. Those seen at theater or opera are either white or in hues so coolly delicate as to seem scarcely tinted, and the

A SMART, NEW BOW.



This very pretty stock and bow is of fine white linen, worked in English embroidery, and an inset of drawn work on one end. Narrow stitched bands finish the edges. English embroidery is done by piercing holes with a small steel

gala waist is rare indeed that does not boast some degree of decolletage. Opera bodices, in truth, sometimes tumble completely from the shoulders, though suspenders of some sort provide security and comfort.

A low opera waist of ideal loveliness seen at a performance of "Parsifal," was almost hidden by a point of lace bertha gathered at the bust with two wreaths of small pink roses. Four suspender straps of pink velvet ribbon with silvery reflections held it over the shoulders, and a plain white velvet skirt was the lower garment.

Numbers of velvet skirts are worn at the opera, and it is curious to see how enterprising beauties will make one accomplish with several bodices of velvet. A dark young matron, to whom vine color is becoming has a trained velvet skirt in this shade, which she wears with three separate bodices. One is of cream satin, with white and wine colored velvet knots about the decolletage. Another stunning low bodice is saffron colored lace, belted with a wine colored girdle, below which hangs little postilion tails at the back. Still another is of shaded pink chiffons—the darkest tint reaching almost a wine shade and the palest being in the faintest azalea pink.

Black is not much seen at the theater, but occasionally a theater bodice in black net illuminated with spangles and jet is seen. One such has a huge breast chon of scarlet, that flames like some superb flower. A band of heavily sequined work encircles the decolletage of this waist, the outside portion of whose charming elbow sleeves shows ornamental pieces of the same. A little above the elbow a band of scarlet silk holds them into the arm, and the whole front of the bodice, which is worn with a black velvet skirt, is in narrow flounces.

Hand-painted gowns and dress accessories decorated in a similar manner are considered quite exclusive, and will be fashionable for summer wear. Not only silks, but inexpensive muslins, lawns and organizes are transformed into beautiful fabrics by this simple means. As the method is within the reach of anyone, the deft-fingered woman can obtain surprising results. An exquisite party recently seen was worn by a young girl, who whispered in the ears of an admiring friend that the entire costume cost less than \$15. This statement was explained satisfactorily by the informant, who said that she had decorated the costume herself.

The dress was a soft white diaphanous affair, made of organdy, and with row after row of billowy flounces. The entire gown was sprinkled with violets, single and in clusters. A soft white fichu of lace hung in long loops in front, and at the end of each one suspended a bunch of ribbon, and three or four stray violets were painted on the white fan.

This effect was obtained by the use of violet dye, which was applied with a brush after the flowers were outlined

on the fabric. Blotting paper was placed underneath the cloth while painting it to absorb all moisture and to prevent the dye from spreading. The material was then left to dry, and afterward another coat of a lighter violet was put on the blossoms to shade them. The green leaf here and there added to the artistic effect of the gown.

It is a good plan to experiment first on cheap muslin before attempting anything more elaborate. There may be some trouble at first with the dye or water color paints spreading, but with a little care this difficulty can be overcome.

One of the prettiest gowns seen decorated with this shadow painting was a white silk painted with wild roses. The white mousseline bod, edged with ruche, had a wild rose dotted here and there on the edges. A white silk head scarf, edged with a three-inch chiffon flounce, was also decorated with roses. Another clever idea for painting on fabrics is to take a daintily colored picture of the desired size and design and lay it upon the cloth. Frick holes in the picture with a needle, following the outlines closely. Then take a small bag filled with lampblack or fine crayon and rub over the perforated outlines. When the paper is removed the design will be found cut out on the material. Of course, there should be a contrast between the fabric and the powder used in outlining.

For this mode, before beginning to paint, stretch the silk or fabric upon a board or the table. Paint with a fine pointed brush, being careful that the outlines are exactly followed, and that the colors match the design. Lay the water color paint upon the fabric lightly at first, for, if it is too thick, it may crack and ruin the picture.

Before using, the paint should be thoroughly mixed with gold size or granite mixture. Should the work dull when finished, it can be brought out by using stencil lightly upon the surface. Another good plan is to place the colors on blotting paper two or three days before using, so that all the oil will be absorbed.

This latter mode of decorating is more appropriate for sofa pillows, cushions, portieres and such articles, than for dresses and furbelows. A pronounced Louis XVI dress worn by a dainty girl was composed of soft green taffeta, with quilled flounces at the foot of the skirt. Beginning some distance below the waist came a tulle of white lace flounces strapped with pink velvet. The bodice was pointed and was draped with a Marie Antoinette fichu of white lace and chiffon. To the left of the front came a knot of roses. The sleeves were of lace and chiffon, adorned with green ribbon knots. The skirt of this dress was of extraordinary width, justifying the predictions now freely made of radical changes to be launched with the spring fashions.

Mrs. George Gould appeared at the opera recently wearing one of the most sumptuous gowns that any woman has displayed this season. It was of white tulle over white, the cut empire

with modifications. Around the uncovered shoulders fell a bertha of gold lace upheld by straps of diamonds and pearls. Exquisitely delicate gold lace outlined the loose front of the dress, marking it off from the superb train. Scroll patterns in gold-embroidered lace adorned this dress front, bolder designs in lozenge shape doing the same duty behind. Mrs. Gould wore a diamond diam, a diamond collar and ropes of diamonds and pearls.

A representative wholesale millinery house on Broadway is offering an imported novelty in a rain proof veil to cover lady's headwear. It is silver gray gossamer tissue, and retails in best grade at \$2.

Storm proofing fabrics employed in making wearing apparel have now extended into many branches. It would seem that the passing of the mackintosh are at hand. "Water proof" clothing is now in vogue, suits as well as topcoats. The storm proof shoe is today regarded as a staple in the trade.

The latest innovation in this respect has to do with glove gloves—men's, women's and children's. By a novel process utilized in the tanning, the skin is rendered impervious to moisture. The surface may be washed without damage of any description.

TREED BY TAME BEAR.

Bruin Had Lots of Fun With a Scared Hunter.

"Whenever the hunting season comes round," said John Gilbert, the traveling grocery man, to the New York Press, "I have to think of Old Merry-Go-Round and the fun he had one day in the Pasadena district, up in the hemlock belt, where I happened to be at the time."

"Old Merry-Go-Round was a bear, a tame bear. Dolf Green had got him as a cub and brought him up by hand. When the bear got big enough Dolf fitted him up a large open pen and stuck a twenty-foot chain stub, six inches through, in the middle of the pen, for the bear to fasten himself with by climbing. But the bear never used the pole in that way."

"Early in the fall he got the idea in his head that he could get more fun out of his walking round and round on the pole than he could by doing monkey tricks up and down it, and he made his entire time tramping that circle. By the time he was 2 years old he was known all through that country as Dolf Green's circus bear, and, being of an ever amiable and happy disposition, was given the appropriate name of Old Merry-Go-Round."

"Dolf Green got tired at last of seeing the bear's monotonous circumambulating stunt, and made up his mind to butcher Old Merry-Go-Round with a next killing of Mike. He was telling Pete Sanders one day, as Pete was watching the bear circling round and round the pole, that that was all it was living for, when Pete was suddenly seized with an idea."

"Why, Dolf," said Pete, "that bear likes to circle himself round so all-perceiving, why don't you just rig up a treadmill under him and let him run your churns, mangle and your family mill, and make him your threshing machine, if you ever get one?"

"Dolf saw the point at once, and he had a circular treadmill built, and put it

BEAUTIFUL LACE STOLE.



This elegant cape and stole of modern guipure lace is done in the glistering white wood fibre braid and silk. It can be worn over coat or gown. The stole shown is in the new semi-fitting form, richly trimmed with black and white braid. The hat is black felt, with chenille edge, many black plumes, and large cut steel buckle.

In the pen where the bear did all his tramping, and the novelty of swinging round and round the circle on that machine just about killed Old Merry-Go-Round all to pieces. Dolf conceived the idea of seeing what the result might be, along to see what the result might be.

"Old Merry-Go-Round had been missing since morning, Dolf said. It was getting along well in the afternoon when we started. The most valuable opportunity and hunted and could find no trace of the bear. It got to be almost sundown, and Joe Marcy said we might as well give up and go home, when a startling sound, half hoot and half yell, came from somewhere up the creek. It was repeated at intervals, and Joe Marcy said we had better go and see what sort of a critter it was that was making the noise."

"We hurried up the creek, and as we rounded a sharp bend in the stream, in an open space where the bank, 20 feet or so back from the water, we discovered Old Merry-Go-Round at once, as he was standing around a dead hemlock tree, as solemnly and earnestly as if he were at home running the machinery on Dolf Green's farm. In the top of the tree, clinging to one stub of a limb and astride of another, the contemptuous, visiting sportsman, howling for help for all he was worth."

"The sight was too much for the lion-park keepers, and their low spirits disappeared. They were no longer disappointed enough to say anything, and all the while before anyone had subdued his meriment enough to say anything, and all the while Old Merry-Go-Round was tramping solemnly round and round the tree. Joe Marcy exclaimed, in mock surprise: 'Why, hello, sonny! What're you doing there? Have you tread a partridge? Don't you see that tremendous bear down there?' The hunter shouted back: 'Why don't you shoot him?'

"'Poo!' answered Joe. There ain't no bear in it. He's just a little fellow, as that How long you been up there? 'That bear came tearing along the creek this afternoon, replied the man in the tree, 'and I've been up here ever since! Ain't you going to kill him and let me down?'

"Then Dolf Green took Old Merry-Go-Round by the ear and led him away. The hunter slid down from the tree, picked up his gun that lay at the foot of the tree, and started out on the double quick for the settlement. By the time he got to his way to the railroad station. And to show the contrivance of brain, the very next day Joe and Dolf went out and rounded up two wild and ugly bears right on the ground where the visitor had been hunting the day before."

New Orleans—Mardi Gras.

On February 9 to 14, inclusive, "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets to New Orleans, La., at \$38.55, and to Mobile, Ala., at \$55.55, for round trip. Tickets good for return until March 5th, 1904. For full information call at 405 West Superior street. City ticket office.

BABY'S VOICE

feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of childbirth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at \$1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall

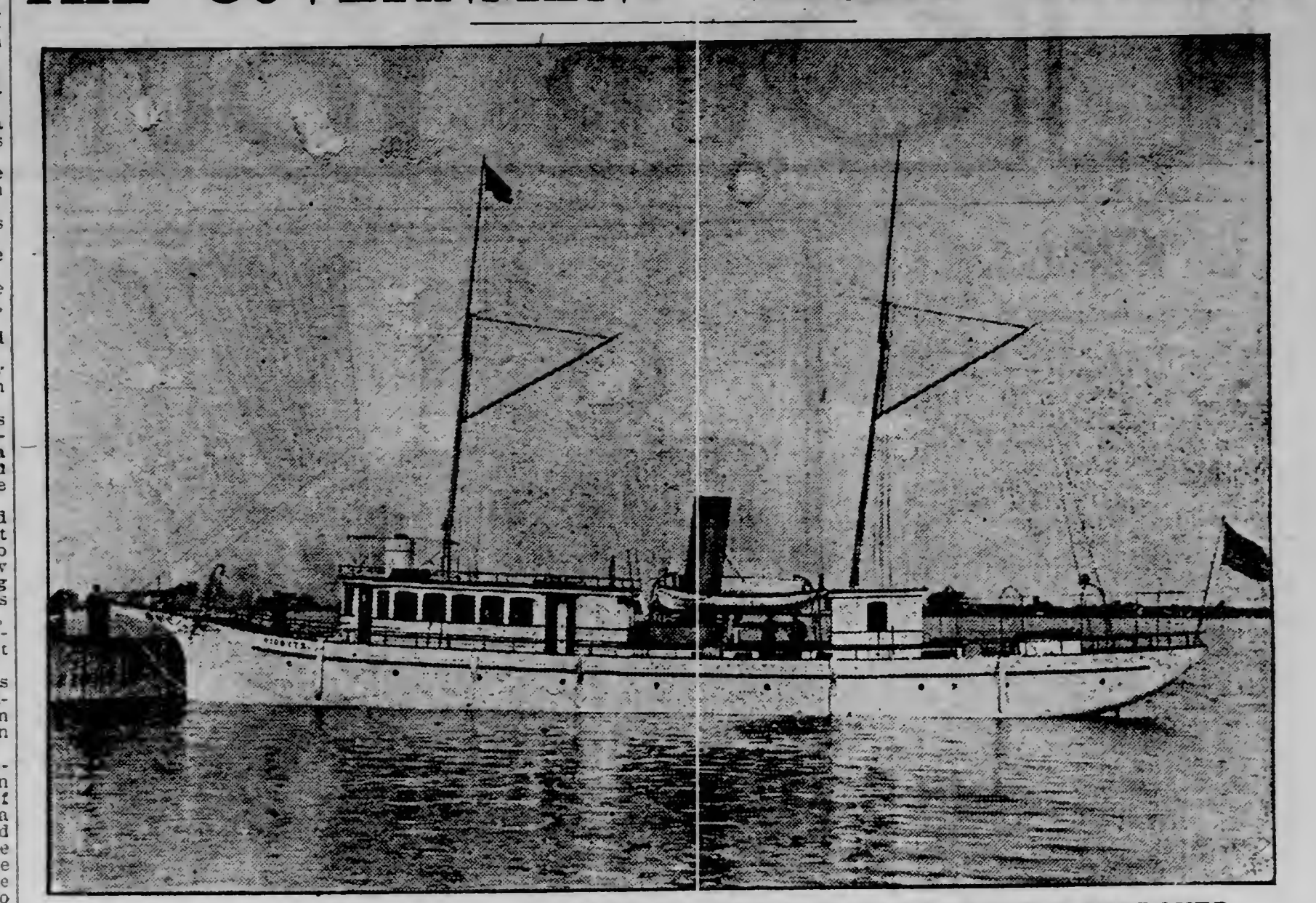
MOTHER'S FRIEND

A HAT FOR EARLY SPRING.



This hat is made of fibre and chenille braid, in black and grey. It has charmingly becoming lines in the brim, a rather high crown, and short back. It is simply trimmed with a grey shaded wing mount, and band of velvet ending in a chain at the back.

THE GOVERNMENT YACHT VIDETTE



STEAMER VIDETTE, FORMERLY NAUTILUS, WHICH IS TO BE GREATLY IMPROVED.

Before the opening of navigation the coming spring the government steam yacht Vidette, which is attached to the local office of the United States engineer for the Lake Superior district, will undergo some changes and improvements that will cost several thousand dollars.

Capt. Charles L. Potter, engineer in charge of the district, is figuring on equipping the Vidette with an electric lighting plant, besides overhauling the boiler, her main engine and the propellers. The improvements will be made to the forward part of the yacht, where the cabin connects with the deck. The new lighting plant is a sort of V shaped recess, with one door entering the cabin and another opening to the galley. Past experience on a choppy sea has demonstrated the inconvenience of this arrangement, and there have been occasions in stormy weather when the cook was nearly lost overboard while passing from the galley to the cabin.

The accompanying picture of the Vidette was taken when she was tied up at the local docks last summer. Mrs. Brown, her master, stands on the dock at the bow of the boat.

The Vidette is one of the trimmest steam yachts on the great lakes. She was originally built at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in 1886, and was afterward re-built at Cleveland in 1890 and at Duluth in 1903.

She was formerly known as the Nautilus, a yacht of 57.01 gross tons and 22.57 net tons. Her length over all is 90 feet, beam 15 feet and depth 10 feet. Under ordinary circumstances the Vidette runs about ten and a half miles per hour.

The Vidette was purchased by the government from Benjamin F. Howard of this city, July 19, 1897, for \$7000. Previous to her coming into possession of the government she was supplied with an electrical plant.

She is a single screw propeller, with a 3-foot wheel. Besides making trips about the local harbor, the Vidette carries the engineer in charge down the south shore to Marquette and Houghton, and across the lake to Grand Marais and Two Harbors, on the north shore, when he makes his inspection trips.

her home at Two Harbors Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Fred Coon and children are visiting in Duluth, Ohio, having been called there last week by the serious illness of the former's sister.

Miss Anna Heistrom, who until recently has been employed as waitress at the Vermilion hotel here, left Monday for Elly to accept a similar position in the hotel at that place.

The L. and F. Ladies' club met Tuesday night at the home of Mrs. O'Keefe. The evening was spent in playing euchre, after which a delicious lunch was served. All members of the club enjoyed the evening immensely.

Master Harry Coon is confined to his home, suffering from an attack of pneumonia.

Miss Engels was a business visitor in Duluth Tuesday and Wednesday, returning on Wednesday evening's train.

S. J. Hanson was in Arklin Wednesday morning, looking after his business interests there.

Miss Nellie Westaway returned to her home at Duluth Tuesday after a few days' visit with her mother, Jennie Westaway, who is employed as teacher in the Soudan school.

W. J. Jolley was a business visitor in Duluth Tuesday and Wednesday, returning home Wednesday morning.

Charles Roland came up from Chisholm last Saturday and spent the week here with his family. Mr. Roland reports business at Chisholm, and also a fine crop of wheat in the hills.

Mrs. Silas Robinson who has been visiting in Duluth for some time, left Monday for the home of her mother, Mrs. William King, at Chisholm.

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that of assessor. Mayor Woodard does not desire re-election, therefore is not in the race. The only candidate for mayor is E. J. Morcom. A. W. Grogan, who has held the office of city recorder for the past year, are alone in the race, no other candidates having appeared.

For Judge, A. D. Fuller, the present incumbent, has for an opponent W. H. Campbell, who formerly held the office. For aldermen the candidates are T. H. Meeker, Theo. Johnson and George Hunter, and for assessor the following are named: Ole Hanson, H. W. McLaughlin, H. Hickey, Jr., and S. E. McLaughlin, the present assessor. Election day is next Tuesday.

The coldest weather yet known here has been experienced in the last few days of the past week. Last Sunday morning the thermometer registered 15 degrees below zero. Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday showed a slight change for warmer weather. Yesterday was decidedly warmer.

Rev. Jos. F. Buh of Elly, was here Tuesday and Friday on his last weekly visit to the Vermilion Lake Indian school. B. A. Whitman, of Eveleth, transacted business here Thursday.

ELY

ELY, Jan. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Nellie Westaway, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elsie Westaway, of Chisholm, was here Tuesday.

Mrs. C. C. Opper returned Tuesday evening from a two weeks' visit to the home of her mother, Mrs. William King, at Chisholm.

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ton, to confer with the commissioner of Indian affairs on legislation now pending before congress for the benefit of the Indians of Minnesota.

E. J. Warren, chief examiner of the ceded Chippewa lands of Minnesota, returned from the northwest angle on Tuesday morning. He was on a business trip, and it was necessary for him to travel on foot a distance of five miles in order to reach the camps of his men. He found them living in tents and suffering from the rigors of the very severe winter weather. The men are working in the snow. There are twenty-eight inches of snow on the ground and the thermometer is now higher than 25 below zero. In spite of all these disadvantages, the men are in perfect health and doing as good work as could be expected under the very adverse circumstances which surround them. Mr. Warren personally suffered very much while walking to the camps and was severely frost-bitten. It is expected that the crew will finish their work by the middle of February, which will conclude the estimating and classifying of the lands of the Chippewa reservation.

G. G. Hartley came up from Duluth on Monday to look after some matters in connection with the Cass Lake company. The telephone has again been installed in the depot, and that from now on matters of importance can be ascertained. The condition of affairs relative to train service, without being referred to the depot. The number is the same as formerly—250.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Blevins returned from their last week's trip to the north shore. They enjoyed their stay in Cass Lake very much.

Superintendent of Logging O'Neil was a visitor to the camps of the Standard Lumber company, near the north shore. He reports that the Standard company is doing very well. The condition of the work, and that everything in connection with their work is going on satisfactorily. He is expected to be in the city by the end of the week.

Mr. O'Neil will have personal supervision of the logging work, and will be in the city by the end of the week. He is expected to be in the city by the end of the week.

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SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO

McCall Patterns
Are the Best—
Pattern counter,
near west aisle.

Now The Annual February Clearance Sale!

Mail Orders
Receive Prompt
and Careful
Attention.

Clearance of All Coats and Suits.
Waists and Skirts

A price cutting without a parallel—every garment on our entire second floor marked at an irresistible price.

It makes no difference how late the styles are they must move to make room for new things for spring. It's the policy that has made this store the recognized style authority of this section for the past thirty-four years. We will not carry over a single garment, no matter what the loss is. Read these values carefully.

Women's and Misses' Tailored Suits.

Women's \$25.00 Tailored Suits at \$8.75.
Women's \$22.50 Tailored Suits at \$8.75.
Women's \$18.50 Tailored Suits at \$8.75.
Women's \$16.50 Tailored Suits at \$8.75.
Misses' \$22.50 Tailored Suits at \$10.00.
Misses' \$20.00 Tailored Suits at \$10.00.
Misses' \$18.50 Tailored Suits at \$10.00.
Misses' \$17.50 Tailored Suits at \$10.00.
Misses' \$16.00 Tailored Suits at \$10.00.
Misses' \$15.00 Tailored Suits at \$10.00.

All Finely Tailored Winter Coats.

Women's \$16.50 Coats at \$7.50.
Women's \$14.00 Coats at \$7.50.
Women's \$12.50 Coats at \$7.50.
Women's \$11.00 Coats at \$7.50.
Women's \$10.00 Coats at \$7.50.
Women's \$9.00 Coats at \$7.50.
Women's \$8.00 Coats at \$7.50.
Women's \$7.00 Coats at \$7.50.
Women's \$6.00 Coats at \$7.50.
Women's \$5.00 Coats at \$7.50.

In these garments we cannot guarantee all sizes—many having but one or two of a size.

Clearance of Silk Underskirts

You will find it profitable to buy a silk skirt now, even if you don't want to wear it for months. These values are simply unprecedented.

\$7.50 Fancy Silk Underskirts \$3.75.
\$8.00 Fancy Silk Underskirts \$3.75.
\$8.50 Black Silk Underskirts \$3.75.
\$8.50 Fancy Silk Underskirts \$3.75.
\$9.75 Fancy Silk Underskirts \$3.75.
\$9.75 Black Silk Underskirts \$3.75.
\$12.50 Fancy Silk Underskirts \$6.75.
\$15.00 Black Silk Underskirts \$6.75.
\$20.00 Fancy Silk Underskirts \$6.75.
\$22.50 Fancy Silk Underskirts \$6.75.
\$25.00 Fancy Silk Underskirts \$6.75.

Clearance of Fine Waists.

Extraordinary reductions—a ridiculous price to sweep out every waist in stock.

\$5.00 Soiled Flannel Waists \$1.95.
\$5.75 White Vesting Waists \$1.95.
\$6.75 Imported Vesting Waists \$1.95.
\$6.75 Fancy Cheviot Waists \$1.95.
\$6.75 Black Silk Underskirts \$3.75.
\$6.75 Fancy Madras Waists \$1.95.
\$6.75 Embroidered Waists \$1.95.
\$6.75 "Forsythe" Waists \$1.95.

Quick Clearance Prices on All Furs!

You'll better understand these values by seeing them—furs are always good—here's your opportunity to get reliable furs at interesting prices.

\$8.75 Fine Marten Scarf \$4.95.
\$12.50 Fine Fox Scarf \$6.75.
\$25.00 Large Fox Scarf \$13.75.
\$21.50 Isabella Opossum Flat Pelere \$10.75.
\$25.00 Genuine Marten Scarf \$16.50.
\$25.00 Stone Marten Scarf \$16.50.
\$29.50 Blended Stone Marten Scarf \$16.50.
\$37.50 Long double Scarf Blended Mink \$27.50.
\$42.50 Sable Fox double Scarf \$27.50.
\$42.50 Isabella Fox double Scarf \$27.50.
\$47.50 Isabella Fox Flat Pelere \$30.00.
\$47.50 Sable Fox Flat Pelere \$30.00.
\$55.00 Squirrel Pelere \$37.50.
\$55.00 Sable Fox double Scarf \$37.50.
\$57.50 Isabella Alaska Fox double Scarf \$39.50.
\$60.00 Black Lynx Scarf \$45.00.

FUR COATS.

The finest skins with guaranteed satin linings. This is the time to buy.
\$60.00 Nearsall Coats \$47.50.
\$65.00 Nearsall Coats \$47.50.
\$75.00 Nearsall Coats, Beaver collar and revers \$50.00.
\$75.00 Nearsall Coat, Marten collar and revers \$50.00.
\$75.00 Nearsall Coat, Squirrel collar and revers \$50.00.
\$85.00 Nearsall Coat with genuine Marten Mink or Beaver collar and revers—very best at \$60.00.
\$85.00 Nearsall Coat with satin linings—choice \$60.00.

The one great clearance sale recognized

by all Duluth people as the greatest value-giving event of the season, and to which

economical miles around

A genuine that has no

though many

ors. A price

compels pat-

remarkable values. No woman in Duluth

or the territory surrounding, studying her

interests can afford to miss this event.

The White and Clearance Sales

Join Hands This Week.

Final Clearance of Odds and Ends in White Goods, Table

Damasks, Napkins, Towels, Crashes, Sheets

and Pillow Cases.

72-inch fine cream damasks—heavy and pure linen, only 3 pieces, clearance price \$1.00—none better for wear—value \$1.25 a yard.

20x40-inch extra heavy huck towels, pure linen—clearance price 20c—value 25c each.

30x36-inch fine damask Lunch Cloth—pure linen—clearance price \$1.00—value \$1.35.

18x54-inch fine round-thread linen Scarf—heavy and durable—clearance price \$1.25 value 80c.

81x50 unbleached sheets—good quality—will wear well—clearance price 55c—value 65c.

42x36-in. fine bleached pillow cases—of fine muslin—clearance price 14c—value 18c.

New White Goods.

Grain de Nicheon—most exquisite sheer stuff—for evening waists—32 inches—value \$1.25 a yard.

Corde Ottoman—Beautiful mercerized effects—soft finish—small and large designs—50c, 60c, 75c.

Pique Francaise—Finest goods made—ways—style—stripe effects—36-inch—\$2.00.

Imported German Mummy—plain weave—medium weight, especially for suits—30-inch—65c.

Imported Swisses—Dotted and figured—small and large designs—clearance price 15c to \$1.25 a yard.

Poppeline Nouvelle—excellent fabric—moire finish for waists and whole suits—40-inch—\$1.00 a yard.

Imported German Damasks—pretty waists—popular again—small and large designs—32-inch—55c a yard.

Imported English Tissues—finest sheer fabric—silk and linen mixed—will launder well—75c to \$1.50 a yard.

Fancy Mummies—Imported—very swell scroll effects—medium weight—look like silk—65c a yard.

German Homespun Suitings—pure linen—shrink—75c a yard.

Grenadine Francaise—beautiful sheer fabric—striped effects—30-inch—75c a yard.

Good dinner size silver bleached Napkins—excellent quality—pure linen—good and durable—value \$1.25—clearance price \$2.75—value \$3.75.

Best homespun linen-towel—18-inch wide—all pure linen—clearance price 12 1/2c—value 15c.

Silk Clearance.

It's the last call. It's a peremptory sale and wise women will receive the benefit. New goods are arriving daily and demanding more shelf room. So we have culled out all the odds and ends from the stock and piled them upon the counter into lots, and this is the way we've marked them:

LOT 1—\$1.00 a yard—Fancy silk Velvets, goods which sold at \$1.50 to \$7.00 a yard, now all at one price, viz., \$1.00 a yard.

LOT 2—75c a yard—Rock Crepes (cream, black and gray) which sold at \$1.50—Moire Velours (just the thing for coat linings)—formerly sold for a dollar and a dollar and a quarter, now in one lot at 75c.

LOT 3—50c a yard—Mostly fancy silks in this lot—some embroidered Allovers, which sold as high as \$3.00—the balance of our fancy Velveteens in this lot at 50c.

LOT 4—30c a yard—Changeable Satin Linings—24 inches wide—black striped Velvets and plain colored ones, which sold at from 75c to \$1.00—and other silks worth from 50c to \$1.00 in this lot at 30c.

Clearance of Dress Goods.

The edict has gone forth—prices must be cut still lower; the surplus stock must be moved, and this is the way it is done—

\$3.00 quality fancy Zibelines \$1.50.
\$2.50 quality fancy Zibelines \$1.25.
\$1.50 quality mixed Zibelines 75c.
\$2.00 quality black Moire Fancies \$1.00.
\$2.50 quality plain black Zibelines reduced to \$1.50.

75c a yard wide Vale Serge reduced to \$1.39.
\$2.00 quality colored Zibelines reduced to \$1.25.
\$2.50 plain black Venetian Cloth reduced to \$1.50.

\$2.75 quality black Nub Suitings reduced to \$1.75.
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\$3.50 quality black Silk and Wool Fancies \$1.75.

\$1.35 quality fancy Tweeds 67 1/2c.

\$2.00 quality colored Crepe de Paris reduced to \$1.35.

\$2.00 quality fancy Voiles reduced to \$1.25.

\$1.50 quality mixed Twine Voiles reduced to \$1.00.

\$2.00 quality colored Whip Cords reduced to \$1.25.

\$2.50 quality colored Prunellas reduced to \$1.50.

Lining Special—A job lot of colored linings that sold at from 20c to 50c, at 10c the yard.

IMPORTED PATTERN DRESSES—HALF PRICE.

Clearance of Trimmings and Garnitures.

Desirable merchandise at a fraction of value. These prices should interest buyers who recognize values:

\$1.00 a yard for \$4.00 black and white Allovers.

\$2.00 a yard for \$6.50 white and gold Allover Applique.

\$1.00 a yard for \$3.50 white and gold Allover Applique.

\$1.00 a yard for \$5.00 Persian Allovers.

\$1.00 a yard for \$3.00 black and white Chiffon Allovers.

\$1.00 a yard for \$2.25 black and white Shirred Chiffon.

\$1.00 a yard for \$2.25 black and white Taffeta Allovers.

75c a yard for \$2.50 black and white Taffeta Allovers.

\$1.00 a yard for \$1.50 black corded Taffeta.

\$1.00 a yard for \$1.50 white corded Taffeta.

\$1.00 a yard for \$3.00 white Taffeta Applique.

\$1.00 for \$2.50 Lace Collars.

10c a yard for 50c and 75c a yard Jet Trimmings.

2c a yard for 15c and 20c Braid Trimmings.

5c a yard for 25c and 50c Trimmings by the yard.

Underwear Clearance.

75c for women's \$1.00 fine Cashmere Vests and Pants, elegantly finished—vests have silk tapes and pearl buttons—regular \$1.00, at 75c.

\$1.00 for \$1.25 Harvard Mills fine Australian wool Vests and Pants—natural—regular \$1.25 a garment.

98c for \$1.50 Luxuriant natural wool Vests and Pants—98c a garment.

\$2.25 for \$2.75 Sterling all-wool Vests and Pants, in natural and blue.

\$2.50 for \$3.00 Sterling all-wool Tights.

\$3.25 for \$3.75 Sterling all-wool Union Suits in natural, cream, and blue.

\$4.50 for Sterling silk and wool union suits, in blue, white and flesh.

38c for 50c Onetta Merino Union Suits—perfect fitting, with gusseted sleeves and ankles, 98c for \$1.25 values, 75c for \$1.00 values, 55c for 75c values, 38c for 50c values.

Children's Swiss ribbed wool Vests and Pants, in natural, white and black—natural—regular from 60c to \$1.00.

Misses' ribbed Vests and Pants in white—regular made garments—50c.

Children's cotton fleece-lined Vests and Pants, all sizes, 25c.

DISCUSS LABOR

Ministerial Association
Hears Members of
Organized Labor.

W. E. McEwen and George
B. Skinner Are the
Speakers.

Members of the Duluth Ministerial association listened to a discussion on the labor question viewed from the standpoint of a laboring man, at the regular meeting of the association this morning.

W. E. McEwen and George B. Skinner were the principal speakers.

"We believe that America is large enough for all good laboring men," said Mr. McEwen in speaking of the great increase in immigration, "but we are working for some check on the great influx of uneducated immigrants from the Latin countries in Southern Europe."

"No labor union man has any objection to immigrants from Sweden or Norway or the northern countries of Europe, but we do object to the great tide of illiterates from the southern countries who are willing to work for a mere pittance. We believe that they are working against us in our efforts to secure proper wages and proper living for good American citizens, and the labor unions of the country are not trying to get a bill before congress to place some check on this unrestricted flow of immigrants."

"Many people say that the labor union is a trust. It is not a trust. The trust works for the few. The labor union works for the many. We desire to get all workmen into our unions. The trust desires to keep all capitalists out but a favored few. It is claimed that we are trying to drive unorganized labor off the face of the earth. We do not say that the non-union man has no right to work, but take for an example the carpenters, to illustrate the position the labor

unions are in. A few years ago the carpenters were working for \$1.75 for a ten-hour day. The labor union was formed and it has raised the remuneration to a minimum wage of \$3 for an eight-hour day.

"This work has cost money and the members of the union have worked for it. Now the non-union men are enjoying a privilege for which they do not pay and have not worked for. When the union carpenters refuse to work with non-union men it may work hardship, but it is a necessary tactic in order to maintain their position."

"The capitalists have made war on the union shops. They are agitating for an open shop for the purpose of weakening the unions. This method of warfare is not likely to result in any increased good feeling between the unions and the capitalists."

"What relation does the labor union bear to the church. This is a question in which you are probably more interested than in the other points I have discussed. The church of today and the working man seem far apart. Who is to blame for this? Perhaps the ministers have not taken enough interest in the affairs of the workingman and perhaps the opposite is the case. But labor unions are based upon the idea of Christianity. They teach the brotherhood of man and such a brotherhood must be based upon the idea of the fatherhood of God."

In opening his address Mr. Skinner, who is a member of the local carpenters' union, stated that the labor question all depended on the point of view.

"I remember a few years ago, while on the Pacific coast," he said, "I went out one morning for a walk. On my way out I passed an enormous pile of granite 200 feet high. It was a most forbidding-looking site, and in the cold gray of the morning made me fairly shiver. On my return I came across a most beautiful hill-side covered with verdure and fertile farms. I asked the guide what hill it was, and he told me it was the same one I had passed in the morning, only viewed from another aspect."

"That is the way with the labor question, and if you gentlemen will lay aside your clerical robes and look at it from a workman's standpoint, you will appreciate our side of the question better."

Mr. Skinner then read a very able-written paper on "A Laboringman's View of Capital, Labor and the Church."

He said in part: "It is time to me one winter several years ago, when, with many hundreds of others I tramped the streets seeking honest employment and finding none, with a family dependent upon me, and hearing so much about the law of supply and demand that I set to work in my humble way to gather what information I could concerning the reason of the workmen's being hard and unemployed, when at the same time the

crops had been good and the elevators were full, and yet men were asking for bread. I knew that lumber was standing in the sawmill yards in stacks as I had seen it before, and yet hundreds and thousands of men were living in tenements and poor dwelling places; that there was money in the banks, but it had been drawn from circulation; that several millions of workmen were without money to buy the necessities of life, while the capitalist class were dwelling in luxuries and faring sumptuously every day. I had heard some political economists utter the term again and again, 'over-production,' and I asked myself again, 'an over-production of what?'

The longer I looked into the matter, the less I thought of over-production, and the more interested I became in the vicious and selfish arrangements of a few men who had invented the idea and principles by which wheat was crowding the elevators, and yet men were asking for bread; clothing material filling the wholesale and retail establishments to overflowing, and yet men, women and children were being scantily clothed; money in the banks but lying up, while thousands of men were without 25 cents in their pockets, and going in quest for their winter's groceries."

"Our wealth as a nation is increasing, but is the wealth of the laboring masses improving proportionately? Machinery and invention has worked miracles in modern times, but has it worked for betterment of the toilers and made life less a drudge to them, or has it worked against them and bettered a few?"

"Today the working classes are coming more and more to think that that law of supply and demand whose mysterious dealings make one man very rich and yet at the same time almost starves the other man is not a divine law nor a very good human one. When capital is satisfied with reasonable returns, labor will be satisfied."

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.
New York, Feb. 1.—The steamer La Champagne, from Havre for New York, is reported by wireless telegraph as having passed Nantuxet lightship at 10:40 a. m. She will probably arrive at Plymouth, Minn., from London, on Feb. 1.—Arrived. Kaiser Wilhelm II. from New York.

Florida and California.
Offer the most varied and best attractions for the winter tourist. Thousands of people go every year from the Northwest. Many use the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, because of its excellent service. The Pioneer limited, famous train of the world to Chicago, makes through connections for the South-New Orleans and Florida points. Through tickets to work to Tuesday morning via "The Sunshine Route" to California. Full particulars on that old-fashioned method were sent by mail on Feb. 1.—Arrived. Kaiser Wilhelm II. from New York.

INTEREST LIGHT

Poultry Show Does Not
Receive Patronage
It Deserves.

Exhibition Fine But Promoters Find Little Public Encouragement.

The Duluth Poultry association's show, at 8 South Lake avenue, will continue until 10 o'clock Wednesday night, one day longer than was originally intended.

Despite the high quality of the show and its many interesting features, the patronage it has received from the people of Duluth is rather disappointing to the management. In speaking of this fact today, and the reasons for it, G. Hood Thompson, a charter member of the association and its first president, grew philosophical, and offered rather severe criticism on the actions of certain classes.

When asked this morning how the association was coming on with the exhibition, and whether or not the management was satisfied with the success met with so far, he said: "Well, yes and no," and when reminded that his remark was indefinite and carried with it no particular meaning to the general public, he continued: "In the first place, let me say that I am more than satisfied with the quality of the show, and cannot complain of the large number of birds exhibited, especially when the severe weather is taken into consideration. The show as a whole is one that every man, woman and child in Duluth ought to be proud of."

"And I am pleased with the class of people that have attended. We have had the judiciary fairly well represented, the learned and intelligent, and especially the humane and lovers of beauty class."

"But the patronage has been below what it should have been. To speak plainly, there are too many of that old-fashioned method of being patriotic, with every interest of their city at heart. 'Show me a person who professes to be intelligent, humane, spirited, who cannot manifest sufficient interest to spend an hour or two in a poultry show like this, and I will be a shunt, pure and simple.' The so-called lovers of beauty will prate over some of the prettiest of the fowls to admire something removed for their beauty, and yet if someone whom they wished to purchase they had not been given a moment's thought. They cannot act for themselves, or have original thought."

"The real benefactors of mankind are those who make two blades of grass grow where one grew before, or who will make a hen lay 200 eggs where she would have produced only three or four dozen before, and who so improves our poultry, by selection and breeding from the mongrel scrubs, that it becomes as beautiful as the prettiest of our wild summer visitors, or even the birds of the tropics, not to speak of raising, in better and more uniform quality of meat for the table and more eggs of a better quality."

"Minnesota, in spite of all discouragements, holds the palm as the best apple state, the best dairying state, and the best for poultry and eggs in the Union. Our state show already is second to none in quality, and is fast approaching the top in quantity. I think all the people could and should help these enterprises along by giving them encouragement and support."

ADOPTS NEW SYSTEM.
Baggage to Be Cared For By Great Northern.

After having arranged all of the details of the system so that there will be no hitch in its workings, A. Brewster, northern passenger agent of the Great Northern road, will inaugurate today a system of checking baggage which will be of great benefit to the patrons of the road.

Heretofore those who travel over the Great Northern road out of Duluth will have had to purchase a ticket and pay no further attention to his baggage from the time their grips and trunks are checked until they reach their destination. The system is one which has been in vogue in other cities for some time, and which will no doubt be appreciated by travelers.

Under the system which has been inaugurated here, each passenger's baggage had to be checked at the depot where it was first taken, and then checked again at the destination. This was necessary as no checks are issued unless a ticket is shown which entitles the holder to the transportation of a limited amount of baggage free between the points named on the ticket.

When Mr. Brewster arrived in Duluth several weeks ago to assume charge of the Great Northern office, he was surprised to find that the old-fashioned method still being used in Duluth and decided to inaugurate the system which he had seen used in other cities.

Arrangements were made with the local transfer company whereby they were to act in connection with the railroad. When a person purchases a ticket now at the Great Northern office he has but to state the hour at which his baggage will be ready and a check is given. The check is given to the baggage car clerk at his destination. While this entails a great deal of work upon the company other roads which have used the system have found it well satisfied with the results. There is less danger of baggage being lost, and the baggage car clerk and they run under orders from the railroad company's office they never miss trains.

HONOR PUPILS.
Awards Made at Sacred Heart Institute.

Rt. Rev. James McGolrick visited the Sacred Heart institute and read the reports of the pupils for January. It was agreed by the teachers that for good conduct, punctual attendance, and general progress in studies, the following girls should have their names on the roll of honor there in the assembly room and should also have them published in the Institute Echoes:

In the high school, Elizabeth O'Keefe, Teresa Hansmann and Katherine McCrae; commercial department, Maude Long, eighth grade; Margaret Chisholm and Bertha Chase, seventh grade; Marie Thayer and Louisa Van Vliet; sixth grade, Frances Potbury; fifth grade, Lucile Albracht and Agnes Quinn; special honor is awarded to Miss B. Hansmann for excellence in orthography.

After the reading of the reports the bishop addressed the young ladies, expressing the pleasure it gave him to see their class and department notes so generally high. He then spoke to them of the value of time spent in school, and of the necessity of appreciating the advantages they have in being in the way of acquiring a liberal education.

DID NOT MISS TRAIN.
Mrs. L. A. Westerman Makes Quick Connection to Duluth.

Mrs. L. A. Westerman, who was formerly Miss Anna Burnham, of Duluth, arrived in the city yesterday from New York, having received a telegram there Friday that her mother, Mrs. D. R. Burnham, was seriously ill.

Owing to the extremely cold weather which has prevailed throughout the Middle Atlantic states, Mrs. Westerman was able to arrive in Duluth but two hours late only by the thoughtfulness of railroad officials. She left New York at 5 o'clock Friday afternoon on

the Lake Shore flyer, which is due in Chicago twenty-three hours after leaving New York.

George M. Smith, general agent of the Omaha road, was apprised of her coming, and wired the Chicago agent of the Northwestern road to meet her at the Lake Shore depot and provide her with transportation over the train which leaves Chicago for Duluth at 10 o'clock each night.

The Lake Shore flyer arrived in Chicago more than five and one-half hours late, so that there remained but a few minutes in which to catch the Northwestern. The Chicago representative of the line telephoned orders to have the train held a few minutes if possible, with the assistance of a cabby with a fast horse and having her transportation secured beforehand, she reached the station just before the clock struck 10.

Mrs. Westerman has acquired considerable fame as an artist since leaving Duluth. Among other works which have gained for her a reputation are the figures of women which adorn the calculators

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

EVERY WARD FOR CULLUM.

The close of the mayoralty fight finds the supporters of Dr. Cullum confident of his election by a sweeping majority. The latest reports from the various precincts are of the most favorable character and justify the prediction that Dr. Cullum will carry every ward in the city. With fair weather tomorrow, a large vote will be polled, and the larger the vote the greater the majority that Cullum will receive.

The managers of Hugo's campaign privately admit that they are facing defeat. They practically concede the election of Cullum, although they openly keep up the claim that Hugo will be elected, hoping that some wavering voters may be influenced and, perchance, save their candidate from defeat. They are in desperate frame of mind and using all efforts to gain votes. This is the time when the campaign "roarback" may be expected, and no doubt the Hugo organ tomorrow will contain some specimens of that disreputable kind of campaigning. No one should place any credence in stories or affidavits or any other cheap political trick sprung at the eleventh hour of the campaign.

Let the friends of Dr. Cullum see that every vote is polled and they can feel assured of a splendid victory.

THE MARYLAND DEADLOCK.

Day after day the legislature of Maryland votes for a United States senator, each subsequent vote showing no more hope of breaking the deadlock than the previous one. Senator Gorman wants to elect his candidate, Carter, but up to the present time has been unable to do so. One of the other candidates, ex-Governor Smith, holds the votes that Gorman needs to insure the success of Carter, while a third candidate, Isidor Rayner, has a following in the legislature which promises to boost him into the vacancy at Washington in the event of a continued fight between the other two men. Smith has built up quite a strong personal machine in Maryland during the past few years and is not inclined to relinquish his ambitions to become a senator. As an independent, Rayner is distasteful to Gorman and it is likely that the latter would throw his support to Smith rather than have Rayner elected. On the other hand, it is considered by some that such a move would be disastrous to Gorman. The ex-governor is recognized as an astute general, whose powers and ability in the field of politics are considered by many to be equal to those of Senator Gorman himself. If Smith enters the senate with the prestige of having gained the seat in opposition to the wishes of Gorman, he would occupy a position in that body that would compel the respect of everyone.

Leader Gorman certainly seems to have a tough proposition on his hands, but his friends are confident he will win in the end.

PRINCE CUPID'S TROUBLES.

Prince Kuhio, commonly known as Prince Cupid, the Hawaiian delegate to congress, is very much disgusted with his treatment in Washington, and threatens to resign his office unless conditions are improved. He states emphatically that he is not allowed a free hand in his efforts to present Hawaiian matters before congress, and that his position is becoming intolerable. The specific charge he makes is that whenever he makes a recommendation of any kind to the various departments, his advice is not followed, and that his letters are invariably referred to Governor Carter at Honolulu. This not only delays matters, he says, but it also is not showing proper respect to a congressman, not mentioning the fact that the congressman is also the head of the royal family in Hawaii. Prince Kuhio also charges that he is not receiving proper consideration from the president, and that the latter always suggests a recommendation from Governor Carter when any subject of legislation is broached. He also does not like to be designated as plain "Mr. Kuhio." He believes that congressmen should pay some attention to his recommendations and attach some weight to the fact that he is not only the duly elected representative of the people of Hawaii, but also a royal prince who is naturally looked to by the natives as a father and a friend. The reference of his recommendations to a white man, and particularly Governor Carter, whom the natives do not like, is very galling to the prince, and accounts for his reported intention of quitting his job.

Everyone at Washington recognizes the limitations of the delegate, and there is a feeling that he will not be better able to represent the territory than was the late delegate Wilcox. For this reason the business men and planters made up a fund and agreed to pay \$5000 a year for a secretary to the delegate, provided a lawyer, and a man competent to give advice was given. Kuhio was willing to accept the offer of salary to his secretary, but he could not agree as to the man. He refused to take anyone but a native, and the business men and planters would not agree that there was any Hawaiian capable of holding the position. So there was a parting of the ways, and Cupid took along a young native, with no particular qualifications for the place.

There is evidently a chance for concessions on both sides. At all events, if Hawaii is to have a delegate he should have full powers to act for his people.

In spite of the attempts of the postoffice committee of the house, and the reforms which have been inaugurated in the service, the present indications point to an increase in postal expenditures this year over last of about \$200,000. The total appropriation, according to present estimates in committee, will reach \$178,000,000. This is just twice what the service cost no longer ago than 1896, when William L. Wilson was postmaster general. In fact, this year's increase over last equals the total cost of the postal service in any year before Grant's inauguration, and the increase in the single item

of rural free delivery—\$11,000,000—corresponds with the total cost of the postal establishment under Buchanan. While nearly all the postal expenditures come back in postal receipts, the deficit persists, and today the department is less hopeful of extinguishing it than in many years.

"HE GETS WHO CAN."

Attempt to sugar coat and disguise it as we may, even the best and most civilized nations have no clear conception of the law of "mine and thine." When men first banded themselves together in clans or tribes, it was not for the purpose of securing the property rights of others as well as themselves. Rather they associated together and acknowledged a chief or leader with a view to self-protection and aggression—to keep what they had and to get what they could.

The nation is but a step in advance of the clan in the evolution of mankind. No matter what the individual may think, no matter how far advanced toward the ideal we may be as individuals, the code of nations remains practically the same as at the beginning: "Might is right."

Why the individual should be compelled to submit his disputes to arbitration of the courts and be punished for any infraction of just laws, while nations are permitted to settle their quarrels by resort to power, is undoubtedly a poser most difficult of solution to the man who believes in the golden rule, but the fact remains.

The United States is no doubt the most liberal and just nation on the globe. Yet if there are readers who think that its dealings with other nations have always been marked with absolute justice and fairness, a perusal of impartial history, both old and new, would give those minds a rude shock.

When we acquired Texas, we took it as a reward for our prowess in whipping Mexico. Before we bought Florida we notified Spain, the alleged owner, in plain language that she would not be permitted to sell it to any other nation and that she must sell it to us. When we annexed Hawaii, we took it. When we defeated Spain in the recent war, we took the Philippines against the wish of the inhabitants, their rightful owners.

We often wonder why the liberty-loving English people could have been so heartless and unjust as to oppress and deny justice to the American colonists, but let a Filipino open his mouth about American oppression, real or imaginary, and we see how quick he will get it slapped.

When the South African republics clamored for recognition we were dumb; when Panama revolted we recognized her independence before the ink had fairly dried on the declaration.

We whipped the Southern secessionists into submission and established an alleged law that no state has a right to secede from the Union; now we forbid Colombia from punishing a state that has seceded from that federation.

If the United States owned a canal site, but did not want a canal dug through it, although the whole civilized world might clamor for that canal we would fight to the last drop of blood before we would permit it to be dug.

It is the nature of nations to see the faults of others—not their own. When we take into consideration our glibbing propensities as a country, the Spanish designation of "Yankee pigs" was not so far wide of the mark. And yet, is it not better so?

Who regrets the purchase of the Louisiana territory? Who regrets that we forced Spain to give up Florida? Are not the people of Texas and Hawaii better off as portions of the United States?

Would Cuba, or Porto Rico or the Philippines choose to return to the domination of Spain?

Who will say that the action of the United States in regard to Panama will not result in the greatest good to the greatest number? After the canal is dug, who would consent to have it rendered to the domination of Colombia?

Might is not always right, and national patriotism, whether the nation be right or wrong, is a human weakness. But the nation with the greatest fighting power is generally the most progressive and humane. Who can deny that the United States is that nation today? When a country loses its progressiveness and its humanity, it loses its fighting power.

In the ideal time to come there will be no national injustice because there will be no nations. Humanity will be welded into one harmonious whole, when universal peace will reign and the brotherhood of man will be an accomplished fact.

In the meantime we should strive to be as just as we can, and condemn injustice wherever it occurs, but always uphold anything that will assist in the progress of the world and add to the sum of human happiness. We should as a people ever labor toward the ideal, but never forget that the real law of nations is this:

"He gets who can."

The voter can easily tell whether the Hugo administration was economical by looking at his tax receipts and comparing them with receipts under the previous administration.

The Republican party has never taken a presidential candidate from New York. Will Roosevelt break the record?

Mrs. Jack Gardner is now convinced that the foreigner does not pay the tax.

If You Do Not Know, You Ought to Know:

The railroad mileage of the United States has reached 205,000 miles of line, gross earnings for the year were \$1,855,000,000. Operating expenses were \$1,249,000,000. Both the operating and the earnings average have increased in the past year. One hundred and four passengers were killed in train accidents, and 4224 injured, and 895 employees killed and 6440 injured. Casualties from other causes than train accidents swell the total to 521 passengers, and 2333 employees killed, and 6973 passengers injured and 50,000 employees injured.

That for the first time in years there has been a falling off in the Soo canal traffic. But 34,674,437 tons passed through the canal this season, 1,980,769 tons less than in 1902. As it stands its commerce is three times greater than the Suez canal and it was confidently expected that 40,000,000 tons would be carried this last year.

That our internal revenue amounts to \$230,000,000 a year. It is about \$40,000,000 less than last year, owing to reduction in taxes.

That it is estimated that within a few years the gold output from the Transvaal mines will reach \$10,000,000 a year.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Do you ever notice a peculiar manner about some persons who register? Ask the man in the atrociously stained shirt and flat-crowned derby, as he stood near the Spaulding hotel desk yesterday, and watched a number of travelers enter and inscribe their names on the book.

"It is worth while to pay some attention to it if you have never done so. No two men register alike either in the way of handwriting or approaching the desk. I have had much amusement in my time just watching new arrivals at hotels."

"There is the man who comes in with a quick step, with his head a trifle higher in the air than it ought to be, and who looks around the lobby for the express purpose of seeing how many persons are looking him over to ascertain the latest ideas of dress. Sometimes this species of man has money, but more often he has a good tailor, and that worthy has done his best to make a man of his subject."

"When this kind of man goes through the lobby he is always pleased with the result. He is always pleased with the fact that he is so well known in that particular hotel, and he is always pleased to become a sign for everyone to turn their heads in his direction."

"This man in registering usually uses all his wits to get the best of the clerk. He flatters himself with the idea that he is a good dresser, and he is a good dresser, but he is not a good dresser in the eyes of the clerk. He is not a good dresser in the eyes of the clerk, and he is not a good dresser in the eyes of the clerk."

"Some persons have a mania for wanting to be known in the hotel. They are well known, and this fact also becomes a part of their vanity. They are well known, and this fact also becomes a part of their vanity. They are well known, and this fact also becomes a part of their vanity."

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POINTED REMARKS.

Chicago Tribune: Political manager—Do you think we can depend on Snuggly honesty as a politician?

Ward heeler—I am sure of him. The other fellows offered him only half what we were paying him.

Chicago Post: "The last French duel was a very sad affair." "How so?" "It terminated fatally." "Really?" "Yes. The morning was so chilly that one of the combatants caught cold and died three weeks later of pneumonia."

Washington Star: "Why didn't you go to Europe and get some idea how they do things there?" "answered Senator Sargent, "I don't dare take my eyes off what is going on over here long enough."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Bring me a scrambled egg." "An egg, sir. Yes, sir. But you'll have to leave a deposit at the desk, sir."

Detroit Free Press: "Papa," piped little Willie, "which is better to be—a big toad in a little puddle or a little toad in a big puddle?"

"It is better to be a big toad in a big puddle," answered the ambitious father.

Pittsburgh Dispatch: "She sings like a bird," we whisper to our companion, "and she is a real beauty." "Yes," answered the other, "but she is a real beauty in a bad way."

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (Central time), Feb. 1.—The cold wave covers the western half of the United States, and possibly the New England states. Zero weather prevails in the Red River Valley, upper Mississippi Valley, and western lake region, the coldest 7 a. m. temperature being 34 degrees below zero at Duluth. It is somewhat warmer in the far Northwest, mild temperature being the rule in districts north of Colorado. Snow or rain fell in Eastern states and snow in portions of the Northwest. The barometer is very low over New England states, and over Gulf states and Oregon. The highest wind velocity at Duluth last night was 44 miles per hour from the northwest.

Following are the minimum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours: Abilene 30 Medicine Hat 28

Baltimore 28 Memphis 28 Bismarck 28 Miles City 28

Buffalo 28 Milwaukee 28 Calgary 28 Modena 28

Chicago 28 Moorhead 28 New Orleans 28 New York 28

Denver 28 North Platte 28 Detroit 28 Oklahoma 28

Dodge City 28 Omaha 28 Duluth 28 Port Arthur 28

Strong Arguments to Be Presented to House Committee.

Tells Why He Objects to the Concrete Con- struction.

100

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

[illegible]

Cork Tips or Plain

Save the Coupons.

ROORBACK SPRUNG

The Republicans Already Show Nefarious Methods They Can Stoop To.

M. S. Cook of Cook's Hotel Authority For Their Canard.

The roorbacks are already being sprung. In their desperation at the Culm landside that is developing, the Republican managers have sprung one of their nefarious schemes a little too soon. Things look so badly that they cannot wait until tomorrow morning. To their aid they have summoned M. S. Cook, of Cook's European hotel, which figured in a police episode last Sunday night.

This roorback is the circulation of the report that Dr. Culm, in spite of his public declarations, has privately pledged himself to support Joseph A. Mannheim chief of police.

The authority for this statement is the affidavit of M. S. Cook.

The Republicans, by failing to wait until tomorrow morning, exposed their duplicity. It is a matter of much surprise to Dr. Culm and the Democratic managers that Chairman Guy A. Eaton would countenance such methods.

Dr. Culm himself discovered that this report was being spread. To The Herald this afternoon he gave this statement:

"By the interest accident I heard one of Mr. Hugo's managers (I would give his name but for my desire to refrain from personalities) say to another Republican at 10 o'clock this morning, 'One minute later I heard another Republican tell one of the workers, spread it around as fast as possible.'"

"A singular coincidence is the fact that five minutes later, word was brought to me that the report was being spread along the street, to the effect that M. S. Cook, who keeps the notorious Cook's hotel, would make an affidavit that I was to appoint Joseph A. Mannheim chief of police. I presume this was what was ordered spread."

"Now in reply to this I will say again that I have told the public frankly and honestly what I would do with the police department. Aside from this I have neither been asked to, nor have I promised a single place to a single man. If the contrary can be proven to any three honorable men, either Republicans or Democrats, I hereby agree to resign if elected."

"Saloonkeepers and business men have complained to me about this notorious piece of Cook's, saying that there are more saloons sent to hell from that pernicious place than from all the saloons in town put together. I believe this to be true, and I have stated that I would clean out this den of iniquity."

"M. S. Cook was called up after the report was heard and admitted that the statement that he was to make the affidavit was true."

"Dr. Culm against M. S. Cook, of Cook's European hotel. How does it sound?"

The statement in this morning's issue of the News Tribune that the \$500,000 bond issue in the Trustee administration added \$22,500 to the interest on the city of the city was received with ridicule by all who were familiar with city affairs at that time.

As a matter of fact, the issue of \$500,000 saved the city nearly \$200,000 a year, and (City) Mayor Truesden were responsible for it.

At the time Mayor Truesden came into office the first time the city had a floating indebtedness of \$550,000, according to the statement of Treasurer Voss this morning.

"That indebtedness was bearing interest at 7 and 8 per cent," said Mr. Voss this morning. "The most of it was at 7 per cent, although there was some of it at 8."

"The bond issue was floated to cover this indebtedness. The city issued \$500,000."

Special Sale!

LACE CURTAINS

Here's the place to buy, as house cleaning time will soon be here. We sell everything in curtains on easy monthly payments. Remember our Clothing and Furniture departments have no fake "half price" goods, but we guarantee a superior quality at lowest prices, on easy weekly payments.

GATELY'S

Where Your Credit is Good, 8 E. SUPERIOR ST.

600 worth of bonds bearing just 4 1/2 per cent interest. The remainder of the indebtedness was paid off by the collection of old assessments, of which there was a large amount outstanding at that time on \$500,000.

"The bond issue thus meant a direct saving to the city of at least 2 1/2 per cent per year on \$500,000."

From this statement of Mr. Voss it will be seen that the bond issue, instead of adding the sum of \$22,500 to the city's interest account, saved the city from \$18,000 to \$20,000.

The same article contains a statement that the comptroller's report for 1903 shows no outstanding orders. As a matter of fact, the report shows outstanding orders of over \$500, although the error is a minor one compared with the one first mentioned.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater—New attractions tonight. Sewing machine for rent, \$2.00 a week. White store, 12 West Superior street, next to Sulliff's. Both telephones.

The Epworth league of the First M. E. church will conduct the meeting at the Star of the Cross mission this evening, at 8 o'clock. There will be special music. An entertainment for children and their friends will be held by Alpha chapter, Modern Samaritans, and the ladies of the Epworth league at 8 o'clock, Thursday evening, Feb. 4. This will be the last social of the Modern Samaritans preceding Lent.

The request for aid for the families of the 19 killed in the recent mine disaster at Cheswick, Penn., which was referred to the Commercial club, and approved by the board of directors, is for the aid of the widows and orphans of the dead men.

Parlor theater—2:30 p. m., vaudeville.

PURELY PERSONAL

J. A. McDevitt, president of the Clouet and Fox company, went to Breckinridge this afternoon over the Great Northern.

Vincent A. Barnes, who has been in Duluth since his arrival here, is in the city today, for a similar purpose. Mr. Barnes is a resident of the city of Duluth.

Charles Gallagher, ticket agent at the Duluth depot, is in the city today, for a similar purpose. Mr. Gallagher is a resident of the city of Duluth.

John Robertson, wife of the divorcee, is in the city today, for a similar purpose. Mr. Robertson is a resident of the city of Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Holmes and Mrs. J. Sletten, of Ely, came down from the city today, for a similar purpose. Mr. Holmes is a resident of the city of Duluth.

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DRAWING JURORS

Six Are Obtained In First Session of Leland Trial.

Sixteen Talesmen Examined—Judge Dibell Has Pointed Question.

George Macfarlane, clerk, Western Transist company, resides 250 East Second street.

Henry S. Ely, mining and stocks, resides 827 East First street.

John McNichol, blacksmith, resides 24 West First street.

Samuel O. Sterritt, solicitor, Equitable Life Insurance company, resides 1212 East First street.

These are the first six jurors accepted up to 2 o'clock this afternoon for the trial of Charles F. Leland, on the charge of accepting money for deposit in his institution when he knew the Commercial Banking company to be insolvent.

The entire forenoon session was devoted to the examination of jurors. The fact that out of sixteen called six had been selected by the noon adjournment of court was believed to augur well for an early beginning of the actual trial of Mr. Leland. While it is possible that the selection of jurors may go on more slowly, it was thought this noon that the actual trial would begin by tomorrow morning at the latest.

The case is on trial in Judge Dibell's room, Mr. Leland being detained by the lawyer, Mr. Leland, who is in the city today, for a similar purpose. Mr. Leland is a resident of the city of Duluth.

Under the law the state has the right to three peremptory challenges and the defense has five challenges. Up to this afternoon the defense had made three peremptory challenges.

Most of the rejecting of jurors was done this morning by the defense, on the ground of incompetency.

For the most part the questioning was confined to whether the juror had any doubts as to the defendant's guilt, whether his friends did whether he had read newspaper accounts of the case, whether he had been influenced or prejudiced thereby.

Whenever a challenge for bias was submitted, the juror was asked a question which usually decided him as to the fitness of the juror to sit on the case.

The question was practically this: "If you were on trial would you care to accept a juror?"

One juror, just before he was accepted and sworn declared pointblank that he had no objection to serving on the jury in the Leland case. His declaration brought a smile all around and he was accepted without further delay.

Mr. Leland is being tried on what is known as the "Leland" indictment.

The charge against him is that while he was president of the Commercial Banking company in this city Aug. 12 last, under the name of the Commercial Banking company he "did" and "suffered" to do, a number of things, including the following:

"He accepted and received on deposit money for the Commercial Banking company, which was at that time insolvent and was about to be liquidated."

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Into the Nebraska Charges Montana Supreme Court Reverses the Butte Judge.

Important Decision In Case of Amalgamated Properties.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 1.—The Montana supreme court today reversed the decision of Judge Clancy in the Butte in the injunction suit of John MacGinnis against the Boston & Montana company. This is the suit which caused the shut-down of all the Amalgamated properties in Montana last summer.

The case involved the injunction issued by District Judge Clancy against the Amalgamated Copper company's holding and voting stock in Montana companies. The decision is very voluminous and far-reaching. The essence is that MacGinnis is a private individual and has no right to maintain an action against the Amalgamated company doing business in Montana on the point as to whether it is a monopoly.

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QUESTION OF WHERE

to buy the best and pay the least, guess no longer—come to us—we have a great many bargains which we haven't the space to mention. If you are in need of bargains of any kind it will pay you to see us before making your purchases. We are the people to save you money.

WE GIVE YOU CREDIT AND MAKE TERMS TO SUIT your convenience. We will also sell you the best stoves and ranges made in America at \$1.00 down and \$1.00 per week payments.

SECONDS COUNT AS MINUTES NOW-A-DAYS.---THE QUICKEST WAY TO EVERYTHING IS THE MOST POPULAR. THE RESULT IS THE THING---AND QUICKLY! A HERALD "WANT AD." ACTS LIKE LIGHTNING. ANYTHING YOU NEED IN REAL HASTE? ONLY ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.
ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—
 B. F. Anderson, Mgr.; 327 Manhattan
 bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone 660; resi-
 dence, 1213.


Dahl Sisters, 216 West Superior street.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.
GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REIS-
and's, 206 East First street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A.
M. - Regular meeting first and
third Monday evening of each
month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next
meeting Feb. 1st, 1904. Work.

K O T M

SLUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY

Wednesday evening at
Maccabees' hall, corner
Superior street and First
avenue west. Visiting
Sir Knights always wel-
come. Edward Thomp-
son, Com. 12 E. Fifth St.

Fenstermacher, recorder.
O. J. Murvold, financier.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 16,
meets in Odd Fellows' hall
every Tuesday evening at
8 o'clock. John Newman,
M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson,
financier; A. E. Blake.

F. J. Grant, C. C.; D.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
ULUTH AERIE, NO. 79. MEETS

M. W. A.
TRIAL CAMP NO. 2206 MEETS AT

secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.


COURT COMMERCE, NO.
3283 Independent Order of

 Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo

Macdonald, secretary; John
Burnett, financial agent.

tary, Glass Block.

Archon, E. F. MORRIS,
Scribe, 1524 East Fourth

GEO. L. HARGRAVES
Archon; L. P. MURRAY
Scribe, 1524 East Fourth
street.

[illegible]

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Who Shot His Wife at Cass Lake—Report That He Will Claim He Was Insane on the Night of the Tragedy.

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Chunard has employed Charles Argall, of this place, as his attorney. It is believed that Chunard will claim that he is, or was at the time of the shooting, insane, and consequently irresponsible for his acts. It is known that when he was under the influence of liquor Chunard was of a flighty and gloomy disposition, but he never heretofore gave signs of insanity. On the other hand, it is claimed that he has for some time threatened his wife with dire disasters, and also intimated that he would "beat the head off" of several parties against whom he imagined he had a grievance. The fact that all of the shots he fired took effect would indicate that Chunard was deliberate in his acts the night of the shooting. Very little sympathy is extended to the imprisoned man, whose crying and random talk are taken with a grain of salt.

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A diplomatic arrangement has been reached, the dispatch continues, between the French minister of foreign affairs and the British ambassador here, by virtue of which it is agreed that both the French and British governments will bring strong pressure to bear upon Japan to induce her to accept the terms of the new Russian note. The language in which this note is couched has been submitted, the correspondent avers, to both the French and British foreign offices, and is recognized to be most conciliatory in effect.

Should Japan not yield to the French and British representatives, other European powers will add the weight of their persuasions to the same end, and then, if Japan continues recalcitrant, all the responsibility for war, and its consequences, will rest with her and Europe will wash its hands of the business.

The recent entente cordiale between France and Great Britain had chiefly helped in permitting this understanding between the French and British diplomats as to the Russo-Japanese question to be brought about.

Paris, Feb. 2.—The French foreign office authorities give a denial of the report, printed in New York and emanating from Paris, to the effect that the French and British governments had agreed to exert pressure on Japan for the acceptance of the coming Russian reply. It is specifically asserted no exchanges relating to the Russo-Japanese situation have occurred between the French and British governments for more than ten days. Some time ago, while reports of mediation were current, a general understanding was reached by which, in their own way, Great Britain, at Tokyo, and France, at St. Petersburg, would seek to secure a Pacific adjustment, but this related to the former condition, when the Japanese note was pending. Since then there has been no agreement, and no negotiations toward an agreement concerning the coming Russian reply.

New York, Feb. 2.—No fewer than four kings' messengers have been sent from this country to St. Petersburg within the last few days, at absolutely unprecedented record, says a Herald dispatch from London. This may be taken as evidence of the influence that are being brought into play to prevent hostilities in the far East.

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Introduced In the House and Will Have Support of Nearly All the Minnesota Members.

Washington, Feb. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Stevens today introduced his much talked of bill for the improvement of trade with Canada. He had been waiting to secure promises of support from Chairman Payne of the ways and means committee and other house leaders and, having accomplished this, the bill has been presented and it will be pushed. The chances of its favorable report are very bright. The bill provides that when wheat is imported into this country to be ground in bonded mills and then is exported as flour, the bran and other by-products may be withdrawn for domestic consumption after payment of such duties as would have accrued had these by-products been imported under regulations to be made by the secretary of the treasury.

Mr. Stevens believes this country must first pave the way to increased trade with Canada by trade concessions. Canada also to make concessions, he believes that American farmers have nothing to fear from his bill. No competition will result under its provisions which will work them injury. On the other hand, this bill, if enacted, may lead to free lumber, which would be of inestimable benefit to the farming communities.

Discussing the Stevens bill, Representative Stearns said: "I would like to see free lumber from Canada, but we would secure them in return. We may have to take the initiative, and if so, we will get it. At first I doubted the wisdom of the idea contained in the Stevens bill, but after careful thought I endorsed it very cordially. Canadian wheat is only 5 cents less per bushel in their markets than on this side of the line. The Stevens bill

will not affect our farmers one way or the other."

Mr. Stearns' statement is significant. It shows he represents in congress the Minnesota section of the great Red River spring wheat belt. Representatives Tiede, McIntosh, the Stevens bill and will work for it. Representatives Buckman and Davis stand with Tiede. Representative McCleary is a strong protectionist and will take no hand in the matter, but if the bill is reported favorably from the ways and means committee, as is very probable, he will vote for it. Representative Volstead thinks possibly the bill may harm some of his wheat-growing constituents, and expects to make an address when the bill gets before the house. Representative Tawney will make a fight for the bill in the ways and means committee.

Both the Minnesota senators have been familiar with the leading features of the Stevens bill for several months and will support it.

The Dingley law provides that the secretary of the treasury shall have discretionary authority as to drawbacks and the by-products of certain imported raw materials, among them hides, iron and steel. It is contended that wheat should have the same footing with these articles, hence the Stevens bill. This bill has been carefully worked out after many conferences between Stevens and the leading wheat growers and importers and the flour manufacturers of the Northwest, and its enactment will, it is believed, work in the direct interest of all classes of people in that section who deal in wheat or flour.

ATTORNEY DIES OF HIS WOUNDS

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 2.—James K. Shrader, a prominent young lawyer who had just completed a term as assistant commonwealth's attorney, died today, at the city hospital, from the effects of a bullet wound, inflicted at midnight by W. E. Neal, of Owensboro, Ky. The trouble arose, it is said, over a suspicion which Neal entertained as to Shrader's state senator.

Relations with Mrs. Neal. Neal has been arrested. The shooting occurred in the cafe of the Capitol hotel, where Neal found Shrader talking to the bartender.

Neal then dashed out the door, only to run into the arms of a policeman. Neal's father is a wealthy farmer of Anderson county, and was at one time which Neal entertained as to Shrader's state senator.

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All the Time Honored Customs Were Observed With Full Detail.

King Refers With Pleasure to Settlement of Boundary Dispute.

London, Feb. 2.—King Edward opened parliament today with all the ceremonial that has been in vogue since his accession to the throne. None of the familiar outdoor features were lacking. The weather conditions, however, continued too depressing to permit of much enthusiasm.

Early in the day occurred the time-honored search of the vaults of the house of parliament for conspirators, and later came the crowds under a forest of umbrellas, always eager for anything in the way of pageantry, but their ranks were thinned by the inclement weather.

In the passage of the royal procession along the trooped route from Buckingham palace to St. Stephens there was no novelty introduced, and the effect was sadly marred by the drenched appearance of the cortege. Half a dozen state carriages, with the suites, preceded the ornate coach of state, drawn by eight cream-colored Hanoverians, and bearing the king and queen.

The procession was surrounded by the usual retinue of equerries, outriders, yeomen of the guard, exercising their ancient right to be in close attendance on the sovereign, and an escort of household cavalry. The Prince and Princess of Wales had a small procession of their own from Marlborough house.

After entering the house of lords by the royal gate, beneath the Victoria tower, their majesties were robed and preceded by the state regalia, passed in procession to the chamber where the lords had assembled to hear the king's speech. Many peeresses were present, and their feathers, jewels and bright dresses, vari-colored robes of the legislators, and the brilliant, diplomatic uniforms, combined to make up an effective scene.

Ambassador Choate was confined to his house by a slight cold and was unable to attend, so the United States embassy was represented by Secretary White and Second Secretary Carter.

On the arrival of the members of the house of commons, King Edward read the speech from the throne.

Touching on the Alaska decision, the king's speech says that on some points the verdict was favorable to the British claims and on others it had been adverse. Much as this last circumstance was to be deplored, it must, nevertheless, be a matter for congratulation that the misunderstandings, in which ancient boundary treaties, made in ignorance of geographical facts, are so fertile, have in this case been finally removed from the field of controversy.

The crisis in the far East is touched upon briefly in the king's speech, as follows: "I have watched with concern the course of the negotiations between the governments of Japan and Russia in regard to their respective interests in China and Korea, and a disturbance of the peace in those regions could not but have deplorable consequences. Any assistance which my government can usefully render towards the promotion of a pacific solution will be gladly afforded."

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J. F. McGovern, editor of the Washburn Herald, it is said, is urged by his friends to enter the race. Capt. Harries of Caledonia is another First district man proposed for the nomination.

C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, is also mentioned as a strong candidate. Judge Lechren and Mayor Robert A. Smith have also been proposed by the country press.

Congressman John Lind and S. M. Owen are suggested from the Fifth district.

Judge L. L. Baxter of Fergus Falls has received considerable mention for the Democratic nomination. The judge was a major in the Fourth Minnesota regiment, was a pioneer of Glenwood and practiced law many years in that city and at Shakopee.



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King Edward of England is fond of being photographed, and the leading London artists are kept busy by his majesty as well as others of the royal household. It is probable that the king has posed for the camera over 1000 times. In his most recent photograph, just published, he is attired in the uniform of his Austro-Hungarian regiment, the Twelfth Hussars.

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Mr. Lee M. Hart, who is General Secretary of the Theatrical Stage Employees' International Union, emphasizes the fact that against La Grippe, or the disease that follows Grippe, there can be no stronger nor more certain protection than the wondrous strength imparted to the entire system by Paine's Celery Compound.

Chicago, Dec. 31, 1933.
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THE HORSE RACE

Harry Annis Says His Horse Has Sore Foot.

Will Arrange Race Later—Honest Abe Not a Ringer.

Seldom is there such widespread interest in Duluth over a sporting event as was manifested in the horse race on the lake Saturday between Honest Abe and Captain S for the \$1000 stake.

Interest in the event has not yet died out. On the contrary it appears to grow, and the two horses and their respective owners are the talk of the town. James Sullivan, owner of Captain S, together with many other backers of the horse, persist in their claim that their racer is the best animal, and are anxious to arrange for another race under the same conditions as the last.

Enthusiasts who lost money on the match last Saturday have some of them put into circulation the report that Honest Abe, owned by Harry Annis, is "ringing" with a previous track record of 2:15. This Mr. Annis emphatically denies in a communication to The Herald.

In and out of his statements submits a list of names of owners of horses, and in proof of his statements submits a list of names of owners of horses, and in proof of his statements submits a list of names of owners of horses.

Mr. Annis' communication is given below: "Please deny the rumor that my horse 'Honest Abe' is a ringer. He was never started in a race until last fall at our local fair. His speed was developed in Duluth by Terry Burns who drives him in his races. Capt. Sullivan was developed in the best, but so far, he has not demonstrated this in a race. When Abe was thrown a shoe in the third heat last Saturday and finished the heat with one bare foot, the horse was not in the best of health and in a fit state to finish the heat. I will make no further statement about riding, but I will state again until I know that 'Abe' is fit to race. It is all right for me to deny Capt. Sullivan a chance to again test the speed of the old gray horse, as Capt. Sullivan is not a fair and gentlemanly way with me. Will you kindly inform me if you have received the enclosed letter signed by E. F. Parker and H. H. Smith."

HARRY ANNIS.
The letter referred to is as follows: "Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 29, 1933. H. Annis, Duluth, Minn.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the twenty-first received. In regard to the gray horse, an agent to hear that he is going well. Mr. Smith, the gentleman that Bryan bought the horse from, is in my office at present. The horse never had any record while he was with me, but he never was marked when either of us owned him. I will have Mr. Smith sign this letter along with me to show you that everything is all right. I will also have Mr. Smith or correspond with him while he is at Duluth City, Neb. in care of Pacific stock farm, and he will make an affidavit if you desire it."

PARKER, H. H. SMITH.

THE RED TIE IS DEFENDED

John Farson Declares Scarlet Ties Are Here to Stay.

New York, Feb. 2.—The Saxon judge who recently declared that the red necktie was an improper garment to wear in court, has been told that the red tie is here to stay.

Mr. Farson, who is a judge in the Saxon court, has been told that the red tie is here to stay. He has been told that the red tie is here to stay. He has been told that the red tie is here to stay.

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The new 1934 Valentines are here. We are showing many new novelties this year—Buster Brown series—postal, cards, lace, comic and mechanical effects, etc. Prices range from 1c up. One sale in Book Dept.

Silk Headquarters at Head of the Lakes.

Freimulth's

60c for Men's Underwear, worth \$1.25.
Misses' Australian Wool Ribbed Underwear, in tan colors—silk fronts—pearl buttons—broken lot—good value at \$1.25 per garment—the Rummage 69c sale price.

After Stock Taking Rummage Sale Still Continues!

New lots are taking the place of those closed out—bargains were never better. Every department in the house has a number of good things which are going at give-away prices. Note the following:

Rummage Drug Bargains.

An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Prepare for spring with its colds, fevers, grip and other ills, at our Drug Dept. Here are a few of our Rummage prices:

50c for Celery Compound worth \$1.00.

Kaiser's Celery Compound, the great nerve tonic and liver and kidney invigorator—regular price \$1.00 per bottle—Rummage 50c.

29c for Fig Syrup worth 50c.

Laxative Fig Syrup, one of the very best prescriptions—recognized by the medical profession as a specific for habitual constipation and many ills—regular price 50c—Rummage 29c.

29c for Syrup of Tar worth 50c.

Richards' Syrup of Tar and Wild Cherry, for coughs, colds, consumption, sore throat, etc., regular price 50c—Rummage price 29c.

8c for Bottle Castor Oil worth 15c.

Purity brand of Castor Oil, none better, worth 15c—Rummage price 8c.

8c for Witch Hazel worth 15c.

Eight-ounce bottle of Witch Hazel, a most useful household remedy for sprains, cuts, etc., regular price 15c—Rummage price 8c.

39c for 4-lb Bar Castile Soap, worth 65c.

Imported Castile Soap in large 4-lb bars—white or olive oil, worth 65c—Rummage price 39c.

39c for Crockery worth 17c.

A table lot of these odds and ends, in open stock—Plates, Breakfast Plates, Pie Plates, Bowls, Fruit Saucers, Sugar Bowls and Cream Pitchers, worth up to 17c—Rummage 39c.

19c for Crockery worth 40c.

Your choice of a table lot of Fancy Ash Trays, Ribbed Olive Dishes, Placques, Steins, Bon-Bon Boxes, and many other fancy pieces suitable for Card Parties, worth up to 40c—Rummage price, each, 19c.

19c for Crockery worth 25c.

Choice of a table lot of fancy decorated China Fruit Plates and Salad Bowls, very pretty goods—Rummage price, 10c.

49c for Toilet Sets worth 75c.

12-piece decorated Toilet Sets, complete with large soap jar, regular price \$7.50—Rummage price, set—\$4.98.

99c for Toilet Sets worth \$1.50.

Beautiful 12-piece Toilet Sets, regular \$15 values—Rummage price, set—\$9.98.

Hardware Prices.

Prices on these in most cases, are about one-third the regular ones—all are Rummage bargains of a high order.

60c for Clothes Hampers worth \$3.50.

Fancy Clothes Hampers—everyone needs one in the home—sold up to \$3.50 each—Rummage price—60c.

5c for Roasting Pans worth 19c.

Roasting or drip pans, in all sizes, worth up to 19c—Rummage price, each, 5c.

10c for Dust Pans worth 25c.

Long-handled Dust Pans, regular price is 25c everywhere—Rummage price—10c.

2c for Comb and Brush Holders worth 5c.

Kitchen Comb and Brush Holders—never sold for less than 5c each—Rummage price, each, 2c.

Carpenters' and Household Tools at Half.

Choice of a table lot of all kinds of tools—Saws, Planes, Braces and Bits, Squares, Tapers, Callipers, Dividers, Files, Vises, etc., all perfect goods—at HALF PRICE.

7c yard for 12½c Fancy Flannelette.

Fancy Flannelette, in neat, small effects, in self colors, sold regularly at 12½c—Rummage price—per yard, 7c.

10c for 15c and 18c Fancy Flannelette.

36-inch fancy hook fold Flannelette—in light and dark colors for wrappers, squaces, etc.—Rummage price, per yard, 10c.

19c for 50c Dress Goods.

12 pieces of 40-inch plain and fancy Dress Goods, in Cadets, Royals, Navys and Greens—just the thing for school dresses, etc., 19c.

39c for Hat Brushes worth \$1.00.

Hat and Velvet Brushes—travelers' samples—some of them slightly damaged, regular \$1.00 kind—Rummage price—39c.

39c for Kid Gloves worth \$1.25.

Ladies' Black Kid Gloves, small sizes only—regular \$1 and \$1.25 kind—Rummage 39c.

12½c for Ribbons worth 25c.

Fine Satin Ribbon in assorted colors—Nos. 16 and 22—always sold at 25c a yard—12½c.

25c a yard for Trimmings worth \$1.50.

New lot of Persian, Jet and Spangled Band Trimmings, in air-tight tin boxes, sells regularly at 25c per box—Rummage price—25c.

2 boxes Seidlitz Powders for 25c.

Best Seidlitz Powders, wrapped in tin foil and packed in air-tight tin boxes, sells regularly at 25c per box—Rummage price—Two boxes for 25c.

Hosiery and Underwear.

DYSPEPSIA CURED IN SEVEN WEEKS

John K. Schlappich, President Unique Trading Co., Reading, Pa., Says: "I Had Dyspepsia So Badly Nothing Would Stay on My Stomach. I Couldn't Sleep and Lost Flesh Daily. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Cured Me in Seven Weeks, and I Am Stronger and Healthier Than Ever Before."

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY



"I was in the depths of despair and suffering all kinds of tortures from dyspepsia. My constitution was so bad that nothing would stay on my stomach, not even potentized foods and was prescribed by the doctors. I lost flesh daily and could not sleep at night. It seemed to me death would be a relief. About a year ago I began taking Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, and in seven weeks I was completely cured and could eat anything set before me, without distress."

"I haven't had a touch of indigestion since, but have gained in weight, and never felt stronger or better in my life. Duffy's is a perfectly wonderful medicine, and I never mean to be without it."

Dyspepsia is the curse of modern civilization, and it is a more or less degree. It robs us of sleep, shatters the nerves, undermines the constitution and paves the way for serious disease complications. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is the only cure for dyspepsia that does not permanently injure the system. It is prescribed by 700 doctors of all schools and used exclusively in over 200 hospitals whenever a tonic or stimulant is required.

The greatest medical authority on diseases of the stomach, says, "Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is a form of food already."

Cures Stomach Troubles of Every Form.

Dr. John O. Walker, Randolph, N. C., Surgeon Southern Railway, writes: "Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is a most delicate tonic, easily borne by the most delicate stomach."

It sweetens and strengthens the stomach, and brings about a healthy condition of the system, and enables one to get from food all the nourishment it contains. If you are troubled with belching, sour stomach, biliousness or wind, especially after meals, or if you have a bad breath, a later, disagreeable taste in the mouth, or a furrowed tongue, particularly in the morning, if your complexion is dull and your skin dry, if you have had dreams and unrefreshing slumbers, no ambition or energy, but feel listless and languid after the least exertion, and just drag yourself around, if you cannot put your old-time interest into your work, get a bottle of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. KEY and take it as directed.

It makes digestion perfect, enriches the blood, builds up the nerve tissue, tones up the liver's action, gives power to the muscles, it is invaluable for overworked men, delicate women and sickly children; it makes the old young, and keeps the young strong. It is the only tonic that is so easily and so quickly absorbed. DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY also cures coughs, colds, grippe, catarrh, consumption, asthma, bronchitis, and all diseases of the throat and lungs; nervousness, malaria, and all slow fevers. It is the only whiskey recognized by the Government as a medicine. This is a guarantee.

CAUTION—When you ask for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey be sure you get the genuine. Unscrupulous dealers, mindful of the excellence of this preparation, will try to sell you cheap imitations and malt whiskey substitutes, which are put on the market for profit only, and which, far from relieving the sick, are positively harmful. Demand "Duffy's" and be sure you get it. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is the only one that contains medicinal health-giving qualities. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in sealed bottles only; never in flasks or bulk. Look for the "Duffy" label on the label, and be certain the seal over the cork is unbroken. Beware of refilled bottles.

Sold by all druggists and grocers, or direct, \$1.00 a bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, New York.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"The Sultan of Sulu." METROPOLITAN—"Fabi Roman." by Ferris company.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Friday and Saturday, Rose Cecilia Shay Grand Opera company.

"SULTAN OF SULU."

George Ade's Musical Comedy Makes Another Hit.

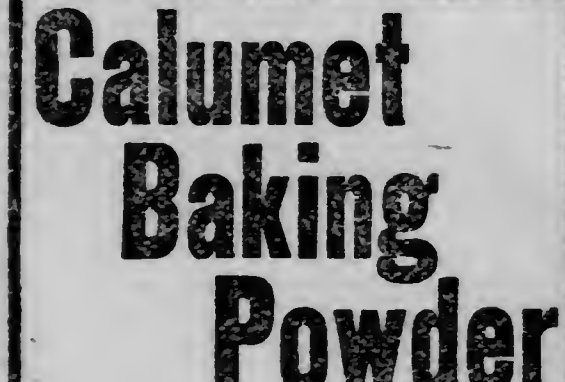
CAST.
Ki-Kan, the Sultan of Sulu..... Frank Moulton
Col. Jernerson..... Fred Collins
Lieut. Wm. H. H. of the Regulars..... George O'Donnell
Haji Fantoos, the Sultan's private secretary..... Walter Lawrence
Datto Maud of Parnang, Robert Parkin Wakeful M. Jones, agent and sales man..... J. J. Fogarty
Rastus, Nubian Slave..... J. J. Fogarty
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Datto Maud of Parnang, Robert Parkin Wakeful M. Jones, agent and sales man..... J. J. Fogarty
Rastus, Nubian Slave..... J. J. Fogarty

For the second time "The Sultan of Sulu" is visited by Duluth, opening a two-night's engagement at the Lyceum last evening, and George Ade's clever lines, Alfred Wall's pretty music, and Henry W. Savage's splendid production, made a great hit, as upon the first visit. It is a happy, jolly entertainment, one which even those who have had a surfeit of musical comedy can enjoy.

Frank Moulton can be pretty nearly called the whole show. Savage has found some pretty good comedians, but none better than Moulton. Fun runs riot from the time he steps on the scene until he leaves it, and unlike so many comedians, he has a fine singing voice. George O'Donnell is a good-looking colored actor, and Walter Lawrence a manly lieutenant of regulars, and Wakeful Jones a handsome and graceful traveling agent, and they sing pleasingly. Miss Cherish Simpson is now the dashing Henrietta, the American girl, and appears to good advantage. Miss Gertrude Quinlan is the most satisfactory of the principals and is given the most to do, next to Moulton. Her singing is of the mediocre order, and while she dances strenuously, she lacks grace. Fred Fox is fine in the character of the private secretary of the sultan.

There is no singing or a brilliant order, but the voices are generally pleasing and the chorus sings excellently.

Tonight the musical comedy will be



The Standard of Perfect Baking.

MISSTOWN CAUSE

Cook's European Hotel May Have Liquor License Revoked.

Aerial Ferry Bridge Contract Let to Waukesha Company.

Awarded contract for the aerial ferry bridge. Cook's European hotel, by order of the city council, should not be revoked. Received notice of \$1000 damage suit from Mrs. J. S. Konkel of Superior.

"Be it hereby resolved that the proprietors of the saloon at 212 West Superior street, commonly known as Cook's European hotel, be ordered to appear before the committee of this council on police and license and show cause why their license should not be revoked."

Such was a resolution introduced by Alderman Moore at the council meeting last evening.

"An article which appeared in the evening paper a few nights ago disclosed a discreditable action of affairs in this place," said Alderman Moore in moving the resolution, "and it appears to be a high time that the matter was investigated."

"I would like to move an amendment to that," said Alderman Sang, "understand that the police have raided the place several times during the past month or two, and I move that the chief of police be instructed to report the number of times he has raided the place during the past two months."

"I will adopt Alderman Sang's amendment to my original motion," said Alderman Moore, "and fix the time for some day during the ensuing week."

"I would just like to say," said Alderman Cullum, "that this resolution of the council, which is the only one of its kind, is a very wise one, and I am glad to see it on my part."

The motion carried without a dissenting vote.

The contract for the construction of an aerial ferry bridge over the ship canal was awarded to the Modern Steel Construction company, of Waukesha.

"This is the ferry bridge question that has been before the council for two years past," said Alderman Walker in introducing the report of the committee on bridges, "and it is a good faith in depositing a check for \$100,000 in one of our local banks to guarantee the construction of the bridge."

"Our people in West Duluth have always been favorable to the bridge," said Alderman Sang, "and I think that they are now all satisfied."

"The board of fire commissioners was asked for a report as to what apparatus now in its possession could be used to advantage on Park Point."

City Attorney Mitchell presented his report on the proposed addition to the armory. He stated that the city was not in a position to purchase the armory, but that it could either rent, buy or build one, and that an act of the legislature had been passed to that effect.

Nelson Shelo, a negro, died in a hospital at Philadelphia, Monday night from injuries, the police say, received in a boxing bout with Rosario Locke last Thursday at the Broadway Athletic club. Shelo was admitted to the hospital on Friday suffering from internal injuries. Locke has been arrested.

The Roanoke city council has offered a reward of \$1000 for the capture of the negro who assaulted Mrs. George Shields last night at the Broadway Athletic club. Citizens have added \$250 to the bounty, and the reward is now \$1250. The victim of the assault is still held under guard.

The death of Emil Hartmann, Jr., eldest son of the late Hartmann, who was formerly a member of the house of delegates and now holds a position in the city, has occurred in the families of men charged with holding while members of the house of delegates of St. Louis. Young Hartmann was killed last Saturday night at the Broadway Athletic club. The fight was a very rough one, and the young man entered a fifth round.

WINE, CORDIALS AND EXTRACTS

of cod liver oil act about the same on a weakened system as a cocktail does on an empty stomach. If any good is accomplished in either case the medical world has yet to find it out. The reason Scott's Emulsion affords effective and permanent relief and cure in all wasting diseases is because it restores health through nourishment, not through alcoholic stimulation.

In West Philadelphia, late Monday afternoon, beat, found and gagged the aged woman, Mrs. Ann Hester, who was one of the oldest residents in the city.

Judge Fox, in a decision rendered in the case of the eight-hour law, ordered the employers to pay the cost of the law, and the employers to pay the cost of the law.

Walter Scott, who was a scout with the police, at a special meeting of the police board, was ordered to pay the cost of the law, and the employers to pay the cost of the law.

Little Big Horn, committed suicide at his home at Stafford, Kans., by taking morphine. No cause is assigned. He was one of the oldest residents in the city.

John W. Oliver, Beaver Ridge, Tenn., has been elected to the office of mayor of the city of Nashville, Tenn.

Mrs. C. H. Jennings, Boston—"Our babies were sickly. Had no appetite, and would not eat. Took Rocky Mountain Tea made them strong and robust." 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Colds, Headaches, Stomach Upsets. For colds, headaches, or stomach upsets, Orange Peppermint Cure is the best. JOHN W. OLIVER, Beaver Ridge, Tenn.

South Dakota Wins Case. South Carolina Must Pay Bonds It Guaranteed.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The case of the state of South Dakota against the state of South Carolina, decided by the United States supreme court, favorably to South Dakota. The case involved the validity of a mortgage on stock of the North Carolina Railway company, given by the state of North Carolina to secure the payment of state bonds.

The state of South Dakota holds ten bonds of \$1000 each under a gift from Simon Schaffer and Samuel M. Schaffer of New York city, the amount of such payment an order of sale is issued to the marshal of this court, directing him to sell at public auction all the interest of the state of North Carolina in and to 100 shares of the capital stock of the North Carolina Railway company, owned by the state of North Carolina.

The chief justice and Justices White, McKenna and Day united in a dissenting opinion. The decision of the court is considered an important one and as making a new departure in ordering the sale of property in dispute in case of failure to satisfy a judgment. Justice Brewer said there was "no reasonable doubt of the validity of the bonds and mortgages in controversy," nor "question respecting the title of South Dakota to the bonds," and he asserted the jurisdiction of the court in cases brought by one state against another to enforce property rights. He added:

"We are confronted with the contention that there is no power in this court to enforce such a judgment, and that such lack of power is conclusive evidence that, notwithstanding the general language of the constitution, there is no implied exception of actions brought to recover money. The public property held by any municipality, city, county or state is exempt from seizure upon execution because it is held by such corporation, not as a part of its private assets but as a trustee for the public purposes."

There is in this case a mortgage of property and the sale of that property under a foreclosure may satisfy the plaintiff's claim. If that should result, there would be no necessity for a personal judgment against the state. Equity is satisfied by a decree for a foreclosure and sale of the mortgaged property, leaving the question of a judgment over for any deficiency, to be determined when if over it is ascertained. And surely if, as we have often held, this court had jurisdiction of any action by one state against another to recover a tract of land, there would

Unlike Any Other! The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute purity of Lowmy's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

Lowmy's Cocoa is the finest possible product of the choicest cocoa beans.

The Lowmy's Cocoa tells how to make Chocolate Bonbons, Fudge, Candy, etc. The Atoll Island. The Walter W. Lowmy Co., Boston, Mass.

BRILLIANT BALL

Police Entertain Handsomely at Their Annual Dance.

All of the Officers Participate in the Merry-making.

The quintessence of enjoyment, triply distilled, was dealt out by the policemen in chunks last evening. It was the grand annual ball of the Duluth Police Relief association, and it was a dandy.

The bare walls of the Armory were hung with flags and bunting, and the brilliant lights gave it a gala appearance.

The attendance was probably the largest ever seen at a policeman's ball in this city. The floor was packed with a good-natured throng of dancers, and the gallery was filled with spectators.

The fun began shortly after 8 o'clock. Almost every dance was encircled several times, and as the musicians were in a good humor the program was not brought to a close until after 2 o'clock this morning.

The whole force, with the exception of Operator McKewen, who is in Colorado, and the bloodhound pups, were out to the dance at different times during the evening. The city was patrolled by a number of special policemen, and headquarters was in charge of Detective Frank Schulte during the greater part of the evening.

The supper was a noble one, and well worthy of the occasion. Turkey, goose, ham, salads, fruits, nuts, candies, and all the component parts of a good square meal were served in abundance.

And the hosts themselves were the feature of the evening. The reception committee appeared to consist of the entire force, for strangers were received with open arms by a dozen different officers.

Chief Troyer viewed the scene with an air of contentment and satisfaction, and joined in one or two quadrilles. Capt. Resche and the detectives forgot the cares of keeping the peace of the city and took to dancing like ducks to water, while the officers, divested of their uniforms and clad in sombre black, were the ideal hosts.

The event, in short, was a social and a financial success, and a neat sum was added to the treasury of the Relief association.

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Buckwheat Cakes

with ROYAL Baking Powder

Are delicious and wholesome—a perfect cold weather breakfast food.

Made in the morning; no yeast, no "setting" over night; never sour, never cause indigestion.

To make a perfect buckwheat cake, and a thousand other dainty dishes, see the "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook." Mailed free to any address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Five Children Are Cremated. Awful Results of Fire in Council Bluffs Home.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, Feb. 2.—At 1 o'clock this morning the residence of Peter Christensen, Sixteenth avenue and Third street, was destroyed by fire. His five children, ranging in ages from a babe in arms to 11 years of age, were killed, and Mrs. Christensen, who was in the house, but being unable to escape, was killed. The bodies of the children were cremated, only the blackened trunks remaining.

Mrs. Christensen ran into the street and raised an alarm. She aroused the neighbors and a fire alarm was turned in. The neighbors then turned their attention to the house, but being unable to enter, they were forced to wait for the fire department. When the fire department arrived, the house was found to be a mass of flames. The bodies of the children were cremated, only the blackened trunks remaining.

Mrs. Christensen is terribly burned about the face and body. In telling of the fire, she says when she awoke the room seemed to be filled with flames. When she went to bed at 10 o'clock last night she said there was a fire in the kitchen stove, but it was not noticed. This was the only fire in the house.

Object to Champagne. Dakota Women Make Protest to President Hill.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—A protest, signed by 399 women residing in the Dakotas, was received at the office of President J. H. Hill of the Great Northern. This has been forwarded to Mr. Hill at New York.

The protest is against champagne being used in christening Mr. Hill's new steamship, the Dakota, at New London, Conn., Feb. 3.

In their protest to Mr. Hill the 399 signers claim that inasmuch as the new boat is named after the two prohibition states it would be most inappropriate to have the proud of the noble vessel bearing their name splashed with an intoxicating fluid.

Great Northern officials refuse to discuss the matter or to say what Mrs. Fleming, who will christen the ship, will do.

St. Paul, Feb. 2.—Vice President L. W. Hill of the Great Northern railway, stated, in regard to the alleged protest from 399 women of North Dakota against the use of champagne in christening the new steamship Dakota at New London, Conn., that letters had been received from but three women.

They urged the use of spring water instead of wine, said he "but I think the old custom will be followed."

Home-seekers and Settlers. On the first and third Tuesdays of each month round trip excursion tickets are on sale to points in the west.

We Want Your Business. PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY. Both 'Phones. Providence Building, 4th Avenue West and Superior Street.

Come to the up-to-date bookstore for 1904 OFFICE SUPPLIES. CHAMPELLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 West Superior St.

MINARD'S LINIMENT. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Sharp, Cutting Pains. All Druggists, 25 cents.

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence PATENT LAWYERS. Established 1881. Washington, D. C. Our Forty-second Anniversary Book on Patents, containing illustrations of nearly 100 mechanical movements, FREE. We have no representative in Duluth.

THE VIZIER BROKE

Traveled Across the Continent Without Paying a Cent.

Courier Defrayed Expenses and Is Promised Many Decorations.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—His highness, Ali Asghar Khan Atabek Azam, grand vizier of Persia, traveled from coast to coast across the United States without spending a cent, and so far as any body has been able to discover, without a cent in his pocket.

In New York they held a steamer—because his highness was taking a bath, but because he did not have the necessary car fare. In San Francisco they came near holding his trunk because he did not have the price of the large juicy steaks for which he displayed a fondness.

The grand vizier gave a magnificent display of that oriental finery which has won such renown for the Shah of Persia and the Sultan of Turkey. Incidentally, there are those who regret it, and among them is Jules Clerfayt, special agent for the Trans-Siberian railway and railroad guide for the distinguished party.

"A great experience, a great experience," but, oh, so costly," murmured Mr. Clerfayt, as he borrowed \$200 at the Auditorium hotel last night. "It was like this," said he, as he borrowed a cigar from the clerk and a match from the box. "His highness came to San Francisco Friday night of week before last. He went on the steamer to meet him. His son and his minister of education were with him. Then there were a secretary and four servants. That made eight.

"The grand vizier greeted me very cordially. I asked him which hotel he preferred. 'The best,' he said, and we went to the Palace. Three days we remained there. Then we were prepared to start for the depot, but the porter said that that way. He had a bill for a little more than \$100. 'The money or the baggage,' he said—the grand vizier's baggage—which shall it be?"

"I asked the grand vizier, 'Oh, bother it,' he said, in French, 'ou pay the bill; I make it good, and I decorate you.' So I paid the bill and we started for the depot. But there were no tickets. When I asked the grand vizier, he said:

"Oh, bother the tickets! You pay for them and I give you two decorations, signed by the Persian minister at Washington. But the check was for only \$200, while the tickets were \$150.00. 'Oh, bother the difference!' said the grand vizier. 'You pay the difference and I give you three decorations.' I told him \$10.00. Then he promised to pay me when we got to Omaha. We started, but we had no berth, and Mr. Clerfayt asked for a berth for him.

"Oh, bother the sleepers," said the grand vizier. 'You pay it and I give you four decorations.' When we got to New York the agent of the Union Pacific wanted his money.

"You pay it," said the grand vizier to me. 'I give you another decoration.' I settled with the railroad. "We started for the steamer Philadelphia. The grand vizier had no tickets and they could not pay you when we got to Cherbourg," he said to the agent. "No thanks," answered the agent. "You pay the ticket or you don't ride." The Persians who were there to see the grand vizier off made up the \$150.

"Then I asked him for the expenses and he gave me this check, and Mr. Clerfayt took a list of the things from his pocket. There were dots and dashes on it. 'I'm going to send it to Washington,' the grand vizier said, 'he concluded, happily.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Man Takes Poison and Dies In Aberdeen Hotel.

SOUTH DAKOTA. Aberdeen—John McElroy, aged about 40, of Frederick, killed himself Sunday afternoon at the Wisconsin house in this city by taking poison. He arrived in Aberdeen from the East Sunday morning. A doctor was summoned, but it was too late to save him. He was found dead in his room, and the cause of death was determined to be arsenic. The man was a stranger in the city and had no friends here.

Parker—The funeral of Arthur Ellstrom, 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Ellstrom, was held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Wisconsin house. The funeral was attended by a large number of friends. The casket was borne by four pallbearers and was followed by a large number of friends. The burial was in the Lutheran cemetery.

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Sceptics Turn Believers AND ARE CURED. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder a Great Blessing.

"When I read that Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder could relieve Catarrh in 10 minutes, I was far from being convinced. I tried it, however, and found that the powder afforded instant relief, stopping the pain over the eyes, and keeping the nasal passages clear. Today I am free from Catarrh. B. L. Lagan's (Duluth, Minn.) experience has been that of thousands of others and may be yours.

Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. Believes in 10 minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

Every Evening
Hundreds
of Shrewd People
Consult

The Herald Want Ads

A Well Worded
Standing Card Will
Attract Their
Attention and Bring
You Business.

now occupies, and will add several lines to his already large stock.

Huron—The state board of regents has awarded the contract for constructing the normal school building at Springfield, Minn., to the firm of Olson & Son, of Red Wing, Minn., who bid \$19,825. The contract was awarded to the normal school building at Springfield, Minn., to the firm of Olson & Son, of Red Wing, Minn., who bid \$19,825.

Dr. C. H. French, president of Huron college, has gone to the Twin Cities to complete arrangements for the completion of the girls' dormitory in course of construction on the college campus.

Miller—The statement from here that a dinner suit would be started against persons who swore out complaint against Hattie Pliber in Duluth and absent. The statement also appearing that Rev. D. E. Murray, the Methodist pastor, and business men here had taken a prominent part in the prosecution is unwarranted and untruthful, as Mr. Murray and the others mentioned only tried to help unravel the mystery of the two crimes.

NORTH DAKOTA. Fargo—Secretary Wilson has replied to the petition of the live stock association of North Dakota and the governor regarding the eradication of cattle scab in North Dakota, and says that his department will assume charge of the work as soon as the weather will permit. Examiners will be sent here to locate dipping tanks and then the men in the department who are experienced in the work will take active charge. All the state will be divided into sections and a force will be sent to each section to take an inventory of the usual quarantine to do as directed. Great gratification is expressed by cattlemen at the favorable turn of affairs, which will result in a bill of health for the cattle of the state within a few months.

Standard—The Northern Pacific has completed the erection of a new 12-horse power steam engine, which runs its electric light and pump.

Timmerman has gone to his place, and the secretary of the interior to tomorrow.

Canton—Col. Arthur Linn, editor of the Farmers' Leader in this city, has received an invitation from J. J. Hill to be present at the launching of the new steamship Dakota, a New London.

The Hudson Tribune, A. R. Jan's son's, who is a student at the University of Minnesota, is expected to return to his home in Canton, who intends to move it and start a new paper.

Picture Frames. The latest and most exclusive mouldings of picture frames and the month of February. Why not have the best? Engle's Art store, 17 and 19 Third avenue west.

DATE POSTPONED. Lecturer Frank Robertson Not Coming Friday.

Hard luck seems to be pursuing the Star Lecture course with a reticence that knows no upswing. Hamilton W. Mabius, who has been here, has been here, but poor health had to cancel all of his engagements.

To fill his place the bureau secured Mr. J. H. Robertson, who is delivering a most interesting lecture on the destruction of Martinique. Mr. Robertson, who is a native of Martinique, has been here, but poor health had to cancel all of his engagements.

TOUCHING STORY Of the Bravery of Three Little Castaways.

Oporto, Feb. 2.—The mate and three men of the ill-fated British steamer Cygnet (burned and sunk at sea), who owned the crew of the lifeboat in which the five passengers—Mrs. Little, his wife and three children—arrived here from Figueira, tell a touching story of the wonderful fortune shown by the major's little ones during the four period in which the craft drifted in stormy seas.

Before taking to the boat some provisions, including several tins of condensed milk, were put in, but during all those terrible five nights and days the greatest sufferings of those on board were caused by want of drinking water.

But notwithstanding the terrible thirst, the intense cold at night, and the continued inclemency of the weather, the little children (who are aged 2, 4 and 3 years, respectively), bore up uncomplainingly, and it was not until the last day that they broke their stoical silence.

The sailors declare that they have never witnessed in grown-up persons anything approaching the bravery of these little ones. It was fortunate that the condensed milk was put in the boat, otherwise the two younger ones must have succumbed.

POISONED SPRING

Thirty Bodies Found on Barren Lands of Nevada Plains.

Men Perished of Heat and Thirst in the Desert.

Los Vegas, Nev., Feb. 2.—Thirty bodies of men who perished on the Nevada desert from thirst and hunger have been found by a party of surveyors who are in advance of the new San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake railroad.

The victims of the desert met death within the last few weeks, according to all evidence obtainable and the condition of the bodies was such as to show that they perished in attempting to cross the wasteland that stretches a distance of eighty miles from Los Vegas to the California line.

The thirty bodies were all found within a radius of a quarter of a mile around "Dead Man's Well," the only water in the entire desert and that a delusion which lures men to insanity and death.

Several bodies were found showing that the crazed men had cast off their clothing and were dropping down to die on the sage brush plains. One hundred feet from the well the surveying party came across six bodies lying in a row. They were lying on their backs, their heads turned toward the well, and their hands were clasped in prayer.

One body was partially buried in a shallow grave, evidently having been found by another wanderer who buried the unfortunate as best he could, then himself perishing of thirst. This "Dead Man's Well" is about half a mile from the desert and is a delusion which lures men to insanity and death.

A short time ago a laborer started across with a bottle of water. One week later his body was found within 200 yards of the Moapa river. He evidently had become insane from thirst and perished within a stone's throw of fresh water, which he was unable to see on account of the darkness.

The bodies were found in this incident were picked up near "Dead Man's Well" by a stage driver. Both men were insane, and were found in a mule condition. They attempted to resist before the stage reached Moapa. They died before the stage reached Moapa.

Five days ago a railroad laborer was found by a party of surveyors in the middle of the desert. He imagined he could hear the voices of his friends who were blind about searching for him. He was recovering his senses.

Many of the bodies have been reported, but no one believed that such a large number had perished recently as is proved by the policy of surveyors.

HEAVY LOSSES In Italy From Thefts of the Mails.

Rome, Feb. 2.—It now looks out that the theft of registered mail lately discovered in the chief postoffice was committed with the connivance of the authorities in order to hide water-tight compartments. That portion of the postoffice where the registered mail and the funds are kept was left unguarded on purpose, and the burglars had it all their own way. Parliament will order a thorough investigation and the government promises that no racial shall escape through lapse of time or other "American loopholes," as they are called here.

The government also suffered the loss of a million of cigarettes, the most expensive brand manufactured. In this case, too, connivance on the part of the officials is charged.

OBJECTED TO EVIDENCE. First Hitch In the Paulson Murder Trial.

Alma, Wis., Feb. 2.—The first hitch in the Paulson case occurred yesterday, when J. M. Axtell testified to a conversation between the defendant and the district attorney just before the arrest.

When informed that he was suspected, the defendant told a story as to his whereabouts on June 15, the day of the murder. He said he had been in the Twin Cities, and when the witness came to the part of the story stating that Paulson told him of his visiting places of questionable character, the defense objected to the introduction of the evidence, and the point had not been decided when the noon recess was taken.

That part of the evidence relating to the fact that a murder was committed is all in, and the state will from now on introduce evidence connecting Paulson with the crime.

All witnesses are here, and if things move smoothly the case will be ended this week.

NERVITA PILLS Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood. Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, All Wasting Diseases, Excess and Indiscretion.

A nerve tonic and blood purifier, the pink glow to pale face of youth. By mail \$2.50 with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. See for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee.

NERVITA TABLETS EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results. Postmaster: Send no money for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Premature Ejaculation, Nervous Prostration, Neuritis, Fibroid, Gonorrhea, Syphilis, Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in a box of 50 tablets, \$5.00 with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. See for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee.

JOHN C. WEST & COMPANY 69-71 W. Jackson St., CHICAGO, ILL. 325 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Miners Refuse Advanced Offer of Quincy Mining Company.

Houghton—The Quincy Mining company has offered to the striking trammers \$50.00 per month, more than two-thirds concession and the offer was accepted by A. C. Marnett, business agent for the miners.

They voted nearly unanimously to hold out for the former wage scale of \$60 per month. The strike has now entered its third week with nearly 2000 men idle and a strike growing restlessness over the enforced idleness.

Menominee—Three men dead and seven more sick is the record of the havoc wrought by typhoid fever in the lumber camp, run by Joseph Turcotte for the Peshigo Lumber company, on the Lake Noyahy branch of the Wisconsin-Michigan road. The camp is in the midst of the swamp-like country surrounding Lake Noyahy, and the water used in the camp was taken from a well, was contaminated by the swamp water.

The only exclusive woman's lodge of the Modern Brotherhood of America in the twenty states in which the society exists is at Lake Noyahy, Mich. The lodge was organized by Dan Davis, the district organizer from Los Vegas, and has a separate organization of their own, and instead of the lodge being composed of both men and women, as is the case in Menominee, the two places where the society exists, the two sexes were divided.

Escanaba—The case of Amanda Fortier, as administratrix for the estate of Royal Fortier, vs. the Chicago & North-Western Railway company, was settled out of court and will not be tried. Fortier was a young brakeman who was killed while uncoupling cars here last July. Because the automatic device was out of order, he was obliged to step between the cars. His foot caught in a swollen frog and he was run down and killed by the moving train. He left a wife and child. The plaintiff received \$1000.

Snow is extremely deep in the surrounding country and some of the cedar groves are being protected by the heavy fall that they are still unfrozen in spite of the cold. The wind is blowing from the north, and the snow is blowing from the north, and the snow is blowing from the north.

Bessemer—The Phillip La Blonde Dry Goods company has been organized to take over the business of Davis & Fehr. Choppers' wages have been cut 10 cents a cord and the company is now cutting 50 cents a cord, against \$1.25 last year.

Leppenberg—Fire destroyed the block in which P. Braasat & Co., conducted a grocery and meat business, here thirty years prior to last week, when they moved to the new building. The building was the oldest on the street. Being a wooden structure and in bad condition, the loss is not more than \$200.

BRIDE LOST IN STORM. Half Dead When Found, But Wedding Proceeded.

Melad, Idaho, Feb. 2.—Clad in her bridal dress, Miss Mildred Hunsaker wandered all night in the snow while a young man who was to be her husband waited with the relatives and wedding guests for her appearance.

The bride was dressed for the ceremony by her mother, and the wedding took place in the morning. The wedding took place in the morning. The wedding took place in the morning.

A snow storm came up and she lost her way. George Bryan, her fiancé, and friends began searching for the girl at midnight, but did not find her until 6 o'clock in the morning. The wedding took place immediately, though the bride was almost dead from the cold.

MAY RESULT FATALITY. David Kidd Struck By Train at Park Rapids.

Park Rapids, Minn., Feb. 2.—A serious accident, which may result in a fatality, occurred yesterday when the regular passenger train from the north struck David Kidd, one of the oldest settlers of Park Rapids, as he attempted to cross the track with a team.

Both horses were killed, the sleigh smashed into kindling wood, and Mr. Kidd thrown sixty feet. His shoulder was broken, back bruised, head and face fractured. The physicians also fear internal injuries.

Mr. Kidd was out with his grocery delivery rig, and freight cars close to the crossing on the siding prevented his seeing the train as he approached. The wind was strong and bitterly cold, and carried the sound away from him.

MATINEE MUSICAL. Particularly Pleasing Program Is Rendered.

At yesterday afternoon's matinee musical program Mrs. H. H. Day and A. D. McKee were in charge and a program of the most interesting and bright music was given. The opening two piano pieces, "The Evening Duet" and "The Evening Duet" by Wagner, and was well played. Miss Spring gave two violin solos, "The Evening Duet" by Bohm and a "Romance" by Xelen and both were played with fine tone and artistic interpretation. Milton Griffith sang a song cycle "An April Heart" by H. Clough-Lichstein, that was dainty and delightfully sung. Miss Jack played the rippling and bright accompaniment in a charming manner. The last number was played by Mrs. Day and Miss Jack and was movements from Goldmark's symphony "Golden Wedding." "Serenade," "Bride's Song" and "Dance" were those played and all three were finely rendered.

An invitation to the members of the club to attend the mid-winter breakfast was read. Those desiring to attend are requested to send their names to Mrs. Z. D. Scott, of East First street.

Curling Score. A game in The Herald trophy contest was played last evening at the curling club and the following were the names: Charles Hale, A. Gail, E. Grasswiler, W. H. Kitchell, Roy Hooper, Skipper.

VILLAGES REBEL Against the Beer Tax For the Church.

Meininen, Feb. 2.—The duke received a petition from a large number of villages asking that the beer tax in favor of local churches be abolished. The tax was imposed in 1872, when it was decreed that innkeepers must pay one-sixteenth part of a cent for every quart of beer sold to the local church. The state authorities had forgotten all about this law, but the churches did not. The beer money is collected by them with regularity and dispatch.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC:

We have just finished our 17th annual stock taking. Saturday night we closed our 17th fiscal year of business in Duluth. We take great pleasure in stating that our business for the year thus closed was by far the largest we have ever done, showing a very substantial increase over the previous year.

Were it not for the great influx of "new blood," strangers in Duluth, it would be unnecessary for us to say a word. The "old citizens" are familiar with our growth and what we have done to place merchandising in this city on a legitimate basis.

When this store began operations in the spring of 1887 the people of this city were still at the mercy of the traders who invade new territory and stand not on ceremony or any of the principles now recognized as the basis of legitimate merchandising. After three months it became clear to the management that a store conducted on right principles would be rewarded by liberal patronage of the people who were tired of the catch-penny methods then in vogue.

The magnificent success of this store since that time—how we overtook, then passed, and finally distanced the merchants who had years the start of us, is all understood by the old residents who have seen this marvelous expansion. They know, too, that this was due entirely to our insisting on honest and fair methods and our insisting on treating everybody alike.

We opened in a very small way in the spring of 1887, in the Pendleton block, at Superior street and First avenue west. We outgrew that store in a year and moved to the store now occupied by the Kelley Hardware Co. In 1893 we had to have four times that space, so the old Glass Block Store on the present site was built for us. And no sooner did Duluth and the country emerge from the spell of hard times following 1893 than we were forced by your enthusiastic patronage to double this space by the addition of 3 more stories. And the end is not yet. Watch us grow!

We want to impress these facts upon those who have come to Duluth in recent years, that they may not be misled by the "style talk" and "quality quibbles" with which the distanced merchants maintain their antiquated, unsettled-price method of getting all they can, according to the customer's "easiness."

The vast improvements and additions completed in 1902 are largely responsible for our great gains in 1903. We are glad to say that every added department has proved a success. We are thus encouraged to continue our improvements and progressiveness still further, so that the people of Duluth and Superior may more than ever rest in the assurance that they have in the Glass Block a store meeting their wants in every particular.

Of the many changes and improvements we hope to establish in 1904, some are not yet ready for publication. That they will delight you, we are sure. We are ready to announce the opening this spring of the following new departments:

Stoves and ranges for heating and cooking, Baseball goods, Golf goods, Tennis goods, Athletic goods,

And the grandest assortment of fishing specialties—rods, reels, baits and complete outfits, ever seen in the Northwest.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

A grand three-days' after-inventory sale will begin next Thursday, Feb. 4. There will be characteristic Glass Block bargains in all departments at this sale. Watch for the details tomorrow.

death and injury which passengers in Pullman sleepers enjoy is due largely to the steel under-frame construction and it is understood that the Pullman construction will be taken as a standard.

Representative Tawney, one of the floor leaders of the house, has taken a step in the same direction by causing an inquiry to be instituted by the post-office department as to the number and character of railway mail cars now in use on the different railroads of the country, and for which the government pays a rental. Mr. Tawney has long been one of the champions of postal employees in the house of representatives. He has been informed that some

of the cars now in use as railway mail cars are of flimsy construction and antiquated design. He takes the position that railway mail clerks are in the most dangerous portion of passenger trains, and that the percentage of fatalities among them is higher than even among railway employees. He believes that the government shares in the responsibility for this, and there should be a requirement as to the character of railway mail cars that, so far as structural work is concerned, will reduce fatalities to a minimum.

ECHO OF COAL FAMINE. Guarantors of Mayor Rose's Order Pay Deficit.

Milwaukee, Feb. 2.—Guarantors of Mayor Rose's coal fund have been forced to make good to the First National bank, which advanced the money for the coal, a deficit of \$300. August Uehlein, for the Schulte Brothers company, guaranteed \$1000 of the fund and was forced to pay \$1222.24. Capt. Frederick Fabst, for the Fabst Brewing company, guaranteed \$1000 and was forced to pay \$1222.24. The deficit was \$300.00.

When you buy Flour again, buy COMMANDER. If you want to be sure of a flour carefully made from the choicest Dakota hard wheat. Always the same. Perfect Gregory, Cook & Co., Duluth.

[a miraculous escape: Come we'll all turn

a miraculous escape. Come, we'll all turn our backs."

For a moment John Drew gazed at the speaker in speechless wonder. Was he mocking him? Surely he meant to denounce him to the police as soon as they landed. Then an inkling of the truth penetrated his slow brain, and, climbing stealthily out of the boat and blushing furiously, he took Mamie in his arms and kissed her.

"I think I must be going back to town this afternoon, Miss Payzant," said Louis de Pledge at breakfast the next morning. "I've spent a delightful month, and I shall never forget it." Weller

"I wish you could stay another week, Mr. de Pledge; because John and I would like to have you—for the best man," she added, looking him squarely in the eyes. "I'm sure I feel highly flattered, Miss Payzant, and should be delighted; but I really can't stay another day. I shan't forget you, though."

And he didn't. For a beautiful oil painting of "Willow Gap," as it was before it was laid in ruins, now adorns the mantel of Mrs. John Drew's parlor.

van Houten's Cocoa

Preferred by Connoisseurs
for its high quality and
delicious natural flavor.

Best & Goes Farthest

THE BEST BY THE TEST.

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
In 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.

HOLD SALE IN JUNE

Articles Seized By
Customs Officials to Be
Sold Then.

Not Many Have Accumulated—Whisky Constitutes Larger Part.

Deputy Collector N. A. Linderberg, of the local customs office, has decided to postpone the annual sale of contraband articles seized and held by the customs officials until next June.

Although the sale is called annual, there is no date specified by the United States government for holding it. It sometimes occurs once a year and occasionally a longer period of time elapses between the dates.

According to the first decision of the local office the sale this year was to have been held on Feb. 1, but owing to the small amount of goods on hand and to other circumstances which make it advisable to delay the disposal of them, Deputy Linderberg concluded that it would be best to have the sale postponed until June, and accordingly he selected June for the time of holding it, although the exact day has not yet been set.

The value of contraband articles seized and held by the Duluth customs office during the year varies greatly. Some years the total valuation will reach a pretty figure, and others the total will be comparatively small, as in the present instance. Comparatively few articles were seized as contraband during 1903. More whisky was held than anything else. This occurs every year, however, for it appears that the distillers and shippers of the free field are more prone to violate Uncle Sam's custom laws than any other class of people in the city. The whisky was seized by the Duluth office, but nothing so valuable as this was taken during the past year.

POISONED BY WOOD ALCOHOL

Three Colored Men Dead;
Two Dying In Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—A number of colored men living in a rooming house on Dearborn street drank wood alcohol Sunday night and as a result Curran Robinson, L. M. McCarthy and Thomas are dead, George Jenkins and Edward Thompson are dying and Richard D. Fletcher is in the hospital with a faint chance for his life. The men purchased the alcohol in a drug store and friends of the men declare that the bottles were not properly labeled.

The druggist who sold the wood alcohol was sought for by the police but was not found until late last night. He denied that he had sold wood alcohol, except in properly labeled bottles. It was explained to the purchasers that the wood alcohol was poison. A search is being made for the bottles, but so far none of them has been found.

A MYSTERIOUS REVOLVER DUEL

Three Men Dying, Refuse
to Give Details of
Fight.

Fairmont, W. Va., Feb. 2.—James Kennedy, of Austin, crawled to Tunnelton to inform the authorities of a fierce revolver fight at Austin. Three

SELECTING SITES

For Military Encampments
Has Brought on a
Lively Fight.

Report of Army Board
Not Satisfactory to
House Committee.

FROM THE HERALD
WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Feb. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—What promises to be one of the liveliest fights ever known before the house committee on military affairs opened up when the question of selecting sites for military encampments in the North, South, East and West came before the committee for hearing. Pennsylvania and Maryland met in an endeavor to secure the location of the Eastern camp. California will follow with two sites. Texas has two, and the North, nobody knows how many. Some time ago congress authorized the war department to investigate eligible sites in the four corners of the country, with the result that the special boards, of which Lieut. Gen. Miles was chairman and Maj. Gen. Brooke, Maj. Gen. Smith, Maj. Gen. Young and others were members, made an exhaustive examination of all the sites offered, and filed a report covering nearly 1000 pages, containing maps and data concerning the various sites. A number of sites for posts of various kinds were recommended, but the "camp sites" the board advised "one in the vicinity of Chickamauga Park, Ga.; one at Fort Riley, Kansas; one in the Conecago Valley, in Lebanon, Dauphin, and Lancaster counties, Pa., and one on the Naciminto Ranch, Monterey, and San Luis Obispo counties, Cal." All these sites, however, and not find favor in the eyes of the members of the house committee on military affairs, and Representative Esch of Wisconsin introduced a bill providing for the purchase of sites, as follows: The Conecago Valley site, the Naciminto Ranch, Camp Douglas, in Wisconsin, and Camp Sam Houston, in Texas; and on this bill the first of a series of hearings was given.

It is a good thing for a state to have a permanent military camp of this character, as it is proposed that from 2000 to 30,000 regulars and militia shall be assembled at each of these camps once a year, and consequently the states have sites to present, and many members of congress have constituents who wish to sell property for the purchase of these sites. It was natural, therefore, that the room of the committee on military affairs, building commissioner Williams and assistants, and Fire Marshal Musham, made a thorough examination of the house any site of the militia of the various states, and officers of the United States army. The committee on military affairs, building commissioner Williams and assistants, and Fire Marshal Musham, made a thorough examination of the house any site of the militia of the various states, and officers of the United States army. The committee on military affairs, building commissioner Williams and assistants, and Fire Marshal Musham, made a thorough examination of the house any site of the militia of the various states, and officers of the United States army.

COCKRAN NOMINATED
TO SUCCEED McCLELLAN.

New York, Feb. 2.—W. Bourke Cockran was nominated as the Democratic candidate for congress in the Twelfth New York district at a caucus held yesterday in the headquarters of the Tammany Central association. The nomination is in direct violation of the resignation of Mr. McClellan, now mayor of New York. Mr. Cockran accepted the nomination.

USE FOR PINE STUMPS.

Enterprising Citizens of Wrenshall Make Turpentine.

Fred Habbegger, Barth Wolf and Halvor Dahl were up on Wrenshall Wednesday, talking turpentine to Carlton people with a view to getting our citizens interested in starting a factory at Wrenshall, says the Carlton Vindicator. The citizens of that village have decided to take hold of this industry at once, and will take steps to ascertain what the cost of a plant and the operation of the same by experienced men will be.

Chicago Sleeper Reservations.

A portion of the sleeping car space of the Burlington Limited train for Chicago, leaving St. Paul at 6:35 p. m., has been placed on sale at the Great Northern City Ticket office, 422 Superior street. The Gopher State Express, with parlor observation car, and Great Northern dining car, leaving Duluth in 3:45 p. m., connects with this train. You arrive in Chicago 9 a. m. Breakfast on the train. No getting up at 6 a. m. "Get into the habit of using the Gopher State Express."

for its own clearing, the roads were excellent and even at this time of the year artillery or heavy army wagons could be easily moved over them.

In presenting the claims of the Conecago site Mr. Smith analyzed the report of the army board. At Mount Gretna which is at one end of the railroad which runs through the site, there is a summer resort of 500 or more cottages; an absolutely beautiful site, seven hundred and fifty feet elevation, and water "like all water rising in sand stones—absolutely pure. Its rivers are fed from springs in the hills. He pointed out that the Susquehanna, a mile wide, nearby afforded excellent practice in "pontooning." The were trout streams, and "where you find trout you find constant water and pure water." On this site there has been established for the past sixteen years a rifle range for the Pennsylvania state national guards, one of the best in the country and the only artillery range in the East, affording practice for artillery up to two miles, which could be extended to three miles if necessary. He thought the price of \$87,500 as estimated by the board for eighteen thousand acres was unnecessarily high and he believed it could be obtained for \$50,000, or perhaps even \$700,000. It should not average \$50 per acre or more as the most. He compared its railroad facilities with those of Somerset and Oakland showing that it was more accessible from the Pennsylvania railroad on one side and the Philadelphia & Reading on the other, while the Conecago and Lebanon railroad ran through it from end to end. It was much more available to troops from the Eastern states which would be called upon to use it, than were either the Oakland or the Somerset sites. In addition, they were experienced in handling large bodies of troops in the Conecago Valley. During the Spanish war they had mobilized 16,000 Pennsylvania troops at Gretna, which were handled without difficulty. As many as 20,000 persons had been handled in one day, being loaded on six trains at one time going in different directions.

Mr. Scott explained that he was merely the agent representing the owners of the Somerset site, and introduced Brig. Gen. Wiley who stated that he had compared the Conecago and Somerset sites. He first attacked the Conecago site by saying that while the land was cheap, "it would be a bad bargain when you get it." The last time he was there he was more delighted to get away than he had been at anything for a long time. He said that the transportation facilities were no better than those of the Somerset site. He had been all over the latter, and had seen the three or four matches streams and was of a rolling character. "There is no doubt about the price," he said, adding emphatically, "I would not have the option." He thought he ought to know something about the subject, as he had served in the civil war, the Spanish war and had been a member of the Pa National Guard for forty years. He said that he had never come on such suitable ground. It was so quick to recover from the rain that it took troops only five or ten minutes after a rain. But Gen. Wiley weakened when he came to the price. Much Pa land, he said, was not worth much to the surface, and he explained that only \$175 per acre was paid for the Somerset site, which he considered a very reasonable figure, because of its valuable coal deposits. Compared with the \$25 per acre for the Oakland site, and the \$40 for the Somerset site, the committee looked shocked when Gen. Wiley suggested that they could purchase anything up to 30,000 acres in the Somerset site for \$175 an acre, or a total of \$5,250,000. And an audible snicker was heard from several of the members when he suggested that the coal could be valuable in time of war for the use of the United States navy. Some of the members were interested in the Somerset site, and Gen. Wiley was a little weak on this point. Questioned by the majority of the committee, he said that the Somerset site was the only place in the East where there were two or three large streams on the same plateau for the maneuvering of troops. If the United States wanted to go into the coal mining business, as Brig. Gen. Wiley had suggested, he said it should go into the anthracite regions, "where we would find the coal." He said that the United States army had a lot of wood on the Conecago site. He had helped organize the Pennsylvania National Guard and had been connected with it ever since, and there was no plot of ground of suitable size in the state of Pennsylvania that presented the advantages of the Conecago valley. He dilated on the unusual transportation facilities possessed by this site, and stated that before the Spanish war the Two Hundred and Third New York regiment had been sent to this place to recuperate and had left for the front free from typhoid fever. The general hospital corps had asked permission to come there; the United States had established an army range there, and everybody had been well treated.

THREW MUD ON
ESCUTCHEON

Rioters at Havana Deface
the United States
Consulate.

Havana, Feb. 2.—United States Minister Squiers has called the attention of the Cuban government to the action of the rioters at Cienfuegos, who (including the disturbances which broke out as a result of disputes over the election of registrars on the previous day) yesterday vented their ill-feelings by flinging mud upon the United States escutcheon hanging over the entrance of the United States consulate, practically covering the escutcheon with mud. President Palma said he deeply regretted the incident and added that he and Secretary of State and Justice Zaldar would issue directions that the culprits be arrested and punished. Although all other reports agree in saying that the situation at Cienfuegos is critical, those received by the government from the mayor of that place persist that the riotous doings of January 23 were nothing beyond a fight between drunken men, that no shots were fired and that all is quiet at present.

FARMER SWINDLED

Out of \$10,000 By Gold Brick Scheme.

Wellington, Kan., Feb. 2.—Jake Allen, a retired farmer, received a telephone message to come to Wichita, where an old friend was said to be dying at the Manhattan hotel, who wanted to see him on business. Arriving in Wichita, he met a man named T. Armstrong, who took him to the hotel, but said he could not see the old gentleman until

Miss M. Cartledge gives some helpful advice to young girls. Her letter is but one of thousands which prove that nothing is so helpful to young girls who are just arriving at the period of womanhood as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly, for it is the only medicine I ever tried which cured me. I suffered much from my first menstrual period, I felt so weak and dizzy at times I could not pursue my studies with the usual interest. My thoughts became sluggish, I had headaches, backaches and sinking spells, also pains in the back and lower limbs. In fact, I was sick all over. "Finally, after many other remedies had been tried, we were advised to get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am pleased to say that it only took me two weeks to feel a wonderful change for the better took place, and in a short time I was in perfect health. I felt buoyant, full of life, and found all work a pleasure. I am indeed glad to tell my experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for it made a different girl of me. I feel very truly, Miss M. CARTLEDGE, 533 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga. \$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

GOOD HEALTH MEANS GOOD LOOKS



It is woman's mission to look good. Beauty is woman's birthright. Nothing destroys comeliness quicker than sickness. In my large practice I have looked with wonder many times on women who have quickly regained lost beauty with a return to perfect health. I have known thousands of cases of women who were nervous wrecks, and showed it; women who suffered from Kidney Disease, Liver Affections, Indigestion, Impurities in the Blood, and bore upon their faces the stamp of their afflictions. To such women I have always recommended my DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Blood and Nerve Remedy for purifying their blood and strengthening their nerves. I have built up their entire bodies and made all of their vital organs work properly. The result is seen in bright eyes, plump figures, clear complexions, lustrous hair and an expression of happiness and content, all of which combined turned the broken down object of pity into the grandest of all of God's creations—a beautiful woman. I continually receive letters from women grateful to me for what I have done for them from all sides.

The following is from Miss FLORENCE BURCH, 500 West 164th St., New York:

Before I took Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy I suffered a great deal with catarrh and rheumatism. Catarrh affected my stomach. It gave me severe sick headaches, and I likewise suffered from nervousness. Now that I have taken Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I feel splendidly and want to recommend it to all who are sick and run down as the best medicine they can take. It cured my rheumatism and the catarrh.

I want everyone who reads this, if they are not feeling as Nature intended they should, well, strong and energetic, with the ability to eat and sleep, to go today to the nearest druggist and give a bottle of DR. GREENE'S NERVURA a trial. This is all that is necessary to prove to one how easy it is to find the road to health and happiness. Should there be a man or woman who has neglected their case, or whose illness is of such a complicated nature that it will not yield readily to Nervura, then they should call on me if it is possible, or write a letter to me, addressing it to Dr. Greene, for Fifth Avenue, New York City. All such may have the benefit of my many years of experience and my advice absolutely free. Often a little advice or some particular instructions, especially when taken in connection with Nervura, are sufficient to make all the difference in the world in turning the scale and accomplishing a speedy cure.

Your Druggist recommends and sells Dr. Greene's Nervura.

DR. GREENE'S
LAXURA CATHARTIC
PILLS
SUGAR COATED
FOR THE CURE OF
BILIOUSNESS & CONSTIPATION

FANATICS END THEIR LIVES

Peculiar Belief of Russian Sect Leads to Self-Destruction.

Moscow, Feb. 2.—A dispatch from Orenburg says that a new "secret sect" for obeying the laws of the living God is spreading, and that a number of murder cases, so-called, are now found to have been acts of fanatics who killed themselves and their families in the hope of achieving "the crown of martyrdom."

The new sectarians are Mormons, and it is their chief aim to perform some extraordinary deed that places their name on the roll of saints. To achieve that ambition, no act is thought too horrible. A peasant of the village of Danilovka disappeared a little while ago, with his three wives and six children. Their bodies have not yet been discovered under a mountain of snow. The investigation proved that after starving himself and family for three days and as many nights, the peasant led his wives and children out into the fields. At the top of a little hill they gathered and secured a vast mass of snow in such a way as to make it possible to turn it into an avalanche. Then the family knelt down, and while all were engaged in prayer the father pulled at the rope attached to the log that held the snow in place, whereupon the avalanche descended upon the fanatics, burying them.

You need clean healthy bowels just as much as pure, wholesome food. Without either, you cannot keep well. Rocky Mountain Tea eliminates all impurities. Tea or tablets. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

BURTON CONSULTS COUNSEL.

St. Louis, Feb. 2.—United States Senator J. H. Burton arrived in St. Louis from his home at Abilene, Kas., yesterday, to consult with his attorney and the federal officers concerning his trial on the indictment charging him with accepting money for the use of his influence as a senator, to prevent the issuance of a fraud order against the Rialto Grain & Securities company. Senator Burton said he would soon continue his journey to Washington and resume his duties in the senate. He refused to discuss the indictment.

James Stuart Purchases Grand Rapids, Minn., Magnet.

Case Lake, Minn., Feb. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Grand Rapids Magnet has been sold to James Stuart, a Duluth newspaper man. Henry Cobb will continue to publish the Park Rapids Enterprise, but relinquishes possession of the Grand Rapids Magnet to Mr. Stuart, who takes possession at once.

New Orleans—Mardi Gras.

On February 14, inclusive, "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets to New Orleans, La., at \$38.55, and to Mobile, Ala., at \$37.55, for round trip. Tickets good for return until March 5th, 1904. For full information call at 405 West Superior street. City ticket office.

Cherry Pectoral

Doctors rarely have hard colds. They keep this old cough remedy in the house. Coughs, colds, weak lungs.

FITGER'S BEER

relies upon its reputation to introduce it but upon its merit to retain its patrons.

Telephone for a case.
A. FITGER & CO., DULUTH, MINN.

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful, and

Mother's Friend

Will Vote For Party Most
Friendly to Their
Interests.

The reactionaries will fight the amendments to the bill, but the political necessities of the hour may compel Balfour to surrender. In Wales the councils are openly defying parliament to refuse to enforce the education act. There are many public scandals for parliament to deal with. Votes of censure are certain to be numerous. The free trade Tories intend early in the session to force the premier to show his hand in the fiscal matter. They will be supported by the free trade Liberals. Both will combine to endeavor

REAR ADMIRAL EVANS
Favors the Re-Establishment
of the Canteen.

WHAT YOU ASK FOR

Cancer

for the mansion, which is rent greater than any of the aristocrats would pay her. Mrs. Deacon and her two daughters are wintering in Rome, where several letters of protest reached her.

MERCHANT ENDS HIS LIFE.
New York, Feb. 2.—Business reverses

R—THE GENUINE
arets

advertising has served to make
 printed could do no more than get
 CASCARETS did not prove their
 A MONTH. This success has been
 CASCARETS fails to be pleased and
 to carry, to take, to give. THE
 tipation, Appendicitis, Bilioussness,
 iles, Worms and all bowel diseases.
 druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Sample
 v York.

618

shoe. At the breakfast table he was forced to keep one eye on his wife to be able to dodge dishes and other missiles. Once he was hit in the eye with a cup.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE



PILLS. and freshest Drugs
MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DECLINE IN STOCKS

SENSATIONAL BREAK IN PRICE OF COTTON

Some Strength Shown
Early With Very Dull
Trading

Due to Report That Sully Had Sold
Out His Holdings.

Break In Copper Caused Weakness and Close Was Heavy

Daily except Sunday,
Morning train from Duluth makes direct con-
nection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry.
for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar.....	12:15	6:30
1:55	7:35	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv.....	7:55	2:35
1:55	7:40	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv.....	7:50	2:35
2:23	8:10	Ar.....Ely.....Lv.....	7:15	1:55
M.	P. M.	Daily, except Sundays.	P. M.	P. M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave

CHICAGO. **DULUTH**

Edwards, Wood & Co.

Main Office:
Manhattan Bldg.
St. Paul, Minn.

Dealers In

Stocks, Grain, Provisions

Bought and sold for cash or carried on reasonable
credits, upon which a commission will be charged
1/2 % on grain, 3/4 % on stocks and 1/4 % on fax.

Private Wires

Transmit for a merchant letter and private telegraph
cipher—mailed free.

Ship Your Grain to Us.

Prompt Returns. Best Facilities.
Liberal Advances. Usual Commissions.

Branch Office:
Room A Tower Bldg. Phones 1189.
310 Board of Trade, Duluth,
MINNEAPOLIS. WINNIPEG

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT
Minneapolis, Feb. 7.—Close. Wheat—
May, 70c; July, 80c; September, 78c.

A black and white portrait of a man with a mustache, wearing a suit and tie. The portrait is framed by a decorative border.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

<p>Leave</p> <p>6:20 a.m. ST. PAUL AND</p> <p>1:15 p.m. MINNEAPOLIS</p> <p>1:55 p.m. ST. PAUL AND</p> <p>8:45 a.m. " " " "</p> <p>8:30 p.m. " " " "</p> <p>10:00 p.m. " " " "</p> <p>6:20 a.m. " " " "</p>	<p>Arrive</p> <p>9:25 p.m. " "</p> <p>2:00 p.m. " "</p> <p>6:15 a.m. " "</p> <p>6:30 p.m. " "</p> <p>1:10 a.m. " "</p> <p>12:20 p.m. " "</p> <p>9:25 p.m. " "</p>	<p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p>
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Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

To Duluth, 405 Building H. or Black Block, B. Ticket Office

All trains arrive at Duluth 12 M. or 11 A. Ticket Office

<p>12:00 p.m. Lv. North Country Mall. Ar. 8:55 a.m.</p> <p>1:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. 8:00 p.m.</p>	<p>1:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. 8:00 p.m.</p> <p>1:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. 8:00 p.m.</p>	<p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p>
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NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY


<p>Leave</p> <p>4:00 a.m. Ashland and East</p> <p>7:30 a.m. Ashland and East</p> <p>7:30 p.m. Minn. and Dakota Express</p> <p>8:45 a.m. " " " " Limited.</p> <p>10:10 p.m. " " " " Limited.</p> <p>11:00 p.m. " " " " Limited.</p>	<p>Arrive</p> <p>11:15 a.m. " "</p> <p>6:55 p.m. " "</p> <p>6:55 p.m. " "</p> <p>1:55 p.m. " "</p> <p>6:30 a.m. " "</p> <p>2:10 p.m. " "</p> <p>7:00 p.m. " "</p>	<p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p> <p>*Daily. †Except Sunday.</p>
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Duluth, Saint Paul & Minnesota Ry.

To Duluth, 405 Building H. or Black Block, B. Ticket Office

To St. Paul, 1000 Broadway, Ticket Office

To Minneapolis, 1000 Broadway, Ticket Office

[illegible]

DANIEL J. SULLY.

... who had entered the market follow-
ing the bull tick circulated during
last week. From the lowest point
there was a slight partial reaction.
During the break it seemed that every
trader on the floor had selling orders,
but that there were few or no buyers.
Just before the decline began, a re-
port was circulated that Daniel J. Sully
cabled his Liverpool correspond-
ent that he had sold out his holdings
and was going away on vacation.
His report was received with cred-
ence on account of large settlements
to have been made with his firm
evening by several bear houses.
Sully said today: "It is true I
am going away on a vacation for two
weeks. I think I have earned a rest."

... of a rally it was apparent that the
bull interests were large buyers and
the shorts covered eagerly.
After it began by renewed bull sup-
port, said to be for the account of
New Orleans interests and those who
had sold short hurriedly started to buy
back again. These purchases caused
a quick rally of from 10 to 25 points and
there the market steadied after prob-
ably the most exciting hour's trading
the New York cotton exchange had
ever known.
The market was finally steady after
the rally with the active months
about 20 1/2 points up from the bottom
with the day's sales estimated at two
million bales.

... a little later on at an hour lacking. It
is more interesting to observe therefore,
and could not be done in the time
available.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Leave Duluth	Daily, 16x. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
1:10 a.m.	St. Paul, Minneapolis.	9:45 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	Limited, Limited.	9:45 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	Chicago, Milwaukee.	10:55 a.m.
5:00 p.m.	Chicago, St. Paul.	10:55 a.m.
5:00 p.m.	Oshtemo, Fond du Lac.	10:55 a.m.
5:00 p.m.	EAST MAIL.	10:55 a.m.
10:00 a.m.	Almau Sleepers. Free Chair Cars.	11:55 a.m.

TICKETS OBTAINED FOR INVENTORS.
T. Watson, specialist, Paltano bldg.

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING

Duluth's Leading Hotel.
TELEPHONE 4 IN THE NORTHWEST
 Highest in every room. One block from
 Depots and Junction.
 m. Plan \$2.50 up. European Plan \$1 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—\$2.00 AND \$2.50.

Hotel McKay

Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

New Building
 Modern in
 every particular

COOK'S

[illegible][illegible]

European Hotel
Superior St.
H. Cook,
Manager.

1

TE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF
LOUIS.
Probate Court.
The Matter of the Estate and Heir-
ship of Thomas C. York, Deceased;
Petition of Fred C. York, of the
County of St. Louis, for the ap-
pointment of the Probate Court of the
County of the southeast quarter of sec-
tion 18, an 31, township 26 north, and
range 10 west quarter and the west half
of section 18, township 26 north, and
range 10 west quarter, in the north
of township sixty-seven (67) north, of
range twenty (20) west, in St. Louis
County, Minnesota, having been
presented to this court representing that
Thomas C. York, deceased, intestate,
of Clair, Wisconsin, in November, 1929,
died, and said deceased, prior to his
death, no will has been probated and
no administration has been made of
the estate of said deceased, and said
petitioner the names, ages and places of
residence of all of the heirs of said
deceased, and also described property
of said deceased and praying that
said Thomas C. York may be
declared to be deceased, and that said
petitioner be assigned to the parties entitled
to said estate law.
Wherefore, it is ordered that at
ten o'clock in the forenoon of March
1930, at the probate office in the
house in the city of Duluth, in
County of St. Louis and state of
Minnesota, to be heard.
And it is further ordered, that notice
of hearing be given by publishing this
order and the names of all successful
creditors before the day set for said
hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald
and in a newspaper published in the said
County of Duluth, Minnesota, and
at Duluth, Minnesota, this 25th
day of January.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate,
St. Louis County, Minn.
Probate Court, St. Louis Co. (Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. Feb-
1930.

LARD IS BETTER.
Adulteration Found By
Food Commission.

**AUTOMATIC
NUMBERING MACHINES,
PROTECTOGRAPHS
AND ALL KINDS OF
CHECK PUNCHES,
TICKET PUNCHES, ETC.**

**Consolidated
Stamp and Print-
ing Company,**
323 W. First St., Duluth.

[illegible]

Laul, Feb. 2.—(Special to The Star).—Less rail is adulterated with cotton seed oil than ever in the history of the state dairy commission. The department has just finished analyzing several samples of milk collected in various parts of the state, and only one sample found adulterated.

Each year a large per cent of the samples analyzed by the commission are adulterated with cotton seed oil, the most common adulterating substance. In 1901, 256 samples were adulterated out of a total of 1,000.

ORGAN MARRIES A JAP.
York, Feb. 2.—A private dispatch from Yokohama, Japan, says that the son of George D. Morgan, nephew of Pierpont Morgan, to Miss Yuki, a native of Japan, for two years has been travelling extensively in the Far East. He is now 37 years old and is said to have been married in Japan.



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Seoul-Fusan Railroad Has Been Occupied By Japanese Troops.

Tokio, Feb. 3.—Events today indicate that the prolonged tension has reached a climax.

The Marquis Ito, president of the privy council, was summoned from the country during the night, and today the emperor received him and a council of the older statesmen was held with the Marquis Ito presiding.

The highest officials make no pretense of concealment of their exasperation at the tardiness of the Russian reply.

An unofficial dispatch yesterday says the Russian decision means war.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 3.—The Seoul-Fusan railroad has been occupied by Japanese troops, according to a dispatch from Vladivostok, which adds that the Japanese have taken field guns to Seoul for the protection of their legation, and that they are building barracks for the accommodation of cavalry.

SICK SOLDIERS ARE ILLTREATED

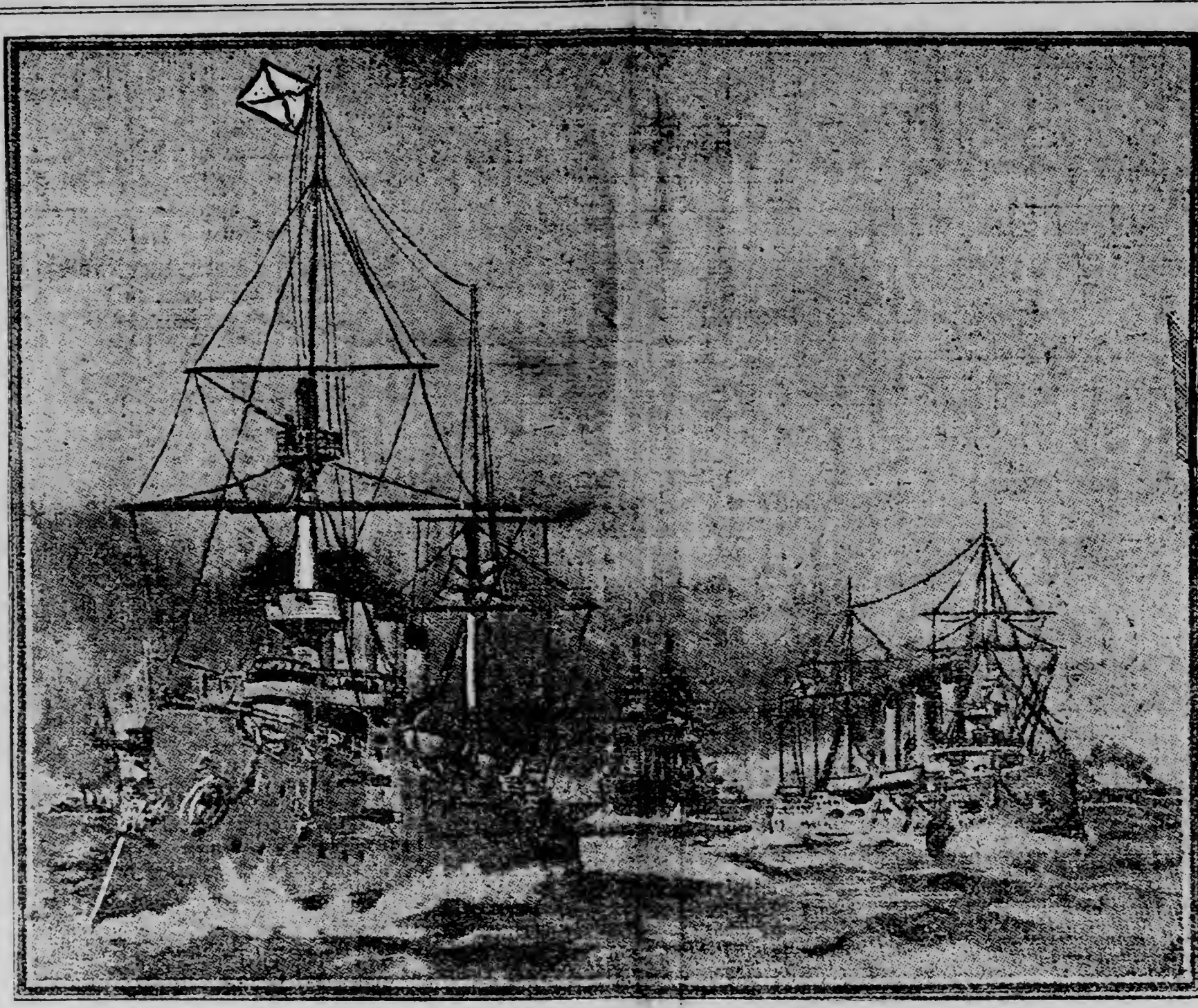
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Formidable Warships of the Czar Move Quietly Out of Port Arthur.

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The cruiser Digma, the torpedo gunboat Gaidamak, the sloop of war Zalu-yaka, four gunboats and the torpedo boats remain inside.

Simultaneously the third brigade of Siberian rifles and two batteries of artillery started for an unannounced destination from Liao Yang, south of Mukden.

Altogether about 9000 troops have departed, leaving 10,000 men at Port Arthur, exclusive of the troops manning the fortifications.

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The first news was that seven were killed. A subsequent report placed the number at three, while a report received at 1 o'clock said that six were dead. The injured also were reported at three, but later reports placed the number at twelve to twenty-five. Conductor Robert Duncan, one of the oldest men in the service, was probably fatally injured.

The only passenger positively known to be dead is Mrs. John Glassey, wife of the head of the firm of Kelly & Glassey, of Halifax, one of the largest wholesale liquor houses in the maritime provinces.

Among the known injured are G. N. Marsh, of St. John, N. B., who is connected with the Canadian-Jamaica Steamship service, and J. Hudd, a well-known Canadian Pacific railroad official.

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As soon as possible the engineer drove his engine to Shubenacadie, the nearest station, for assistance. Word was sent by telephone to Halifax and Truro, and a staff of doctors was soon on the way to the wreck.

Montreal, Feb. 3.—An official report of the accident of Milford says three persons were killed and fifteen injured. Conductor Robert Duncan was badly hurt. The official report says the train went over an embankment because the rails had splintered.

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MORE DEATHS DUE TO BLIZZARD

St. Paul, Feb. 3.—A special to the Dispatch from Helena, Mont., says: A blizzard which has raged for the past thirty-six hours in Eastern Montana and Western North Dakota has about spent its fury. Two more fatalities on account of the storm have been discovered. Near Kurtz, N. D., three section men were struck by a train. Two were killed and the third was picked up by the pilot of the engine and carried twenty miles before the engineer knew about the accident. The operator at one of the stations passed by the train saw the man lying on the pilot, and telegraphed ahead to flag the train. The man was badly bruised and half dead from cold. He said that Ole Peterson and Nels Skaving were with him when the train struck them, and that they did not hear the train because of the storm.

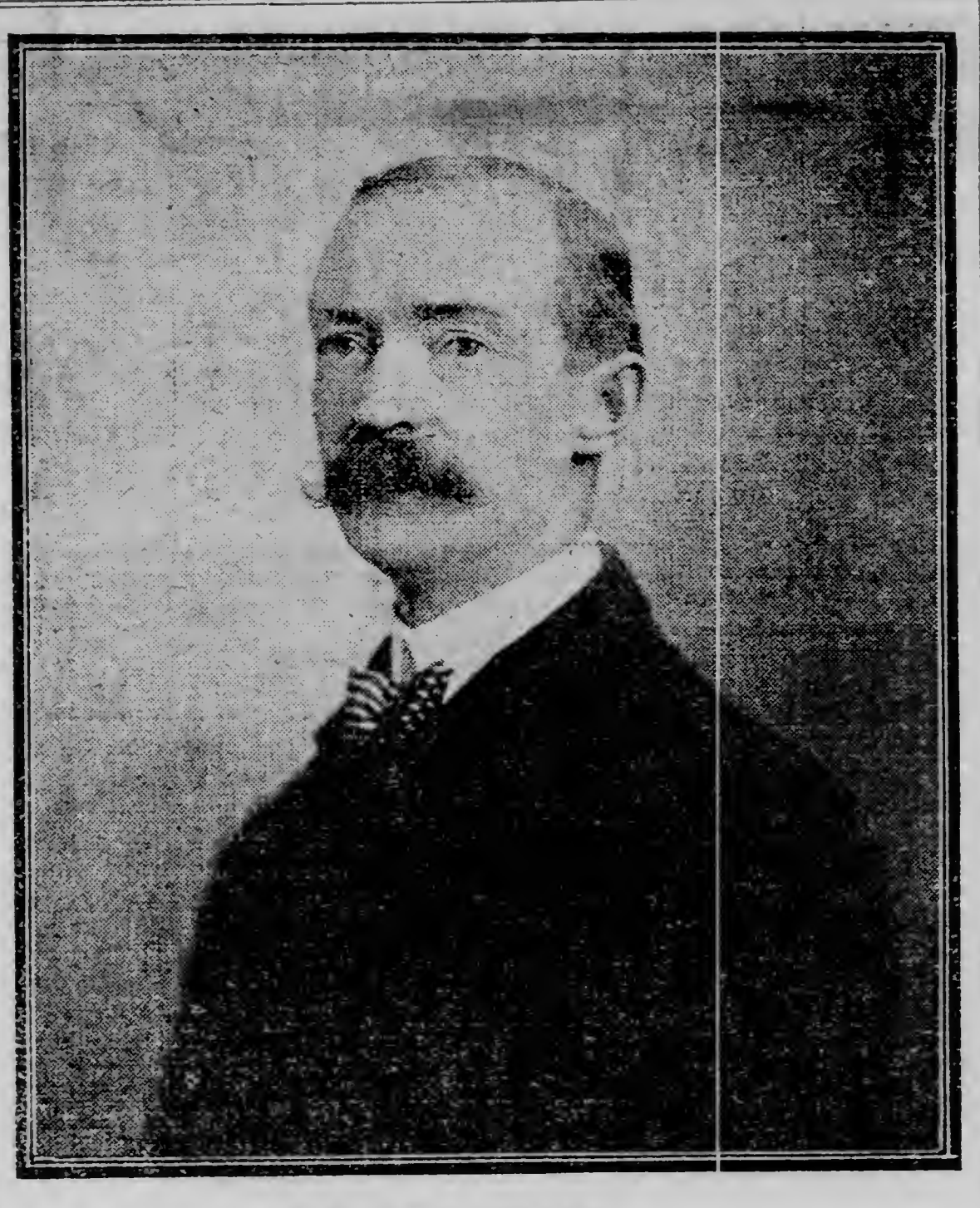
APPROACHING CAPITAL. Uruguayan Rebels Are Rapidly Nearing Montevideo.

New York, Feb. 3.—Dispatches from Montevideo, Uruguay, announce that the rebels under Gen. Aparicio Saravia, are now only four leagues from the capital, says a Herald dispatch from Buenos Ayres, Argentina.

A great panic has seized the residents of Montevideo and the Argentine government has decided to send the cruiser Neuve De Julio there to protect the interests of Argentine citizens. The cruiser will sail at dawn Wednesday.

GERMAN FORCES ARE SAFE. Berlin, Feb. 3.—Colonel Luttwie, governor of German Southwest Africa

CULLUM IS ELECTED MAYOR BY NINETY-SEVEN MAJORITY, CARRYING SIX OF THE WARDS



MARCUS B. CULLUM. Elected Mayor by Voters of Duluth.

Only the Seventh and Eighth Wards Carried By Hugo.

Every Republican Candidate For Alderman Was Elected.

Special Judge Gearhart Returned By a Large Majority.

THE WINNERS.

Mayor.....M. B. Cullum, Dem.

Special Judge.....N. A. Gearhart, Rep.

Aldermen:

First ward.....C. S. Wilson, Rep.

Second ward.....A. J. Harker, Rep.

Third ward.....James A. Waugh, Rep.

Fourth ward.....Thos. Trevillion, Rep.

Fifth ward.....W. E. McEwen, Dem.

Sixth ward.....Erick Olson, Rep.

Seventh ward.....R. D. Haven, Rep.

Eighth ward.....Wm. Chesney, Rep.

Victory perched on the banners of the Cullum forces in the municipal elections yesterday, and their candidate was returned by a comfortable majority.

Dr. Cullum carried six out of the eight wards, losing in the Seventh and Eighth. The predictions of the Democratic campaign managers were thus largely fulfilled. They claimed that Dr. Cullum would carry every ward in the city but one. The Eighth ward proved somewhat of a surprise, however, giving a plurality of 87 for Hugo.

While the chief executive of Duluth will be a Democrat, the Republican candidates were successful in the other contests.

Something in the nature of a surprise was sprung in the Second ward, where A. J. Harker won out over Alderman Krumsieg by a heavy majority. This was expected to be a close contest, with the odds somewhat in favor of Alderman Krumsieg.

The result in the Eighth ward aldermanic contest was also rather unexpected. William Chesney winning easily over Alderman Kern.

In the Third ward James Waugh, Republican, defeated J. A. Grochowski, the Democratic candidate, and in the Fourth ward Alderman Trevillion was elected over Fred Little, the independent candidate.

Alderman Haven defeated D. E. Stevens in the Seventh in easy fashion.

The excitement about the headquarters of both parties and at the city hall was intense as the returns began to come in. It was seen by the unofficial returns, which began to arrive about 8 o'clock, that Hugo was not holding his own in comparison with the election of two years ago, and that Dr. Cullum was having a little the better of the contest.

The official returns were slow in coming, but a photograph resembling the person before death.

(Continued on page 7, first column.)

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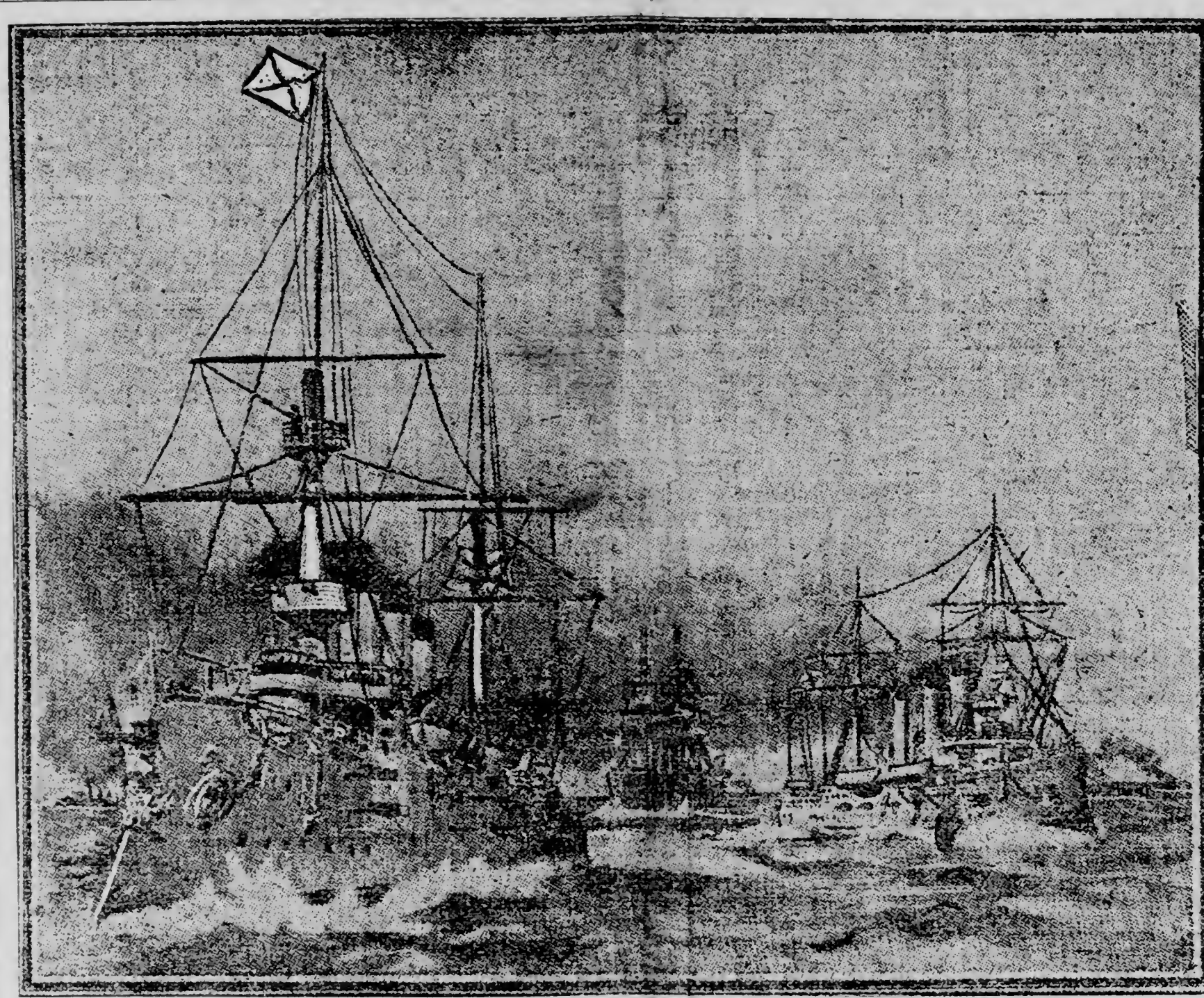
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TWO MEN ARRESTED ON TRAIN LEAVE BUNDLES OF JEWELRY

Were Taken For Attempting to Reach Chicago as "Blind" Baggage—It Is Thought They Robbed Some Jewelry Store North of Milwaukee.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Two men, who were taken from a Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul train, near Milwaukee today, left on the train two packages which, when found in Chicago, contained a large amount of jewelry.

The jewelry is being held by the central station police. The men were arrested through the efforts of the train crew. They left the packages on the front platform of the baggage car, where they were found by the train crew and turned over to the Chicago police when the train reached here. The men are being held by the Milwaukee police.

It is the theory of the police that the men robbed some jewelry store north of Milwaukee, boarded the southbound train and attempted to reach Chicago on the "blind" baggage car. As the train left Watertown, Wis., Conductor Sweeney discovered the presence of the two men. He said nothing to them but at the next stop, the train telegraphed to Milwaukee for policemen to meet them.

Among the articles found in the packages were twenty-one watches and six watch cases, four sets of watch works and two dozen stick pins.

Milwaukee, Feb. 3.—John Fletcher, 47, and Charles Brandon, 27 years, were arrested in a Milwaukee train en route for Chicago at the National avenue depot. They were taken to the police station, where they were held. The packages seized by the train crew were overlooked by the officers. The booty is supposed to be the product of the robbery of a jewelry store at Neoshio, Iowa, last night. One third of the communion of Penmarck is under water, many fishing boats were wrecked and some of their occupants were drowned. An immense amount of damage was done. The people living near the shore were obliged to flee from their houses.

YOUNG MAN MAKES A DARING ATTEMPT TO STEAL DIAMONDS

Enters Minneapolis Jewelry Store and on Being Shown Four Rings, Snatches Them and Runs—Clerk Pursues and Brings Him Back.

Minneapolis, Feb. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—One of the most daring attempts at diamond robbery occurred last evening at 7 o'clock in Schaefer's jewelry store, 125 Washington avenue south.

A well-dressed young man entered the store and asked to be shown some rings. Four diamond rings, valued at \$250, were laid on the counter. The man suddenly grabbed them and ran out the door. Mr. Wiser, the clerk, gave chase and caught the fellow before he had gone a block. He brought him back into the store, locked the door and telephoned for the police. While Wiser was telephoning, Mr. Schaefer stood guard over the thief.

Schaefer had been cleaning a revolver which lay on the counter, and the would-be robber grabbed the revolver up, pointed it at the proprietor's head and said: "Let me go or I'll blow your brains out." Schaefer, knowing the gun was not loaded, told him to blaze away. Suddenly the fellow dropped the gun and rushed out of the side door. Schaefer pursued him and caught him a second time and turned him over to the police. Two of the rings were found on him and the other two found in the street, where he had thrown them. The fellow was later identified as Roy Fehrmann, whose parents reside at 2719 Twenty-seventh avenue southeast.

FEMALE CASHIER RESISTS ROBBERS

Chicago, Feb. 3.—While a dozen terrified waitresses, in a woman's restaurant at 133 Michigan avenue, shrieked and fled from the leveled revolvers of two hold-up men, Miss N. E. Sumner, the cashier, resisted the efforts of a third thief to open the cash register. Only when she had been struck several times and a revolver pressed against her head, did the cashier give up. The delay caused by her struggle frightened

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Washington, Feb. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The application of F. J. Evans, of Ferguson Falls, and E. J. Webster, of Chicago, to organize the First National bank of Deer Creek, Minn., with \$25,000 capital has been approved by the controller of the currency.

MORE DEATHS DUE TO BLIZZARD

St. Paul, Feb. 3.—A special to the Dispatch from Helena, Mont., says: A blizzard which has raged for the past thirty-six hours in Eastern Montana and Western North Dakota has about spent its fury. Two more fatalities on account of the storm have been discovered. Near Kurtz, N. D., three section men were struck by a train. Two were killed and the third was picked up by the pilot of the engine and carried twenty miles before the engineer knew about the accident. The operator at one of the stations passed by the train saw the man lying on the pilot, and telegraphed ahead to flag the train. The man was badly bruised and half dead from cold. He said that Ole Peterson and Nels Skaving were with him when the train struck them, and that they did not hear the train because of the storm.

APPROACHING CAPITAL.

Uruguayan Rebels Are Rapidly Nearing Montevideo.

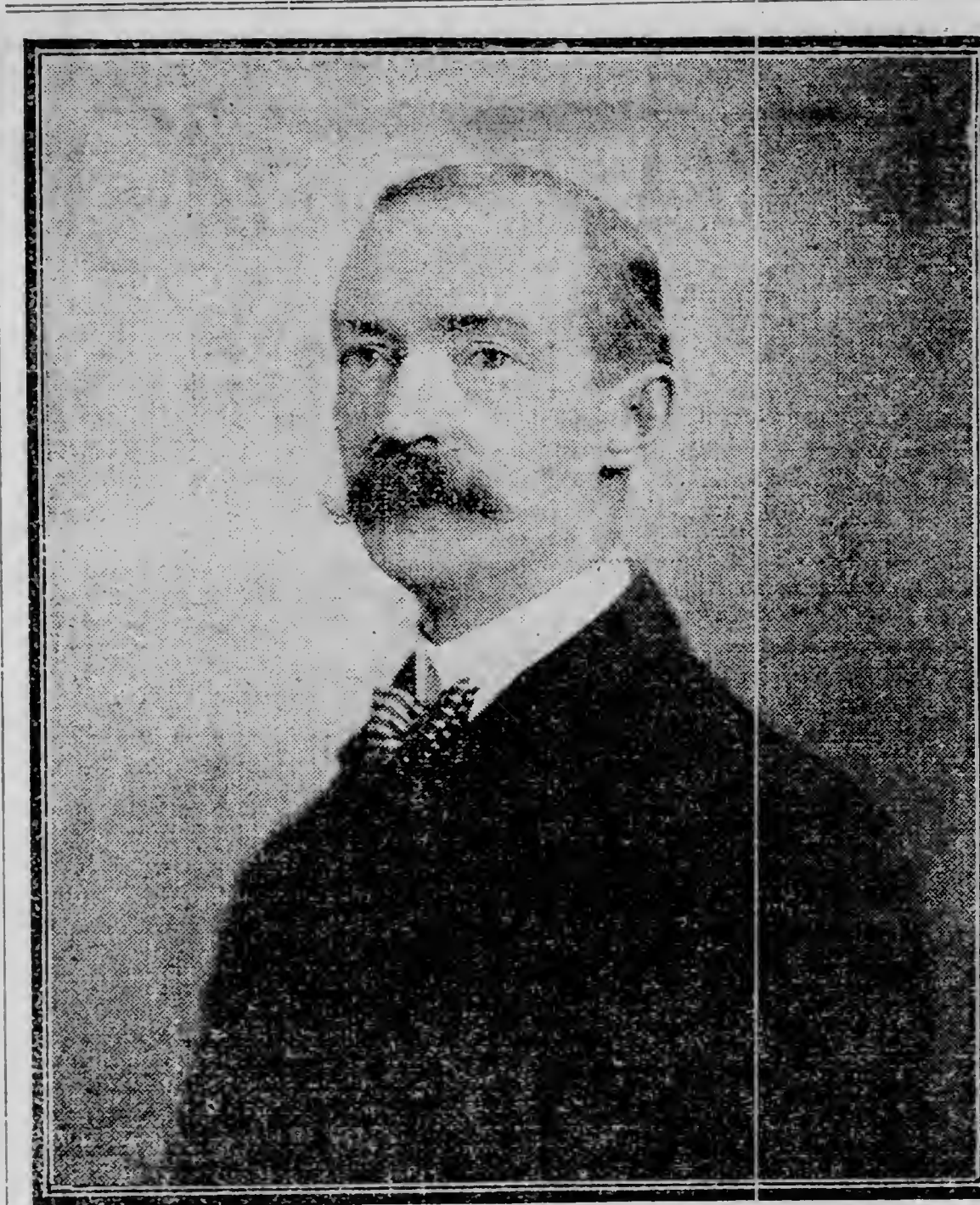
New York, Feb. 3.—Dispatches from Montevideo, Uruguay, announce that the rebels under Gen. Aparicio Saravia, are now only four leagues from the capital, says a Herald dispatch from Buenos Ayres, Argentina.

A great panic has seized the residents of Montevideo and the Argentine government has decided to send the cruiser Neuve De Julio there to protect the interests of Argentine citizens. The cruiser will sail at dawn Wednesday.

GERMAN FORCES ARE SAFE.

Berlin, Feb. 3.—Colonel Leutwein, governor of German Southwest Africa

CULLUM IS ELECTED MAYOR BY NINETY-SEVEN MAJORITY, CARRYING SIX OF THE WARDS



MARCUS B. CULLUM, Elected Mayor by Voters of Duluth.

Only the Seventh and Eighth Wards Carried By Hugo.

Every Republican Candidate For Alderman Was Elected.

Special Judge Gearhart Returned By a Large Majority.

THE WINNERS.

Mayor.....M. B. Cullum, Dem.

Special judge.....N. A. Gearhart, Rep. Aldermen:

First ward.....C. S. Wilson, Rep.

Second ward.....A. J. Harker, Rep.

Third ward.....James A. Waugh, Rep.

Fourth ward.....Thos. Trevillion, Rep.

Fifth ward.....W. E. McEwen, Dem.

Sixth ward.....Erick Olson, Rep.

Seventh ward.....R. D. Haven, Rep.

Eighth ward.....Wm. Chesney, Rep.

Victory perched on the banners of the Cullum forces in the municipal elections yesterday, and their candidate was returned by a comfortable majority.

Dr. Cullum carried six out of the eight wards, losing in the Seventh and Eighth. The predictions of the Democratic campaign managers were thus largely fulfilled. They claimed that Dr. Cullum would carry every ward in the city but one. The Eighth ward proved somewhat of a surprise, however, giving a plurality of 57 for Hugo.

While the chief executive of Duluth will be Democrat, the Republican candidates were successful in the other contests.

Something in the nature of a surprise was sprung in the Second ward, where A. J. Harker won out over Alderman Kramers by a heavy majority. This was expected to be a close contest, with the odds somewhat in favor of Alderman Kramers.

The result in the Eighth ward Alderman contest was also rather unexpected. William Chesney winning easily over Alderman Kern.

In the Third ward James Waugh, Republican, defeated J. A. Grochowski, the Democratic candidate, and in the Fourth ward Alderman Trevillion was elected over Fred Little, the Independent candidate.

Alderman Haven defeated D. E. Stevens in the Seventh in easy fashion.

The excitement about the headquarters of both parties and at the city hall was intense as the returns began to come in. It was seen by the unofficial returns, which began to arrive about 8 o'clock, that Hugo was not holding his own in comparison with the election of two years ago, and that Dr. Cullum was having a little the better of the contest.

The official returns were slow in coming, but a photograph resembling the person before death.

(Continued on page 7, first column.)

[illegible]

WOMEN (color: strongest, best)
Toney, Penny: all got a single failure; longer, 2000
obtainable cases relieved in a few days; \$250
S. F. Joyce, druggist, 833 West Superior st., Duluth

BROU'S INJECTION

**CURES
GONORRHOE
AND
GLEET**

**WITHOUT OTHER
TREATMENT.**

Sold by all Druggists.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW



CURES INDIGESTION

What the World's Most Eminent Latin Scholar and Teacher Says:
A. J. Munyon, Dr. Phil., of Philadelphia, the most distinguished Latin scholar living, says: "Prof. Munyon is entitled to the praise of the entire medical fraternity and the people as well for developing the remarkably curative qualities of Paw-Paw and combining them with other medicaments in a remedy which will cure any curable case of Dyspepsia."
Don't let the skeptical stop you from making a trial of Paw-Paw today. You're the one that is most interested. If you have Catarrh, try it. If you have Dyspepsia, try it. If you are Nervous, try it. If you are despondent, try it. If you are weak and run down, try it. Cast away all tonics, all medicines and all stimulants and let Munyon's Paw-Paw make you well. It will lift you into the high altitudes of hope and hold you there. It will give exhilaration without intoxication.
Sold by all druggists. Large bottle, \$1.00. Paw-Paw Laxative Pills see a bottle.

CHAMBERLAIN AS A PRIVATE

Former Secretary Listens to Son as Leader of House.

London, Feb. 2.—"My right honorable friend, the member for West Birmingham," as Austin Chamberlain described his father, was the central figure in the drama that marked the opening of parliament yesterday.
No daydreamer could have conceived a more curious situation. For the first time in years Joseph Chamberlain took his seat as a private member of the house of commons and was separated from his former colleagues in the cabinet by the gangway. From this seat he saw his son as leader of the house, a position which Joseph Chamberlain, with all his years of political experience, had never attained.
Premier Balfour was laid up with influenza and therefore was unable to be present. When Austin Chamberlain arose to reply in behalf of the party, which his father is believed to be the most powerful member, the house was spellbound.
Up to that time Acker H. Douglas, secretary of state for home affairs, was generally expected to take Premier Balfour's place, and in the proceedings was heightened by the fact that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, had just completed a merciless satire on the cabinet, and the Liberal leader was critical in the extreme for the young politician, and all eyes were fixed alternately upon father and son.
Joseph Chamberlain, who had sat unmoved under the ridicule of the Liberal leader, turned nervously toward his son. With his monocular eye, an orb in his hat, and his hands clasped across his knees, the most prominent figure in the British empire sat and listened to his own defense from the lips of his son.
Austin Chamberlain spoke haltingly and under evident strain, yet when he referred to his father, it was always as "the member from West Birmingham." There was a certain awkwardness in his words, which brought contemptuously to his ears the hearty laughter of the relation between the two men. Now and again Joseph greeted the youngest member of the cabinet, who sat with unmistakable anger, his father turned his glance in the direction of his son, and occasionally Joseph Chamberlain cheered his son with a cheer.
As Austin Chamberlain neared the conclusion of the defense of the attitude of Premier Balfour, the interruptions grew more frequent and his brass bound treasury box on which his father was so fond of leaning, advising his remarks almost solely in the direction of his father.
Delicately Austin Chamberlain accused Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman of attacking the premier in his absence and with a touch of pride he said:
"The member from West Birmingham is here. He can speak for and look after himself."
The house finally expressed its relief when the speech was over and generally termed the opening as one of the most extraordinary personal situations that ever had occurred, and the speech as one of the weakest defenses of the government's policy ever made.
On behalf of Premier Balfour, Austin Chamberlain declared the house of commons must first decide whether or not it desired any change at all in the present system and until that point was settled the opposition demand for details of the government's fiscal reform plan could not be granted.

FIRE AT GRAND CHAIN, ILL.
Chicago, Ill., Feb. 3.—Nearly the entire business section of Grand Chain, Ill., has been destroyed by fire. Grand Chain is located north of Cairo and has 600 population.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has won success far beyond the effect of advertising only.

The secret of its wonderful popularity is explained by its unapproachable merit.

Based upon a prescription which cured people considered incurable, Hood's Sarsaparilla unites the best-known vegetable remedies, by such a combination, proportion and process as to have curative power peculiar to itself.

Its cures of scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and every kind of humor, as well as catarrh and rheumatism—prove Hood's Sarsaparilla

the best blood purifier ever produced. Its cures of dyspepsia, loss of appetite and that tired feeling make it the greatest stomach tonic and strength-restorer the world has ever known.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is a thoroughly good medicine. Begin to take it TODAY. Get HOOD'S.

ANOTHER RUSH

Thursday of Next Week to See One at Land Office.

Desirable Township In Big Fork Country to Be Opened.

The Duluth land office will have another busy day on Feb. 11, one week from tomorrow, on the occasion of the throwing open for settlement of what is regarded as one of the most desirable townships to which the government still holds title in the Duluth district. Approximately 23,000 acres of land are contained in the tract and the greatest portion of it is considered desirable for farming purposes.
The new township is located in the Big Fork country, and is technically described as 137-25. Its northeast corner lies within about three miles of the Rainy river and sixteen miles from International Falls. The new line of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake railroad, when completed, will run within a few miles of 137-25, and products of the land will be within comparatively easy reach of many markets.
A heavier rush is expected at the opening next week than in the case of the openings of the five new towns in the vicinity of the Little and Big Fork rivers recently. Much of the land available for entry is now located upon by squatters, although considerable good land, the biggest part of the township, in fact, is still left for new entrymen. The land in this country is a continuation of the Red River valley, and it is said that some of the quarter sections which will be thrown open for settlement will be fully as desirable as the present Red River farms, as far as fertility of the soil is concerned. The timber will have to be cleared away before much farming can be done, and choice portions of the land will have to be drained.
Ten new townships in this district have been opened during the past year. Records of the Duluth land office show that in the last twelve months nearly a quarter of a million acres of land in this district has been transferred from the possession of the government into the hands of homesteaders and timber and stone entrymen.
It is thought that two more townships, now being surveyed, will be ready for opening this spring. They are also located in this district, in the Big and Little Fork valleys.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.
Lycium—Valenza-Sausone concert. Metropolitan—Fabie Romanelli, by Ferris company.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.
Lycium—Friday and Saturday, Rose Cecilia Shay Grand Opera company.

VALENZA-SAUSONE CONCERT.
A fine musical treat is expected this evening when Signor Valenza, harpist; Signor Sausone, contralto, and Robert Sausone, cellist, are heard at the Lycium. They are all musicians of exceptional talent, and during a trip through the Northwest last fall met with great success.
SHAY OPERA COMPANY.
Miss Rose Cecilia Shay, who is well remembered by Duluth people, will be heard again this week, appearing at the Lycium Friday and Saturday evening. The incorporated stock company supports Miss Shay is said to be the strongest organization of its kind that ever went out of New York. Among the artists are Alexandre Lion, of the famous French Opera company of New Orleans; Stevens, who for two years was the star soloist of the Damosros orchestra; Lawrence Mooney, the baritone, formerly of the Carl Rosa Grand Opera company; Joseph Fredericks, the leading tenor of the company and the only member of Miss Shay's previous organization to be retained, has a voice of wonderful sweetness, fine range and absolute control. His success last season was second only to Miss Shay's.

TO MAINTAIN LIBERAL CLUB

Executive Committee Decides to Continue Organization.

London, Feb. 3.—The Liberal Union club, at a meeting of their executive council held here today, decided to maintain their organization. The meeting was called to discuss the situation arising from the publication Jan. 11 of the correspondence between Joseph Chamberlain and the duke of Devonshire, formerly lord president of the council. Mr. Chamberlain presided and made a speech setting forth the necessity of the existence of the association. He said nothing had happened to in any of the members of the association, and added that the danger which the association was formed to combat could only disappear by a declaration of the Irish party that they had abandoned all hope of their intention of converting Great Britain to home rule.
Only two members voted against the resolution providing for the maintenance of the association. Instructed the council to assist the Liberal Unionist candidates, without regard to their opinions on the fiscal question, the only qualification necessary being their readiness to support Premier Balfour.

NOVELIST LEFT \$250,000.
New York, Feb. 3.—The will of the late Hugh Stowell Scott, better known as Henry Seaton Merriam, the novelist, shows that he left an estate of \$250,000, says a Time's dispatch from London. The document has just been filed for probate.

"PIT" Get in line before the craze dies out. It will soon be over. We will sell out all we have at 25c a set. It may go lower if you don't clean us out quick at the 25c price. Better buy at once.

25c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

CHINA After-dinner cups and saucers—beautiful decorated thin china—some gold lined—all colors and decorations—about fifty styles. Former prices, 25c and 33c. Choice, 19c a pair or \$2.00 a dozen. In the basement.

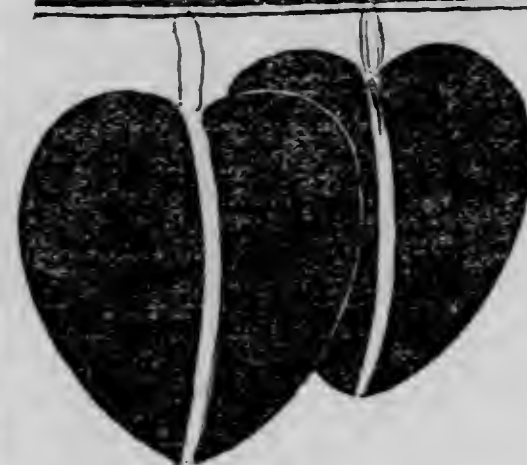
19c

Three-days' after-inventory clean-up!

Not only the departments and specific items mentioned in this "ad"—but hundreds of others as well, are reduced in that slashing, dashing manner that makes the Glass Block sales "go." We know that our sales draw the crowds, because the people have faith in our style of doing things right. We never disappoint you. You never disappoint us. That's why our business is growing—growing—growing all the time.

Valentines from 1c to \$3.50

You will find the choicest, daintiest, loveliest collection of novelties in Valentines on our bargain counter No. 1—main floor, near the front door. Our selections have been made with great care, experience having taught us just what Duluth and Superior people want in this direction. Come in and make your selections early, before the gems of the collection are all picked out. You can get something fine for very little money.



Ladies' golf gloves--mitts

Beginning Thursday we offer two big snaps at the glove counter.

Ladies' all-wool golf gloves—black, white and colors, regular 35c goods—never less than 25c—at 19c a pair. Boys' and girls' fleece-lined mittens, black palms, astrakhan backs, worth 35c—all at 19c a pair.

19c

The winner of the \$25.00 doll house.

Mrs. Mary Summers, 518 East Third Street.
The correct number of Doll House matches in the glass jar was 1176. Mrs. Summers' guess was 1184, within eight of the actual count. The next nearest guesses were as follows: Mrs. John Panlon, 1198; A. W. Anderson, 1199; E. W. White, 1200; A. R. MacFarlane, 1201; Mrs. Wm. White, 1148; J. Lang, 1125; M. D. Newman, 1125; Sophie Solhem, 1119; Buda Robinson, 1111; Mrs. G. Northfield, 1100; Mrs. E. Johnson, 1100.

Final clearance ladies' suits, ladies' and misses' coats, wrappers.

Every garment offered at these prices is a bargain most pronounced. Three months of wear for this season and full of good wear for next fall and winter. People who must economize can get double their money's worth now. Don't pass this up without a look. You'll be surprised at the values. Only the Glass Block could give them.

LADIES' SUITS—About eighteen in this lot. Heavy and medium weights—brown and gray mixtures and Scotch suitings—all styles and well made—very nobby, very warm, very good—\$24.50 Suits for \$12.25. \$15.00 Suits for \$7.50. \$20.00 Suits for \$10.00. \$12.50 Suits for \$6.25. \$4.99
And a few of our \$9.98 Suits for \$4.99.
CASHMERE SHAWLS—Only 25 left. Every Shawl a genuine \$2.50 value. That was the Glass Block price. Cream white, tint, with fringed ends—large size. Your choice of any shawl in the lot for \$1.25.
WRAPPERS—25 dozen fleece-lined wrappers, dark colors—a dozen patterns, all pretty. Regular prices were 98c, \$1.19 and \$1.25. In this sale your choice of any wrapper in the lot for 79c.
LADIES' JACKETS—35 only—ladies' short and medium length silk-lined jackets—black and dark colors—all odds and ends—some in the lot worth \$18.50—your pick of the lot at \$4.98.
GIRLS' AND MISSES' COATS—Our entire stock of heavy coats for girls from 6 to 14 years—all sizes, all colors—all this season's pretty styles—beautifully trimmed—good for several seasons' dress and play wear. Every coat reduced to the limit—
\$3.40 Coats for \$1.75. \$8.75 Coats for \$4.38.
\$4.50 Coats for \$2.25. \$10.50 Coats for \$5.25.
\$5.75 Coats for \$2.88. \$15.00 Coats for \$7.50.
\$6.98 Coats for \$3.49. \$20.00 Coats for \$9.98.

3 bunches of snaps in housekeepers' busy basement

The old saying that "a new broom sweeps clean" is verified by the new manager of the basement hardware and woodenware depts. He's looking for a big increase in business, and from now on will raise a rumpus among the pots, pans, kettles and rolling pins. Keep your eye on the basement. Thursday we start in with 3 big bargain clearance lots.

9c for 3 rolls 5c toilet paper
19c for 3 rolls 5c shelf paper
9c for 15c 9-in whisk brooms
19c for Dover egg beaters
9c for 15c Japanned trays
98c for 33c wash boards
98c for 10 bars laundry soap
98c for 33c towel holders, two rings
98c for 25c frying pans
98c for 25c coffee mills

Fine laces.
1000 yards Pointe de Paris lace—a to 3/4 inches wide, slightly soiled, worth up to 15c a yard—Inventory price—per yard—**5c**
One lot—25 pieces—Pointe de Venice laces, bands, motifs and insertions—odds and ends of the best trimming laces, worth up to 35c a yard—Inventory price—per yard—**10c**
Embroideries.
One lot Nainsook insertions and edges, worth up to 25c a yd—Inventory choice, a yd—**10c**
One lot Nainsook Insertions, broken sets and slightly soiled lengths, worth up to 75c a yard—sold only by the length—per yard—**23c**
Boys' sweaters.
Red, blue and gray sweaters, turtle neck, heavy and strong, fancy colors, all sizes. Our regular 50c sweaters—Inventory price—**2 for 75c**
Men's caps.
Every man's winter cap in the stock—several hundred to select from. All styles, mostly blue and black—regular prices \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00—choice of any cap at **HALF PRICE**

Silverware.
BUTTER KNIVES—heavy plate, regular 35c values—Inventory price—**15c**
CHILD'S SETS—silver-plated knife, fork and spoon, worth 50c—Inventory price—**15c**
SETS—butter knife and sugar shell, pretty patterns, heavy plate—regular price 50c—Inventory price—**25c**
Parlor lamps.
50 decorated glass lamps, worth up to \$1.25—have fount and globe to match. Beautiful colors and designs, large burners, complete with chimney and wick—Inventory sale—**65c**
RUBY LAMPS—Beautiful ruby red founts and globes to match—rich embossed designs. Center draft burner. Regular prices \$3.25, \$4.50 and \$6.75. Every lamp in the lot at **HALF PRICE**
Skating suits.
Our entire stock of boys' Mackinaw wool skating and coasting suits—red, blue and fancy plaids—all sizes—just the thing for outdoor play in winter time—regular prices \$3.98 and \$4.98—Inventory sale—**HALF PRICE**

Pictures

Two wonderful bargain lots—2 tables full of pictures we are practically giving away at these nominal prices:

8c

Entire line of matted pictures and framed pictures that sold for 15c, 19c, 25c, 29c and 35c on one table—choice of any picture, 8c.

19c

Framed pictures—100 different styles and subjects—The entire line that sold up to 98c—Any picture, 19c.

Men's shirts.
A great lot of good shirts, worth \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 each, stiff bosoms, good colors and patterns, long and short bosoms, regular make and fully reinforced at all weak points. Choice of any shirt in the lot, all sizes—**49c**
Eye glasses.
The entire \$1.50 line of eye glasses—steel rim and spring steel bow, with cork grips—all powers, for every defect of vision—Inventory price for three days **75c**
Boys' overcoats.
Every boys' overcoat in the house—long or short, reeler, storm or ulster style and some fancy cape overcoats in colors—regular prices from \$1.98 to \$11.00—for three days, choice of any coat at **HALF PRICE**
Skates.
All we have left—less than 100 pairs—club and hockey skates—in four lots, as follows:
75c skates for 25c.
\$1.50 skates for 49c.
\$2.50 skates for 89c.
\$3.00 skates for \$1.39.

Jewelry.
HAT PINS—choice from 500 that sold for 10c to 25c—Inventory price—**5c**
PHOTO FRAMES—small and large size, several styles—Inventory price—**10c**
BROOCHES—former price 50c—Inventory price **25c**
Ladies' fascinators.
Entire stock of crocheted wool fascinators—black, white, pink, blue, red and gray—regular prices 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.50—without reserve, you may take your choice of any fascinator at **HALF PRICE**
Babies' leggins.
Those comfortable crocheted draw-leggins for babies. Can't do without them in cold weather—three months to wear them in regular prices 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50—come in both black and white—Inventory sale—**HALF PRICE**
Carpet remnants.
About 100 pieces of body Brussels, Wilton velvet and Axminster carpets—rug lengths—1 1/2 yards long—all sorts of colors and patterns—worth up to \$2.50 a yard—Inventory price, per piece **98c**

"FABIO ROMANI" OR "THE VENDETTA"
Special matinee Wednesday afternoon. Extra this week—The Oriental Japanese Troupe in marvellous exploits, and Harry Burns, the champion musical bag puncher of the world.
Night prices—10c, 25c, 35c and 50c.
Matinee prices—10c and 25c.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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A CRISIS IS NEAR

Situation in the Far East Is Now Very Grave.

Viceroy Alexieff Given Authority to Declare War.

Tokio, Feb. 3.—A specially summoned conference of the cabinet, elder statesmen and military and naval chiefs was held today at the residence of Premier Katsura. The meeting is believed to have been of much importance, though no details of the decision have been made public. Possibly it forebodes energetic action on account of Russian prostration.

Although the government officials continue to deny it, it is manifest that the situation in the Far East is now very grave. The Russian reply will continue to be a factor in the situation. The Russian reply will continue to be a factor in the situation. The Russian reply will continue to be a factor in the situation.

SOCIAL ORGANIZATION.

Members of Company A Will Entertain.

Company A of the Minnesota National Guards has organized a society among its membership for the purpose of stimulating interest in the work of the company and for social entertainment. The organization was effected after drill, last evening, the following officers being elected: President, Corporal John King; vice-president, Corporal John King; financial secretary, Sergeant Walter Dashi; financial secretary, Corporal Oakey Smith. A committee was appointed with Louis E. Kjaer as chairman to draw up a constitution and bylaws.

ARE NOT MUCH BEHIND.

Passenger Trains Keep Pretty Close to Schedules.

The increased cold weather today had but little effect upon passenger traffic in the northern part of the state, and those trains which arrived in Duluth behind schedule time were but a few minutes late.

Freight traffic, however, is still suffering from the effects of the low state of the mercury, and this results in trains of a few cars each being hauled, where ordinarily an engine will pull more than a score of cars at fast speed.

Northern Passenger Agent A. Broad of the Great Northern road this morning received a communication from Cal Stone, assistant passenger agent, showing that train No. 19, known as the southbound Gopher State express, went through the month of January without losing a minute of its schedule.

A month's run of the Gopher State express makes a total of nearly 5000 miles, and in view of the cold weather which has prevailed this is considered a marvellous record. This northbound Gopher State express left this morning at 10:15 a. m. and will arrive at St. Paul at 10:15 a. m. and will arrive at St. Paul at 10:15 a. m.

FUNERAL OF WHITNEY

Will Take Place From Grace Church, Friday.

New York, Feb. 3.—It was decided today that the funeral of the late William C. Whitney will take place on Friday morning, at 10 o'clock, at Grace church. Admission to the church will be by card, the capacity of the building being limited. The interment will be at Woodlawn cemetery, for which place a special train will leave the Grand Central station after the services at the church. Payne Whitney, who was summoned from Thomasville, Ga., is expected here today.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Duluth and St. Paul Electric Co. will be held at 500 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn., Thursday, Feb. 4, 1904, at 10 a. m. to elect officers and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

All stockholders are requested to be present. N. H. MURRAY, Pres.

CITY BRIEFS.

Parlor theater—New attractions tonight.

Baby boy for adoption, call at 500 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn., at 10 a. m. Social dance given by the St. Louis club, at 10 a. m. at Odd Fellows hall, Friday evening, Feb. 5th, 1904. Tickets, 25 cents each.

Miss Agnes M. Campbell, who has been in charge of the St. Louis club, will now make Duluth her headquarters.

Capt. Charles L. Potter, government engineer in charge of this district, has received notice from Portage Lake canal that the ice there is now 18 inches thick and extends lakeward as far as the eye can reach.

Judge Ellison has filed an order declaring the title of two lots in Ely vested in the Swedish Lutheran church of that city. The title was contested by the Swedish Lutheran church of that city. The case was tried in the November term of court.

J. B. Middlecott, judge of probate court, has been notified by the superintendent of the St. Louis club that the death of the late William C. Whitney has been ascertained.

Thomas Madden and Charles Johnson, local schoolkeepers, who were indicted by the grand jury for having been in the morning, appeared before Judge Ellison today and changed their former plea of not guilty to guilty. Both were fined \$100 and costs with the alternative of thirty days in the county jail. They paid their fines.

Parlor theater—8:30 p. m., vaudeville.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION

Will be held in the High schools of

Tower, Virginia, Hibbing and Duluth on Feb. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 1904, for state first and second grade certificates and for county superintendent permits will present themselves for examination.

Examinations will be held in the high schools of Tower, Virginia, Hibbing and Duluth on Feb. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 1904, for state first and second grade certificates and for county superintendent permits will present themselves for examination.

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LOAN FOR FAIR

Some Opposition Is Expressed In the Senate.

Senator Bailey Raises Point of Order on Measure.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The senate took up the urgent deficiency appropriation bill at the beginning of today's session.

When the amendment providing for a loan of \$200,000 to the St. Louis exposition was reached, Mr. Bailey reserved the right to make a point of order against it, but he permitted the reading of the bill to continue to the end before presenting his point.

The exposition amendment was amended at the instance of Mr. Culberson so as to authorize the exhibition of range cattle at the exposition, regardless of the fact as to whether they come from north or south of the quarantine line.

There were no other important amendments to the bill and when the first reading was concluded, Mr. Bailey formally presented his point of order, which was that the proposed loan was in general legislation not authorized by existing law.

Mr. Bacon said that he intended to vote for the amendment, but he did not want the impression to go out that it was in law. He said that he had very little confidence that it would be Mr. Bailey, in charge of the bill, responded by saying that he was in sympathy with Mr. Bailey's objection.

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If you deserve more salary and you're sure it's YOUR BOSS' FAULT that you don't get it, watch The Herald's "Help Wanted" Column for something better in your particular line. The employer relies upon it to secure him efficient help.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.
MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE, MIDWINTER, 413
avenue east. Phone 1233.
Sept. 1913.


DETECTIVE AGENCY.
ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—
B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 325 Manhattan
bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 609, res.
idence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.
SHAMPOOING, HAIR DRESSING AND
manicuring. All kinds of hair work.
Dahl Sisters, 26 West superior street.

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corder.
 H. C. Cross, Jesse Norton,
 C. A. Letiche, re.
 K. O. T. M.
 DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY
 Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.
 Muncieban's hall, corner
 Superior street and First
 avenue west.
 Sir Knights all welcome.
 Edw. C. Thompson, re.
 Soc. Com. 12 E. Fifth St.
 J. E. Corbett, re.
 third floor, Hunter block.
 Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
 MODERN SAMARITANS.
 ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—
 Meets every Thursday eve-
 ning at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall,
 11 West Superior St. Thom-
 as M. Galt, re.
 Thanks, scrib. Thos. A. Galt, fin. scrib.
 A. O. U. W.
 FIDELITY LODGE NO. 10,
 105, meets in Kalamazoo
 hall every Thursday eve-
 ning at 8 o'clock. C. H.
 Pennerman, re.
 A. O. U. W. financier.
 A. O. U. W.
 DULUTH LODGE NO. 32,
 meets in Oad Folgers' hall
 every Tuesday evening at
 8 o'clock. John Newman,
 re. J. W. Slattery, re.
 financier: A. H. Flake,
 rector: C. E. Bickford, re.
 section meets same eve-
 ning at 7:30 o'clock.
 KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
 DULUTH LODGE K.

Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

 No. 3, meets first and third Thursday in every month, at Kalamazoo hall. F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
LULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday, at 8 o'clock at Hunter-
s hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W.

M. W. A.
PERIAL CAMP, No. 2206, MEETS at
hunter hall, corner First avenue west
and Superior
on Wednesdays.
Visiting members always
welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Bur-
ett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF
Teamsters local No. 411,
meets first and third
each month at Marine
Engineers' hall, Hunter
block, 31 West Superior
street; Arthur Beattie,
secretary; W. W. W.


cording secretary, 723
Garfield avenue; Archie
McPherson, secretary and
treasurer, 900 East Eighth
street.

COOKS AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.
Meets every second and fourth Tues-
day of each month at the Kalamazoo
building. President, Marshal Hehner;
vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secre-
tary, Josie Wilson; treasurer, Fred
McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B.
McComber, 22 West Superior street; L.
I. Copeland, business agent.

COURT COMMISSIONERS. No.

Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting Feb. 5. General business. R. J. Rickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

LAN STEWART, No. 56. O. S. C.
 Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 303 East Superior street. George F. Mackenzie, chief; Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, Glass Block.



ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL—
No 161, Royal League,
meets in Elks' hall,
first and third Monday
evenings at 8:00 o'clock.
GEO. L. HARGRAVES,
Archon; **L. P. MURRAY,**
Scribe, 124 East Fourth
street.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

ENTIRE RUSSIAN SQUADRON, WHICH HAS BEEN AT PORT ARTHUR, SAILS FOR UNKNOWN DESTINATION.

New York, Feb. 4.—A dispatch to the Herald from Port Arthur, by way of Che Foo, under today's date, says the Russian fleet has left Port Arthur. Yesterday the Russian squadron, heretofore inside the harbor, joined the outside fleet that they might not be immured in the narrow channel. The combined fleet was stated to have anchored outside the harbor. The sailing of the fleet would seem to indicate an important movement. Their destination is unknown.

RELIEF TRAINS WITH COAL
ARE NEARING THE MICHIGAN
TOWNS ISOLATED BY SNOW

Winds Have Ceased and Officials
Are Pushing Plows Through.

Entire "Thumb" District of State
Will Soon Be Opened Up.

Detroit, Feb. 4.—"We expect to have the whole 'thumb' district of the state opened up by tonight," said Assistant General Superintendent W. D. Trump of the Pere Marquette railroad today. "Yesterday we succeeded in getting a snow plow down from Harbor Beach, which is the northernmost point of the Harbor Beach branch of the Port Austin division, to Port Huron, and we started it back for Harbor Beach today, followed by relief trains with coal and supplies. The high winds blew the snow back into the cuts and covered the tracks several feet deep almost as fast as we could clear them. We also have to reach Grindstone City with a train today. Grindstone City is the

northern terminus of the Port Austin division, and has had no train for two weeks. By tonight I hope that we will have the entire district opened up, and that we will be able to supply the snow-bound towns with the much-needed coal."

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 4.—The blizzard which has played havoc with railroad traffic in Western Michigan during the past twenty-four hours has ceased and the weather is now moderating.

Saginaw, Mich., Feb. 4.—The railroads in this part of the state are today rapidly recovering from the effects of Tuesday night's blizzard, which tied up traffic more completely than any storm in many years.

FORMER CITY ATTORNEY TELLS
HOW HE "FIXED" ALDERMEN

Lant K. Salsbury Appears as Principal Witness In
the Trial Against Alderman Mol in the Grand
Rapids Water Scandal.

Grand Rapids, Feb. 4.—When the bribery trial of Alderman James Mol was resumed today, the redirect examination of former City Attorney Lant K. Salsbury, the people's principal witness, began. Salsbury testified that Mol had been "fixed" by a jury during his (Salsbury's) trial in the superior court, telling Mol that it was important to everyone that he should be acquitted. Salsbury swore that he got Mol to "fix" Martin Meyers, a salesman, Salsbury paid Mol \$500 to be paid to Meyers. Mol telling him that Meyers demanded that amount. Meyers was excused by the prosecution, however,

and Salsbury went with Dr. Fries, so he testified, and secured the return of part of the \$500. Meyers is now dead. Ex-Alderman Meyers followed Salsbury on the stand, confessing his complicity in the water deal.

Cory B. Bissell testified that he had approached Aldermen Kinney and Donovan at Salsbury's request. Bissell told of having received \$400 from Salsbury for his work. The prosecution rested. The defense then demanded the presence of all witnesses named in the information and the court ordered them brought in. Two are beyond jurisdiction.

A CASE OF MISTAKEN IDENTITY

Paris, Feb. 4.—Inquiry concerning the detention of Mr. Hurl and Mr. Ireland, two Americans, at Nice, has brought out the following facts:

On Jan. 26 the police of Nice arrested Mr. Hurl, considering him to be a man named Hurst who was wanted by the Paris police. Mr. Ireland, on hearing of this, went to explain and identify Hurl, when the former was also held as an accomplice. The United States consular office immediately proceeded to demand proofs of his identity, the authorities replying that two days would be required, which resulted in showing that a mistake had been made in taking Mr. Hurl for the man Hurst.

Unfortunately, the two men had borrowed a few insignificant sums, owing to delay in the arrival of funds from home, and the sensational accounts of the local press alarmed them. Hearing of these loans, the authorities continued the investigation, in the meantime holding the men.

The case is following the usual course of French procedure, and the consulate is carefully following the case. Another examination of the prisoners occurs today, and the consular lawyer has been charged to look after the interests of the accused. It appears to be established that it is a case of mistaken identity.

DUEL THREATENED FESTIVITIES

New York, Feb. 4.—Festivities which marked the visit of the duke of Abruzzi to this city on the cruiser Liguori have been marred, says a dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres, by an incident which occurred at a regatta between small boats of the Argentine and Italian vessels.

In the presence of President Roca, the duke, members of the cabinet and a large crowd, the crew of the Argentine boat won a race from the Italian cruiser's boat. On returning, Capt. Discuoretto de Buffa, second officer of the Liguori, declared that there had been foul play. Capt. Muscardi of the Argentine navy denied this, and delegated two Argentine officers to ask satisfaction from Capt. Buffa.

The committee disposed of the matter by deciding to repeat the race with the Argentine boat manned by the Italian crew and the Italian boat carrying the Argentine crew. The duke visited the minister of marine later, and it is understood the incident will be settled without a duel.

HANNA THREATENED WITH TYPHOID

Washington, Feb. 4.—Senator Hanna, who is quite ill at his apartments, was reported somewhat better this morning. Dr. George E. Brewer, of New York, who was telegraphed for by Mrs. Hanna, has arrived, and a consultation of three physicians engaged on the case followed.

The following bulletin regarding Senator Hanna's condition was given out immediately after the consultation: "At the consultation held this morning no new feature was found in Mr. Hanna's condition. He is suffering

from a recurrent attack of grip, with an unusual amount of physical depression. There are no alarming symptoms and no reason to believe that recovery will not take place in a reasonable time."

Dr. Brewer left on the 12:45 train for New York.

The possible development of typhoid fever or kidney trouble is the chief source of apprehension of the attending physicians. They base their statement regarding the weeks that must elapse before the senator will be able to go out on his extreme physical exhaustion.

SECRETARY SHAW CALLS ON NATIONAL BANK DEPOSITORIES FOR 20 PER
CENT OF GOVERNMENT DEPOSITS HELD BY THEM, TO BE PAID IN NEAR FUTURE.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Secretary Shaw today sent the following letter to all national bank depositories holding special government deposits, regarding prospective calls for funds on account of the Panama canal purchase: "Sir:—It seems probable that the government will be called upon in the near future to pay \$500,000 preliminary to the construction of an inter-oceanic canal. In addition to this, there are outstanding approximately \$5,000,000 of the United States bonds, which by their terms, mature on Feb. 1, 1904, and congress is considering a proposition to loan between \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000 to the Louisiana Purchase exposition. To meet these probable demands, it will be necessary to withdraw at least \$30,000,000 from depository banks.

You are therefore requested to make immediate preparation for the payment on demand of 20 per cent at New York. In the near future, possibly within ten days, you will be asked to transfer this amount to some of the New York depositories to be used in settlement of the canal right-of-way.

If you desire to sell at once a portion of the securities now held by the government against your deposit, you will so inform this office, and arrangements will be made for the immediate transfer, so as to avoid actual withdrawals from channels of trade.

The department will surrender no United States bonds held as security for deposits with any bank until such bank has withdrawn all state and municipal bonds now held as such securities, but securities of the district of Columbia, Philippine islands and Hawaii will be retained if so desired.

Please acknowledge receipt. Respectfully,

L. M. SHAW,
Secretary.

MAY MAKE CONTRACTS
FOR FUTURE DELIVERY.

New York, Feb. 4.—Announcement has been made by the produce exchange that trading in New York-Buffalo contracts for future delivery of grain may now take place and actual deliveries on such contracts may be made, beginning Aug. 1. This movement is the result of efforts of the produce exchange to broaden the grain market here, lack of storage facilities having in recent times caused considerable contraction in the trade.

ORDONEZ HAS NOT FLOWN. Buenos Ayres, Feb. 4.—There is no truth in the reported flight of President Odonez of Uruguay. Advice from Montevideo says the city is quiet and that President Odonez recently made a tour of the city and suburbs to reassure the people. It is also denied that the revolutionists are advancing on Montevideo.

ABEEL TAKEN TO NEW YORK. Welland, Ont., Feb. 4.—James B. Abeel left today in custody of a detective for New York, where Abeel is wanted to answer to charges of forgery alleged to have been committed while paying attention to Miss Eleanor Anderson under the name of "J. Ogden Goelet."

MOORISH STALLIONS ARRIVE. New York, Feb. 4.—Six Moorish stallions sent by the sultan of Morocco for exhibition at the St. Louis exposition, arrived here today on the steamship Hohenzollern. The steamer stopped at Tangier to receive the animals.

MORLEY TO PRESENT AMENDMENT

London, Feb. 4.—John Morley announced today in the house of commons his definite intention to introduce February 8, his fiscal amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, even if Premier Balfour is absent.

Previous to this announcement Home Secretary Aker-Douglas, in behalf of the government said he was willing to give facilities for an adequate discussion of the question, if the amendment was withdrawn, but a storm of protests which issued from the opposition decided Mr. Morley to carry out his original plan.

Several questions were put with the object of eliciting information regarding the far eastern situation, the steps taken to avert war and whether the government alone or in conjunction with

the United States government had pressed Russia to evacuate Manchuria, etc., but the questions practically were without result.

Earl Percy, under secretary of the foreign office, declared that in view of the present state of the relations between Russia and Japan, it would be manifestly improper to make any observations on the situation. The British government, he added, had made frequent representations to Russia in regard to the delay in the evacuation of Manchuria.

Earl Percy confirmed the reports that the Russians had removed several of the employees of Sir Herbert Hart, the inspector general of customs and posts in China, from the native customs office at New Chung and had replaced them with Russian nominees. He said that the delay in the evacuation of Manchuria, he said, had been made on the subject at St. Petersburg.

LAWYER'S JEST LOST DAMAGE SUIT

New York, Feb. 4.—Words spoken jokingly by counsel for the city in the trial before the supreme court of a suit brought by Mrs. Elizabeth Foley, for \$15,000 damages, alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiff when she fell into a hole in the street have unexpectedly caused the jury to decide against the plaintiff. The evidence was almost entirely on the woman's side but in closing, a lawyer for the city said the accident had made the plaintiff such an interesting invalid that she had obtained a good husband. The remark was taken seriously by the jury, but Mrs. Foley's counsel will appeal.

WATCHING.



RUSSIAN EAGLE.—"THIS IS WHERE TWO HEADS ARE BETTER THAN ONE."

—Brooklyn Eagle.

Japanese Minister Meets Peers and
Explains the Situation.Russia Is Massing Troops to Resist
a Possible Invasion.

Tokio, Feb. 4.—Premier Katsura and his associates in the cabinet gave a dinner today to eighteen representative peers and communicated to them the nature and progress of the diplomatic negotiations with Russia. The Marquis Ito had a private audience with the emperor, at which the situation was discussed. These and other incidents clearly indicated the seriousness of the situation. It is generally believed that Russia is massing troops north of the Yalu river, so as to be prepared to resist a possible invasion by the Japanese.

The cabinet, elder statesmen and commanders of the army and navy are in almost constant conference or communication. There is, however, no indication of the course they intend to pursue. The belief is prevalent that Russia is seeking to provoke Japan to take the initiative.

The first break in the reticence of the Japanese government was the publication today of four official dispatches from Manchuria and Siberia, which are significant showings, as they do, the trend of events.

Tokio, Feb. 4.—The Japanese commercial agent at Vladivostok was notified Wednesday by the commander of the Russian garrison that he might at any time in accordance with orders from St. Petersburg, have to proclaim a state of siege. Consequently he desired the agent to make preparations for the eventual departure of Japanese residents.

Should any wish to remain they will be ordered to repair to Habarovsk. Japanese official reports confirm marked military activity in Manchuria. Houses have been prepared at Liao Yang, Hai Cheng, Kai Chow and other places for the accommodation of Russian soldiers. Cars have been requisitioned to transport ammunition and stores. Troops are steadily moving in the direction of the Yalu and the Chinese residents of Ying Chow are preparing for flight.

London, Feb. 4.—It has been repeatedly intimated by the authorities at Peking, according to the London Globe's Shanghai correspondent, that in the event of China abandoning Manchuria the powers would be compelled to safeguard their respective interests in the remaining provinces, "regardless of

China's pseudo sovereignty." The revolutionists, continues the correspondent, also promise to raise a revolt in Kwang Tung in the middle of February and to expel the Manchus in the event of Manchuria being abandoned. The danger, however, is said to be wavering between Russian offers of protection and the promises of other powers to support China against aggression; but the predominant party, it is asserted, is preparing strenuously to resist Russia and has ordered the enlistment of half a million new troops and the massing of regiments in the north. The court, in the meanwhile, it is added, continues its preparations for flight to Sian Fu.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 4.—Advice received here from Korea says that the feeling of panic is general there and a depression prevails at all the seaports, where massacres of foreigners eventually are apprehended. The Europeans are preparing to send their families to Shanghai. Every steamer from Japan is added, conveys to Korea many Japanese officers and soldiers in disguise and their presence in such numbers is regarded by the Koreans as being a secret occupation of Korea. Sixty doctors have left St. Petersburg during the last few days for Harbin, Manchuria.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, has been informed by his government of the departure of the Russian fleet from Port Arthur. Nothing is said about its destination.

London, Feb. 4.—A dispatch to the Central News Agency from Seoul, Korea, says that about 600 Russian troops have sailed from Port Arthur, and will endeavor to land at Chemulpo, the port of Seoul, tomorrow.

Seoul, Feb. 4.—The Russian battleship Orel, the transport Suranoff and three torpedo boat destroyers sailed today for the far East.

Paris, Feb. 4.—The foreign office here expedite definite information today concerning the Russian reply, but the failure to receive advice is construed as meaning that the document is not ready. In the meantime the French officials consider that the very great naval and military activity of Russia is equivalent to a declaration that the response will constitute Russia's last word.

BIG OCEAN LINER HAS MOST
TEMPESTUOUS PASSAGE ACROSS

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse Arrives Forty-Eight
Hours Late and Reports Her Trip Across Atlantic
One of Unusual Severity.

New York, Feb. 4.—A wireless telegraph dispatch from Nantuxet light-ship says the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which will dock this morning, which will dock this morning, developed forty-eight hours late, experienced a most tempestuous voyage across the Atlantic, but all on board were reported well.

Soon after the departure from Cherbourg the vessel ran into a heavy southeaster. Throughout Thursday and Friday the gale continued, with now and then a hail squall rapping hard on deck. The gale broke on Saturday noon, but left behind a gigantic swell. Sunday found the ship struggling with another furious gale. This finally blew itself out, and then came another, which, toward midnight, developed into a cyclone. The bow of the vessel was swung straight into the wind, and there she lay for three hours, great seas breaking over her.

Capt. Cuypers remained on the bridge constantly until the storm passed. No person was injured and no great alarm was felt among the passengers. Beyond the breaking of some ventilator tops, the vessel suffered no damage.

MASONIC CHAPTER LOSES CHARTER

New York, Feb. 4.—The success of a well-known gambler in gaining membership to Masonic circles, which caused a sensation among members of the order when it became known, has caused the withdrawal of the charter from Mount Zion chapter 231. This action has just been taken by the grand chapter of Royal Arch Masons in session at Albany. All the members of the chapter who were personally interested in the episode, will be tried and undoubtedly expelled. Mount Zion chapter is left without a Masonic home, but its innocent members can affiliate with another chapter.

SCHAFFER MYSTERY NEAR SOLUTION

Bedford, Ind., Feb. 4.—It is believed the mystery of the murder of Miss Sarah Schaffer is about to be solved, that the crime rests on a prominent business man not formerly suspected. The motive of the crime was to secure letters. The suspect is trying to escape. A close guard has been placed on all outgoing trains. Late communications from Elkhart to Mayor Smith are said to be of vast importance in placing the guilt on a Bedford man. The boarders at Mrs. Martha Johnson's boarding house are receding threats, with intimidating result, that they obstruct evidence. An official in a high position states positively that the mystery is unraveled and an arrest will follow as soon as the prisoner can be safely taken out of town.



Are you ready? for the grand opera season?

We have everything that is proper.

Dress Suits	\$30 to \$60
Tuxedo Suits	\$20 to \$45
White Vests	\$2 to \$7
Dress Shields	\$1.50 to \$3
Opera Hats	\$6 to \$8
Dress Gloves	\$1.50 to \$3
Silk Hats	\$8 to \$10
White Ties	25c
Dress Shoes	\$5 and \$6
Black Silk Ties	50c

M. S. BURROWS,

Everything in Proper Dress for Men and Boys.

ADMITTS HE KNEW IT

L. C. Harris Told Jury
Mr. Leland Knew of
Insolvency.

Later He Withdrew This
Statement—Mr. Le-
land on Trial.

Luther C. Harris, one of Charles F. Leland's attorneys, made a statement of his client's case to the jury this morning, in which he said Mr. Leland knew he was insolvent August 2, 1893, at which time he discovered the defalcation by the bookkeeper, and that he knew he was insolvent, but thought it the best policy to use every possible means to raise the amount of money necessary to keep the bank from closing its doors.

The admission of Mr. Leland's knowledge of his insolvency at a date preceding August 12, when the bank closed, came in the nature of a surprise and County Attorney McClintock quickly seized upon it.

During the examination of Mr. Leland, in his own behalf, and after an admission had been made to the jury that he was insolvent August 2, 1893, when the bank closed, Mr. McClintock asked that Mr. Harris' statement relative to the admission of insolvency by Mr. Leland be put on record.

"I want it on record," said Mr. McClintock, "that counsel admitted in his statement to the jury that Mr. Leland knew he was insolvent August 2, 1893, when the bank closed, and that he knew he was insolvent, but thought it the best policy to use every possible means to raise the amount of money necessary to keep the bank from closing its doors."

"The law gives the jury no discretion in such a case," continued Mr. McClintock. "It does not recognize any other policy. It is a matter of fact. The jury cannot keep his bank open, to determine how the bank should be run. They are to decide whether he was solvent or insolvent and knew it. He admitted that he was insolvent and knew it."

"I withdrew my statement that he knew he was insolvent," said Mr. Harris, "and will admit that he knew his affairs were in a bad way."

"I take it," said Mr. McClintock, "that the jury will understand that anything stated before it was part of this case."

At the testimony for the prosecution was completed yesterday and when the state rested Mr. Harris moved that the court direct a verdict in favor of Mr. Leland on the ground that the state had not proved the offense.

Mr. Harris based his argument on a technicality in law. He claimed that the law of 1893, which made it a crime for a banker to receive deposits after knowing he was insolvent, states two separate offenses. One offense is that the banker receives a deposit and the other is that he permits or consents to a deposit being received.

Mr. Harris claimed that there were two separate indictable offenses and that the proof showing Mr. Leland did not receive the deposits but permitted them to be made, he was not properly indicted.

Argument for the state was made by Assistant County Attorney W. G. Crosby.

The court denied the motion, and Mr. Harris stated Mr. Leland's case to the jury. He told of the discovery of the defalcation by Walter Richards, the cashier, August 3, and Mr. Leland of the state of affairs. Reference was made to the conference between Mr. Leland and his cashier and between the two and J. P. Johnson, a conversation in which he claimed Mr. Johnson urged that Mr. Leland keep his bank open if he possibly could and that he, Johnson, would do all he could to make good the shortage, he decided to keep the bank open.

Mr. Leland's trip to New York to see Charles A. Towne, then to Lansing, Mich., and back to Duluth were referred to as showing his efforts to raise the money necessary to keep the bank from closing.

Mr. Harris claimed that it was about

Grand Mask Ball

Monday evening, Feb. 8, Tug Firemen's Association, 601 Fulton street, 8:30. In costumes. Tickets 50c. Robert's orchestra. Fisher, prompter.

RAILROAD NEWS

Next Summer May See
Second Omaha Train
Put On.

Pulpwood Shippers Short
of Cars—Passenger
Rate Trouble.

At some date early in the summer the Omaha road will, according to information received in Duluth, either change its present time schedule between the head of the lakes and Chicago or put on a new train and run two trains daily between those points.

The recent reports to the effect that the Omaha people were going to change the schedule immediately grew out of the fact that since the first of the year the officials of the road have been figuring on a train which will take care of the Louisiana Purchase exposition business, and have made their plans known to a few persons who are interested at the head of the lakes.

The Omaha connections at Chicago at present are good for the exposition business, inasmuch as the train which leaves here for the exposition arrives in Chicago early enough for through passengers to catch the morning trains out of Chicago for St. Louis, and in fact other points east and west.

The time of leaving Chicago, which is at 12 o'clock at night, does not satisfy the traveling public, but it cannot be changed at present, owing to the mail contents which the road holds. Some change will be made by the road about June 1, but what that change will be is not known.

The expositions business which will come by way of the lakes from the east is an enormous one, and it is causing much speculation these days on the part of railroad officials. It is thought that the road will have advantages of traveling comfortably by water will have its charm to a large portion of those who are going to the exposition, and that this will be a record-breaking year for the number of visitors which will come to Duluth.

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the Northwest and the East in several years.

Local representatives of lines which have always made a strong bid for Eastern business are awaiting the result of the meeting of the association with interest, and are anticipating instructions from their respective headquarters which will mean a sharp fight for the traffic.

West Looks Well.
C. D. Thompson, general agent of the Great Northern road, returned last night from a three weeks' trip to the Pacific coast, during which he visited all of the principal cities north of San Francisco and noted the business conditions.

According to Mr. Thompson's statements, very large city on the coast and within the borders of the coast states shows a healthy commercial growth, and there are no indications of this growth will cease.

All of the Western cities, Seattle is at present winning in the race for commercial supremacy, the Alaskan trade giving her a great handicap in the way of shipping and finance.

GETS INTO TROUBLE.
Guileless Austrian Finds Himself in a Fix.

Phillip Aukale, an Austrian, was arrested by the police last evening for attempting to pass a forged check which he had found on the street.

The check was for the sum of \$30.50. The check was placed at what was thought to be a safe place, but it was found by the police and the man was arrested.

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SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Final Riddance of Dress Goods Remnants Tomorrow—Two Lots

Lot 1—10 Cents.
All kinds of Remnants of plain and fancy dress goods that sold from 25c to \$1.00 the yard.

Lot 2—35 cents.
Longer lengths and better goods suitable for waists, skirts and children's dresses. Goods that sold as high as \$2.50 the yard.

TOMORROW ONLY.
Remember, this is the last great remnant opportunity of the season.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

AN ELDORADO IN ECUADOR. Found by Financing a Gold Mining Company.

Startling revelations of the mineral wealth of Ecuador are made in a suit for an accounting brought by Otis S. Sage against the directors of the Playa de Oro Mining company, which is pending in the supreme court of New York.

The suit is brought by the directors of the Playa de Oro Mining company, which is pending in the supreme court of New York.

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CONCERT

Friday evening, Feb. 5, at the Endon M. E. church. Vocalists—Mrs. Gough and Mr. Griffith. Pianists—Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Stephenson. Reader—Mrs. Powell.

REMARKABLE BARGAINS Will Be Offered When Hub Clothing Store Reopens.

People are eagerly awaiting the announcement of the re-opening of the Hub Clothing Store, which has been closed for some time to allow the insurance men to adjust the loss sustained by the store.

The store will be re-opened, Mr. Hub has announced, and will be located at the time of the fire was one of the largest in the history of the store.

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HOTEL SPALDING

West 43rd Street, Just Off Broadway,
NEW YORK.

Transient and Family Hotel.
Absolutely Fireproof. 300 ROOMS. 200 BATHS.
All rooms lighted by natural light.
Holland Cafe. Louis XVI Restaurant. Palm Garden.
MUSIC NOON AND EVENINGS.
3 blocks from Grand Central Station. 3 passenger elevators.
Center of theater and business district.
Running ice water in all apartments. Complete in every detail.

John H. Langton (Formerly of Duluth) Manager

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY,

Both Phones. Providence Building, 4th Avenue West and Superior Street.

COME TO THE UP-TO-DATE BOOKSTORE FOR

1904 OFFICE SUPPLIES.

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 West Superior St.

YOUR ONLY WORK IS THE CRUST.

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

In 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.

BRYAN IN KENTUCKY

Speaks at Memorial Exercises For Late William Goebel.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 4.—W. J. Bryan spoke last night by invitation of the Kentucky legislature to a crowd that filled the capitol theater, while many were turned away.

Both bodies of the general assembly adjourned yesterday and held memorial services in honor of William E. Goebel, in the hall of the house of representatives.

Mr. Bryan and several members of the legislature made eulogistic addresses and an original poem was read. Religious services at the graves were conducted by Dr. Arnold.

Mr. Bryan was introduced by Governor Beckham, who, in presenting him, said that though twice defeated, he was the best loved citizen in public life.

Mr. Bryan was warmly received. Before he spoke the lights were dimmed and for an instant and as they returned a life size picture of William Goebel came into view, which was cheered.

Bryan, in his address, compared Henry Watterson, the Louisville editor, to the Greek character in "Quo Vadis," who after a life of crime and villainy, at the end of his life, said, "I, too, am a Christian." He said he believed Watterson would yet repent and be a Democrat.

Referring to Goebel, Bryan said his murder was accompanied by enormous influences that had determined he should never be governor. He said the man who wrote Goebel he should never be governor, is alive now, and his name is mentioned in connection with the chairmanship of the Democratic national committee.

He devoted some time to Grover Cleveland, saying McKim's indictment of Cleveland in which he said Cleveland made money the master of man, he believed was correctly drawn.

Bryan said he did not want a reorganization of the Democratic party, because he did not want the party to take the chance of falling into the hands of the money power.

Commercialism in politics, he declared, was now the greatest menace to the country. He said he heard of one precinct in Delaware where all the voters bought and one auctioned off brought \$50.

He said the money question was no more dead now than it was in 1896 and discussed at length trusts and monopolies that he said are being fostered under the Republican policy.

He also scored President Roosevelt's policy toward Cuba, and on the Panama question.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Miss Rose McHugh, aged 10, is dead at New London, Wis. She was born in Ireland, and lived in three centuries. She came to America when 2 years of age, and lived at Johnston, Pa., and also at Pittsburgh, coming to Wisconsin in 1834.

John H. Miller, of Chillicothe, Ohio, county auditor, married, aged 33, brooded over political criticism and committed suicide Wednesday in the rear room of the auditor's office. He was recorder of the Chillicothe Knights Templar for many years and was former manager of the Western Union office there.

The senate has confirmed the following nominations: J. C. Hill, Connecticut, consul at San Juan del Norte, Nicaragua. Postmaster, Wisconsin—Walter C. Crocker, Spooner. Charles Lewiston.

SHORTAGE OF CARS PRESIDENT TALKS

Pulpwood Cutters Complain of Trouble in Shipping. Delivers Short Address to Members of the G. A. R.

Must Get Wood to the Market to Get Money. Was Guest of Honor at Department of Potomac Banquet.

Washington, Feb. 4.—President Roosevelt, Gen. John C. Black, the commander-in-chief of the Grand Army; Secretary Taft, Gen. Nelson A. Miles and other well-known officials were guests of honor at the banquet last night to the department of the Potomac of the Grand Army of the Republic.

The president arrived at the banquet hall shortly after 10 o'clock and was given a cordial reception. He listened to a patriotic speech by Gen. Black and then was introduced to the large assembly by Thomas S. Hopkins, the toastmaster of the evening.

The president spoke for about half an hour. He paid a tribute to the Grand Army and its work, and in a general way to the duties of citizenship and of the lessons taught by the civil war.

He said that he had seen the veterans of the war, taught the remainder of us a simple lesson for peace as well as for war. He made no difference to the veteran whether a man occupied a high position in the army or whether he served as a private. All you asked, he said, was whether he did his duty.

If he did you held up your right hand of fellowship to him. The president spoke of the lessons taught us by the war, and declared that in the army, after all, the greatest vital point was the fact of the high average of individual worth in the rank and file. It was just the same with our citizenship. It is the high quality of average citizenship which establishes the standard of the republic in peace.

Each citizen must be able to carry his own weight and yet in addition must have the power of acting in co-operation with his fellows to the common end. Further on in his remarks the president spoke substantially as follows:

Remember that in the last analysis the only way in which any man can be permanently helped is by helping him to help himself. That is the fundamental law in the development of our American life. I thank you particularly for giving me this chance to address you. I wish to say, in closing, on behalf of the younger men, that we would indeed be pretty poor characters if we did not feel it obligatory on us in peace, and if need should arise in war, to try in some degree to rise toward the standard which you, the veterans of the great civil war, have established for us alike in peace and war.

In the beginning of his speech the president said he had made it a point because of the pressure of official duties not to accept social invitations since the coming season.

More telegraph and telephone poles are also being taken out than a year ago, and the demand for a good telegraph and telephone poles is as great as ever. The president said that he had made it a point because of the pressure of official duties not to accept social invitations since the coming season.

GAVE LIFE FOR ANOTHER. Engineer of Tank Steamer Overcome by Fumes.

New Orleans, Feb. 4.—In attempting to save the life of a sailor named Peter Hansen, George Stadler, engineer of the oil steamer Northtown, from Port Arthur, lost his life yesterday. Several other men were prostrated by the fumes, but Stadler, who was alone in the hold to repair a valve and was overcome, and Stadler volunteered to go to the assistance of Hansen. He succeeded in tying a rope around the sailor and the latter was dragged to the deck, but Stadler in the meantime fell unconscious and died in a few minutes. Seven men went into the hold in an effort to get Stadler, but were driven out by the fumes.

Mrs. C. H. Jennings, Boston—"Our babies (twins) were sickly. Had several doctors, but no results. Rocky Mountain Tea cured them. One box, 35 cents. Ask your druggist."

TOWN OFFICERS ARRESTED. Wausau, Wis., Officials Are Charged With Forgery.

Wausau, Wis., Feb. 4.—Several of the officers of the town of Pine Lake have been arrested on the complaint of the president of the Bank of Wittenberg, R. W. Roberts, on charges of forgery. For several years, it is alleged, these officers have carried on a system of forgery by collecting money from different parties on illegally drawn orders.

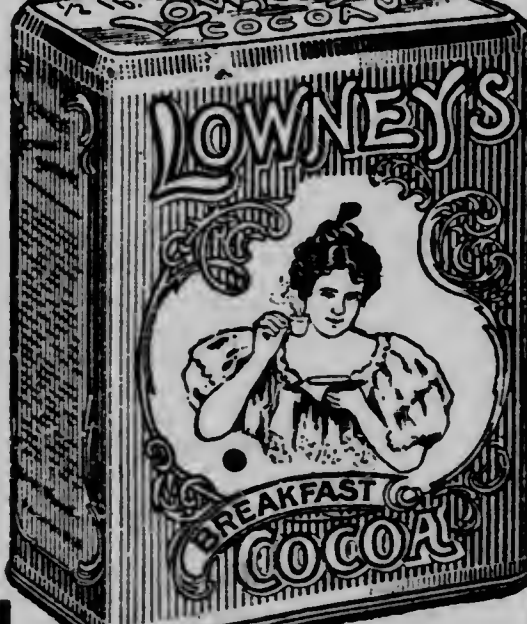
Recently about \$2000 of these orders fell into the hands of the Wittenberg bank for collection, when an investigation showed them to be worthless. The bank brought suit against the town for recovery, but Judge Silverthorn held that as the orders were forged, the town was not liable, and upon this declaration the arrests were made.

Morning, Noon and Night, Chicago-New York Trains. Leave Chicago union station daily over Pennsylvania Short lines as follows: 10:05 a. m., 1 o'clock p. m., 3 o'clock p. m., 4 o'clock p. m., 7 o'clock p. m., 10 o'clock p. m. Two routes: The Fort Wayne, the shortest, line East; or the Pan Handle, the lower fare route. Inquire of C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., No. 2 Sherman street, Chicago, for further information.

STRIKE AT MENASHA. Menasha, Wis., Feb. 4.—The plant of the Menasha Woodenware company, the biggest factory of its kind in the world, was closed yesterday by a strike resulting from a cut last week in the pay of the mill foremen. The foremen are paid a given rate for each 1000 pallets made, and employ other men to do the actual work. The company last week cut the price \$30 per 1000, and the strike is the result. The men, at a meeting, began to consider the formation of a union. Nearly 1000 men are involved.

Gold Medal

At Pan-American Exposition



Unlike Any Other!

The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute Purity of Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

Lowney's Cocoa is the finest possible product of the choicest Cocoa Beans.

The Lowney Cocoa Book tells how to make Chocolate, Cocoa, Caramel, Candy, etc., at home. Sent free. The Walter H. Lowney Co., Boston, Mass.

Uneda Biscuit

Enough Said

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

which made them able to stand the march and battle, and the long weary months of inaction that were more trying than marching or battle." Col. John E. Irish of San Francisco made a speech strongly upholding the president's attitude on the Panama question, and saying that Mr. Roosevelt was one whom the people of coming generations would honor for implanting American law, order and justice on the isthmus.

Representative Grant talked on "The Greater Republic." Gen. Miles paid a high compliment to Secretary Taft, and assured him he could rely on the support of every officer on the active and retired list. Secretary Taft spoke of and complimented the work of the army in the Philippines, of the high quality of the enlisted man, and of his individuality in citizenship which made him more valuable as a soldier.

Remarks also were made by Admiral Bartlett, Corporal James Turner and Gen. Harris of the District of Columbia.

A DENIAL BY GROSVENOR Of Any Connection With the National Biographical Association.

New York, Feb. 4.—A Washington dispatch to the Herald says: Gen. Charles H. Grosvenor, Representative from Ohio, gave an emphatic statement denying any connection whatever with a scheme for publishing a book of biographies of prominent men, which, it is said, is being worked among well-known men in Washington this winter by a firm known as the National Biographical Association, which gives Gen. Grosvenor's name great prominence on its letter heads as editor-in-chief.

Gen. Grosvenor said that he had never been connected with the publication of a New York newspaper of an expose of the alleged scheme under the caption of "His Last Great Gift," and charging that Gen. Grosvenor is personally interested.

When seen Gen. Grosvenor said: "I have absolutely no connection with this matter, and do not know anything about it. I was looking into the matter a little today with an idea of seeing what was being done, but I can learn the scope of whatever operations the company may be engaged in has been vastly exaggerated. I do not know this man Montague, who is said to be the manager. I never saw him in my life and never knew of any business arrangements with him in any way."

"This same attack was made upon me last year from the same source in connection with a publication known as the 'Lives of Presidents.' I wrote the sketches in that book for a stated sum, and had no other interest in the venture whatever. My name was used absolutely without my knowledge and consent in that undertaking, and I made a total denial of any connection with it, as I do now with this affair."

Last year I made settlement with A. P. T. Elder, who was associated with me in the 'Lives of Presidents' book, and had signed papers showing that all our accounts were settled. The settlement was made at a great loss to myself. I helped Mr. Elder out in this matter because he came from my own district, and I was interested in doing what I could for him. I put some hard work on the literary work and naturally took some loss. This man Montague, who was entirely personal, and that he knew the cause of it and was prepared to meet it.

PROPOSED NEW RAILROAD. Great Northern Engineers Are Making a Survey.

Crookston, Minn., Feb. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—A crew of Great Northern civil engineers have been working on the old Pelican Rapids line, which the Great Northern proposed several years ago and abandoned after doing a considerable amount of structural work. They have started at Red Lake Falls and have run their lines almost directly

south through Dugdale. Thence, paralleling the Northern Pacific, it will cross the line near Lake Park and continue across the White Earth reservation to Pelican Rapids. At Pelican Rapids the new line will connect with the Pelican Rapids-Pelican Rapids line and will form an almost direct air line from Fergus Falls to Red Lake Falls, and will tap one of the richest agricultural territories in the state. It will, if built, head off, in a measure, a large portion of the traffic which the Soo expects to get from its extension.

MUCH INTEREST IN ORE PRICES A Great Deal Depends on Rates to Be Fixed.

New York, Feb. 4.—Commenting upon conditions in the iron trade the Iron Age says in its issue today: A good deal of interest attaches to the meeting at Cleveland tomorrow of the miners and shippers of lake ores, at which prices for the coming season of 1904-1905 are to be discussed. Sales for the next season have been exceedingly high this far and the condition of the pig iron market is such that merchant furnaces will need tempting figures before they take hold.

Furnaces on the lake shore and in the Central West are making low figures. Reports of \$12 for No. 2, at furnace, are current. The steel corporation is blowing in additional steel, and the lake ore is in increased production over requirements. Specifications for steel are coming in at a more lively rate and tonnage is increasing. The quantity of orders from the railroads has brought to grief a very long established pool of lake ore. The lake ore is in a very low state of demand. Reports from wire and tube trades confirm the outlook.

A somewhat better volume of business is coming out in plates and in structural materials.

OUTRAGES BY YAQUI. Savages Hold Up Stage and Kill Six Occupants.

Denver, Feb. 4.—A News special from Guaymas, Mexico, says: Passengers arriving from Ortiz, brought the first news of a terrible outrage committed by Yaqui Indians. The stage which runs between Ortiz and Las Cruces was held up by savages. Among them were Salvador Flores and his nephew, Francisco Flores, both prominent in Sonora. According to the recollection of Francisco Flores, who did not escape until he was picked up by a party of Yaquis, traveling in the opposite direction, a detachment of mounted troops from the garrison at Ortiz has gone in pursuit of the Indians.

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BROKERS IN TROUBLE. Bolton, De Ruyter & Co. Are Embarrassed.

San Francisco, Feb. 4.—Bolton De Ruyter & Co., general commission brokers in grain, provisions, stocks and bonds have sent out notice calling for a meeting of creditors today. The suspension of the firm, which conducted quite a large business over the wires with Chicago and New York, is practically announced. As yet the amount involved is not known but it is believed the sum will approximate \$200,000. The losses, it is said, will fall chiefly on

"It's proof of high culture to say the greatest matters in the simplest way."—EMERSON.

Uneda Biscuit

Enough Said

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

local customers. The firm's embarrassment began, it is said, when the failure of Sharp & Ryan of New York took place in September last, as it was the correspondent of the New York house here. According to the lawyer representing Bolton De Ruyter & Co., the members of that firm exhausted their resources on that occasion to meet unexpected losses and protect their creditors. In addition, he says that the firm discovered yesterday that a subordinate had, without the consent or authority of the house, extended large credits to local customers.

BRITT OBJECTS To Corbett Fighting Sullivan Before His Match.

San Francisco, Feb. 4.—Young Corbett has signed articles to meet Dave Sullivan here the end of this month. Corbett is also matched to meet Jimmy Britt of this city March 15. When Britt heard of Corbett's action today he declared that the Corbett-Britt match would not take place. Corbett, however, has already posted a \$2500 forfeit to meet Corbett and the agreement does not prohibit Corbett meeting any opponent before March 15.

DANCED TO MUSIC. Sweet Strains of Which They Heard Not.

New York, Feb. 4.—To the strains of music they could not hear 40 dancers belonging to the Deaf Mutes' club, of Brooklyn, tripped the light fantastic in Liederkreis hall, Brooklyn, with as much enjoyment as their more favored brethren who depend on hearing the music. The dance rather than feel its vibrations.

The occasion was the second annual musical convention of the Deaf Mutes' club, which was held at Liederkreis hall, Brooklyn, with as much enjoyment as their more favored brethren who depend on hearing the music. The dance rather than feel its vibrations.

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ADVANCED STEEL

**But the General Market
Was Dull and Closed
Weak.**

Prices Fell Sharply In Late Dealings on War Talk.

New York, Feb. 26.—Very light opening transactions in the stock market today carried the average of prices a small fraction lower than last night. Declines of 1/8 cent or more were noted in 10 of the most conspicuous changes. One or two of the southwestern, Erie and U. S. Steel hardened a shade.

There was a slight further slump in cotton there was a spilling out of stocks all around the room and a further decline in the price of the market. In Brooklyn Transit, Metropolitan Securities, Sugar, the realty stocks, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Erie, the Erie first pref., Delaware & Hudson lost 1/8 cent, the Erie second pref. 1/4 cent, the Erie third pref. 1/2 cent.

There was a gain of 1/8 cent by Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & St. Louis, and 2 by Ailes-Chalmers pref., United States Steel, and the Erie second pref. The market after over last night, when the market was 1/8 cent higher.

With the rally in the cotton market, the price of the market was 1/8 cent higher, level and slightly above in a few cases. U. S. Steel paid touched 65, reading first time in the market. The market was 1/8 cent higher. There were losses in Detroit Southern, Erie, Erie first pref., Erie second pref., Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Erie first pref., Erie second pref., Erie third pref. Bonds were irregular at noon.

The market hardened slowly about 1/8 cent in the afternoon. The market was 1/8 cent higher in sympathy with the market. The market was 1/8 cent higher. Paper preferred lost 1/8 cent. Bag preferred 3/8 cent.

The notice from the secretary of trans-

Stocks—	High	Low
Amalgamated Copper.....	48 1/2	45
Am. Copper & Zinc.....	10 1/2	10
Anacosta.....	12 1/2	12
Athenian, Top. & S. E.....	12 1/2	12
Baltimore & O.....	90	89 1/2
Chicago & North Western.....	82 1/2	82 1/2
Canadian Pacific.....	118	117 1/2
Chicago & Alton.....	38	38
Chicago & Great Lakes.....	38	38
Chic. Rock Island & P.....	24 1/2	24 1/2
Colorado Fuel & Iron.....	23 1/2	23 1/2
Consolidated Gas.....	27 1/2	27 1/2
Electric.....	172	172
General Electric.....	172	172
Louisville & Nashville.....	105 1/2	105 1/2
Metropolitan St. Ry.....	119	118 1/2
Missouri Pacific.....	92 1/2	91 1/2
Norfolk & Western.....	105 1/2	105 1/2
Peoples Gas.....	109	109
Reading.....	66 1/2	66 1/2
Southern Steel and Iron.....	49 1/2	49 1/2
Southern Pacific.....	49 1/2	49 1/2
Tennessee Coal and Iron.....	37 1/2	37 1/2
Union Pacific.....	80 1/2	80 1/2
United States Leather.....	114	114

do pfd.	56	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	55 $\frac{1}{2}$
Wabash	20	19 $\frac{3}{4}$	19 $\frac{3}{4}$
Wisconsin Central	19 $\frac{1}{4}$	19 $\frac{1}{4}$	19 $\frac{1}{4}$
do pfd.	43 $\frac{3}{4}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{4}$
Northern Securities, 92	bid: 92 $\frac{1}{2}$	asked.	

The total sales were 501.100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP. Chicago Record-Herald gossip: A man who has made money entirely by figures in investment values says: "I study that the Sugar company will soon transfer to its own name about \$45,000,000 of the best sugar lands in Cuba, which have been purchased recently. The stock will be sold at a profit and the money will be turned into the name of the American Sugar Refining company. Later I look to see a handsome stock dividend declared upon American Sugar Refining company shares."

There will be no further move made in the matter until a consolidation of the two companies can be effected. It is expected that this will be accomplished by the end of the week commencing on Saturday, at which time President Thompson of the Republic of Steel will be in the city. Several informal conferences will be held with the representatives of the two companies, headed by the Sloss and Tennessee companies, and the absence of Mr. Thompson will not, it can be combined, be stated as a hindrance. In the proposed combine appear to be a number of advantages to the Republic of Steel, such as the fact that the Tennessee company is a few weeks or a month ago a director of the Department of a large manufacturing company. The proposed combine will show signs of increasing in the near future. Nearly all of the increase in the net earnings of the Tennessee company for the year ending in 1914, and the annual statement to be submitted at the meeting of the company, probably will show a further increase in the net earnings of the preceding year, when the company earned \$1,000,000.

It is reported that the American Sugar Company, which has been in the business of refining sugar since last August invested \$20,000,000 in the purchase of land in the good seasons of cheap

[illegible]

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

SOUTH, MISSISSA & NORTHERN RY.		SOUTH, MISSISSA & NORTHERN RY.	
A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
7:50	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv.	10:15	3:25
8:00	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv.	10:00	3:10
10:12	Ar. M'n 'Nct'n Lv.	8:01	1:11
10:40	Ar. M'n Iron. Lv.		12:20
10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	6:55	12:50
10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
11:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	-----	12:34
11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	-----	12:12
11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:11

except Sunday.

ing train from Duluth makes direct con-
at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry.
awa and points north of Virginia.

uth and Iron Range R R

TH	STATIONS	M. P. M.
3:15 P.M.	Duluth	12:00 6:30
7:35 A.M.	Virginia	7:55 2:50
7:40 A.M.	Fewellth Coast	7:50 2:55
8:10 A.M.	Fly	1:15 1:55
*Daily, except Sundays. P. M. P. M.		

Great Northern.

m	ST. PAUL AND	9:25 p.m.
m	MINNEAPOLIS	2:00 p.m.
m	Crookston, Grand Forks	6:10 a.m.
m	St. Cloud, Moorhead	7:10 a.m.
m	Neenah, Hibbing, Virginia	12:20 p.m.
m	St. Cloud, Moorhead	1:25 p.m.
*Daily, except Sunday.		
Sleepers ready at 4:00 p.m. Dining Sleeping Cars		

North Shore & Atlantic Ry.

Office, 402 Spaulding 10th Block, bet. 4th & 5th

m	Ly. North Country Mall, Ar.	8:55 a.m.
All Points East.		
m	LOCAL	Ar. 8:00 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.		
*Daily. *Except Sunday.		

ERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

m	Ashtaband East	11:15 a.m.
m	Ashtaband	11:15 a.m.
m	Min. and Dakota Express	7:55 a.m.
m	St. Paul Limited	2:10 p.m.
m	Duluth Short Line.	Arrive
m	ST. PAUL	6:30 p.m.
m	MINNEAPOLIS	7:00 p.m.
*Daily. *Except Sunday.		
Chicago, Detroit and St. West Superior Street		

NORTHWESTERN LINE.		Arrive Duluth
*Daily. †Ex. Sunday		
.m. St. Paul, Minneapolis.	13:05 p.m.	
.m. Twilight Limited.	9:45 p.m.	
.m. Chicago, Milwaukee.	10:55 a.m.	
.m. Appleton.	10:55 a.m.	
.m. Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	10:55 a.m.	
.m. FAST MAIL.	10:55 a.m.	
Sleepers. Free Chair Cars, Dining Car		
<p>ITS OBTAINED FOR INVENTORS. Watson, specialist, Palladio bldg.</p>		
<p>ITH'S LEADING HOTELS</p>		

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
BEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
phone in every room. One block from
s and Docks. Capacity 400.
Plan \$2.50 up. European Plan \$1 up.

Hotel McKay
First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S
European
Hotel H.J. Cook,
MGR.

the Tecumseh
318-320 West Second Street.
dollar-a-day hotel in the city.
Everything First-class.

ONS ON APPLICATION FOR
STRATION OF LAND—
of Minnesota, County of St. Louis
District Court, Eleventh Judicial
ct.
Adolph Bade, applicant to
registered the land situated in the
of St. Louis and state of Minne-
described as follows;
umbered one (1) and
in block eighty six,
West Duluth, Second
n, St. Louis county,
ota, according to the
nd plat thereof.

vs.
Foubiester, Angus Mc
Donald, Christie McDonald,
Jacob McDonald, Jacob
McDonald, E. G. Wallinder,
Angus McDonald, Ar
thur McDonald, The
Packing Company
Emil Tessonman,
and Bellevue, co
as Tessonman &
au, and all other
s or parties unknown,
ing any right, title,
lien or interest in
al estate described
application herein.
Defendants.


of Minnesota to the above-
defendants:
are hereby summoned and re-
answer the application of the
plaintiff in the above entitled
on for registration and to file
your answer to the said appli-
the office of the clerk of said
said county, within twenty days
service of the day summons upon
clusive of the day of such ser-
and if you fail to answer the said
within the time aforesaid, the
plaintiff in this action will
the court for the relief demand-
application herein.
J. P. Johnson, clerk of said

J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.
By **H. A. LIEDEL,**
Deputy.
Dist. Ct., St. Louis county, Minn.)
Evening Herald — Jan. 28, Feb.
4.

**{ The best costs no more than
the inferior kinds. }**

**BEUSER-BUSCH AND
CO.'S BEER** Sold in Duluth

ARNESS
ALL HORSE GOODS
Best Prices Always at
ANTON & WHITE CO.'S



[illegible]

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"BE A FORCE IN YOUR FIELD == STAND FOR SOMETHING"

If you deserve more salary and you're sure it's YOUR BOSS' FAULT that you don't get it, watch The Herald's "Help Wanted" Column for something better in your particular line. The employer relies upon it to secure him efficient help.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.

Two six-room houses, Superior street, near Twelfth avenue west.
10 acres near pump house.
Houses at Lakeside, \$1000 up.
Lots on Park Point, exclusive lists.
Acres, from \$500 up.

FOR RENT.

Three modern six-room flats at 1925-7 West Third street. Heat and light furnished.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.,

303 Lonsdale Bldg.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

5% MONEY TO LOAN

\$1000 will buy half a block, eight lots, 50x140 each, in Lakeside, only four blocks from car line. These lots are well worth \$50 each.

\$900 will buy a lot on upper side Fifth street, near Fifth avenue.

\$2250 will buy a seven-room house and lot, 45x100, St. Croix avenue.

\$1000 will buy one of the finest corners, 10x140, on London road.

\$4000 buys new modern, brick residence, East End. Monthly payment plan.

Julius D. Howard & Co.

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

West End Properties For Sale

LOT ON LOWER SIDE OF THIRD ST., between Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues. West 65x120 feet in area, near street cars and business district—only \$600.

NO. 165 WEST SUPERIOR STREET—Fifty-foot lot and small house. Fronts on street car line and convenient to railroad yards—price \$1400.

NO. 116 PARK AVENUE—Large house, arranged for a family, and small street cars and business district—only \$2100.

CORNER FORTY-FIFTH AND MAGELAN AVENUES—Six lots, 30x120 feet in area, eight-room house recently repaired at cost of \$400—only \$2100.

Will try to make terms to suit on each of above properties.

N. J. UPHAM CO.

Zenth Phone 847. 400 BURROWS BLDG.

Do You Carry Any Fire Insurance

on your household goods? If not, call on us and we will promptly write you up in solid and substantial fire insurance companies—lowest rates. Opening the new hour and until 6 o'clock p. m. Telephone number, 333, either phone.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

No. 1 Exchange Building.

FIRST STREET BUSINESS LOT

Upper Side of West First Street at \$50.00 Per Foot Below Price of Adjoining Property.

Look this up at once.

GEO. R. LAYBURN, 14 Phoenix Bldg.

takes two large houses and corner lot in central part of city, paying 10 per cent on investment.

\$1750 takes fine 10x140 corner lot, Fifth street, very cheap.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Lakeside Bldg.

\$550 buys cottage on Duluth Heights, 30 cash, \$10 monthly.

\$1600 buys new six-room house, good condition; right down town.

\$4300 7-room house; hot water heat, stove, etc., East End.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,

Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Building, Zenth Phone 333.

\$1200 Six-room house on Helm street—water and sewer in street. \$200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

\$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x100, in good neighborhood.

\$7500 condition; close, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

Chicken Farms

If you are intending to start a chicken farm be sure and call at our office, 184-7-a, Providence building, before you buy. We have some very suitable places inside and out of the city limits.

GEO. H. CROSBY.

I can quickly sell for cash, without local publicity, your business, real estate or partnership, no matter where located. Send me particulars, prices, etc. Address CHAS. E. POWELL, 19 W. Mohawk St., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR LEASE

Three story and basement brick building, known as 16 and 18 East Michigan Street, 50 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Elevator, water, sewer, electric lights and gas—each floor has carrying capacity of 450 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession. Will sell at a bargain.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.

Lot on Superior street, near Sixteenth avenue East—price \$2500.
Three lots on Fifth street and Fifth avenue West—price \$1300.
Double corner on Twentieth avenue East, Highland Park—price \$550.
Double corner in West Duluth; central—for \$525.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,

Providence Building.

Why Loan Money at 6 per cent When You Can Get 18 per cent?

\$1800 House of ten rooms, water up and down stairs, in fine condition. Will rent every day of the year for \$30 per month. Will pay 18 per cent net on investment. Well located at West End.

\$750 50 feet fronting on Huron street, near Twenty-seventh avenue west. City water in street. A splendid purchase.

T. G. VAUGHAN,

Phone 789. 401 Lonsdale Building.

\$4500 For a good business property, two stories, size 23x75 feet. Rent for \$800 a year.

\$850 For a lot, 25x140, front on Superior and Michigan streets. Can sell 50 feet if wanted.

\$950 For eight-room house near the Bryant school and Thirtieth avenue west. Lot 25x100. Water in street. 50 cash. Balance monthly.

\$750 For a full lot on Jefferson street, near Twenty-first avenue. Water in the street. Good surroundings.

Choice building sites on Superior and First streets.

D. W. SCOTT,

10 MESABA BLOCK.

MONEY ON HAND

To Loan at Lowest Current Rates. NO DELAY.

FIRE INSURANCE

BEST IN WORLD.

H. W. COFFIN,

Manhattan Building.

5% MONEY TO LOAN

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

A BARGAIN!

An eight-room house, furnace heat, electric light, water, sewer and bath, with full size lot and all street improvements. Located on West Fourth street, near Twenty-sixth avenue.

Only \$2500

G. G. Dickerman & Co.

Alworth Building.

\$100,000

TO LOAN. Large or small amounts. Lowest current rates.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON Providence Bldg.

PARK POINT PROPERTY FOR SALE.

\$800 for a bay-side lot and four-room house for a fine shaded Lake avenue lot.

\$275 for two lots on the corner Lake Ave. and with two summer cottages.

\$650 Two furnished cottages for rent. Lots for house on short or long time. Some special bargains in cottages with the lots for lease.

W. F. LEGGETT,

506 Burrows Building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved city property—6 per cent interest—3 or 5 years' time. On or before privilege.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,

220 West Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY? DO YOU NEED CREDIT?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to farmers, people, without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY, 321 Manhattan Bldg.

Bell phone 739-R. Zenth phone 336.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE.

PIANOS, HOUSES, AGENTS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from \$10 to \$100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note, without mortgage, indorsement or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY, 26 Lakeside Bldg.

Bell phone 336. Zenth phone 333.

CASH IN ANY AMOUNTS ON PIANOS.

furniture or salary. Don't let other advertisements mislead you. Get our rates before making loans elsewhere. Quick and confidential. Metropolitan Co., Zenth phone 101. 50 Lakeside Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES.

diamonds, jewelry, and all goods of value, from \$1 up to \$1000. The old and reliable pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—

Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY LOANED ON SHIRT GUNS.

rifles and revolvers. We guarantee to take good care of your firearms and hold them one year. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH IN tracts of forty acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lagoon Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 175-8 West Michigan St. New phone, 313, old, 763-3.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, 313 West Third street. Leader of orchestra, Zenth phone 60.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 121 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix Bldg., 4th Ave. W.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TOURNEY BLDG.

E. ANGELMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Grasson, 21 West Superior street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—GOLD RING, TUESDAY AFTERNOON, between Eighteenth avenue west and West Second street and Nineteenth avenue west. Reward \$10.00. Finder to leave at Rustad & Johnson's grocery store, 184 West Superior street, for reward.

LOST—A COCKER SPANIEL, SATURDAY afternoon. Liberal reward will be paid for return to 122 East Third street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS BLDG. Best work. Moderate prices.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both phones.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU OWN BUSINESS PROPERTY you desire to sell, send description and lowest price to "Property," Herald.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffer's. HUNES.

HATS—105 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

DYE WORKS.

ZENTH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners. First-class work guaranteed. 4 East Superior street. Duluth. 26 Tower Superior.

MINES AND MINING.

FOR SALE—LIMITED NUMBER OF shares in first-class Colorado mining property, also Arizona copper and gold mines, partially developed. It will pay to investigate. M. Jacoby, 206 Manhattan building.

Home seekers and Settlers.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month round trip excursion tickets are on sale to points in the west, south and southeast at one fare plus two dollars; return limit 21 days from date of sale; stop overs allowed.

On the same dates one-way settlers tickets are on sale at a trifle more than half the regular fares.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis operates through sleeping cars and free reclining chair cars.

Call on agents for full particulars or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISLAND'S, 206 East First street.

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT, SMALL cottage on Park Point. E. 76, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist, Lakeside Bldg.

LOGGING HORSES—A large as-

sortment constantly on hand; also farm mares, general purpose horses and drivers. Look over our stock before purchasing elsewhere. The largest assortment to be found in the entire Northwest. BARKETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

We have just received two carloads of stock of line logging, chisel, on account of G. Nevins, of Winona, Minn. Our stables are located in alley, between Superior and First streets, near West End. Call and see our stock. BARKETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—TWO HOUSES AND LOTS.

21-23 East First street. House in Al condition, having large cemented cellar, sewer, water and oil, new wood shed and barn—room for eight horses. Also a lot on West End. Call on St. Paul property in part payment, if necessary. For particulars call at 31 East First street, or write S. Goldish, 25 West Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

WALNUT PIANO, \$185—RENTED SIX

months. Cash and \$5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—VARIOUS ARTICLES OF

furniture, also sewing machine. O. 24, Herald.

FOR SALE—YOUNG HORSE, SPEEDY

roadster, not for sale ladies driving. Zenth phone 404.

FOR SALE—A HORSE, SLEIGH, WAGON

and harness, cheap, on account of leaving the city. 102 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

First-class condition. Leaving city. Mrs. A. Magnus. Exhibited in heated room, Duluth Van Company, 510 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—LARGE OAK STANDING

desk, with drawers, etc., under. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME WHITE

pony, used for mail, feed's room, 1 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE, CENTRAL

location. Address E 55, Herald.

FOR SALE—HORSE, HARNESS AND

buggy. Call after 6 p. m.

FOR SALE—PINE AND CYPRESS TIM-

ber lands in tracts to suit purchaser. West-Railway-Lumber Co., Jacksonville, Fla.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

cheap. Inquire at 117 Fourth avenue east.

MAHOAGANY PIANO, \$15—GOOD AS

new. Used with \$20 cash and \$5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—MUST SELL UPRIGHT

mailed piano, or swap for anything useful. O. 35, Herald.

FOR SALE—A DRAFT HORSE, TWO

cows. Apply Catholic cemetery.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BIRCH WOOD

stock, with 1000 ft. of 4 1/2 inch cash. Call or phone 14 Torrey Building. W. C. Sherwood & Co.

FOR SALE—FOUR GOOD TEAMS.

Call on 240 and 242. Reasonable terms if sold at once. Apply at No. 44 Turley building.

OAK PIANO, \$20—ALMOST NEW—A

cheap. \$10 cash and \$5 per month. French & Bassett.

S. M. KANER HAS FRESH MILCH

cows for sale, 319 East Seventh street. Zenth phone 1287.

MAHOAGANY PIANO, \$15—USED LESS

than three months; \$10 cash and \$5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—CANDY STORE WITH

stock, with 1000 ft. of 4 1/2 inch cash and \$5 per month. French & Bassett.

SECOND-HAND ORGANS—THREE OF

them; very cheap, and on easy terms. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—LOADS OF MILKERS

and springs will arrive stock of Evan Johnson, 2605 West Helm street.

SHAKESPEARE GOLD MINING STOCK

(of Wellwood, Ont.) for sale at 800 Mining Stock exchange, 10 Portage avenue, 800, Mich.

PIKE'S POULTRY FOOD WILL BE

used in Duluth this year. A complete food. Inquire on Pike's supplies at your dealers.

JUST RECEIVED A LOAD OF

stock, with 1000 ft. of 4 1/2 inch cash and \$5 per month. French & Bassett.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 121 Ogden avenue, Superior.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 426.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MAY INMAN, STUDIO, 21 WEST Second street. Lessons given in china and glass decorating, pyrography, water color and oil painting. Orders taken.

LAND EXCHANGE.

NEWELL & NEWELL—WE BUY, SELL and exchange unimproved lands in improved farms, city property, horses, cattle, Carlton, Minn., twenty miles from Duluth.

CANCERS, TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD diseases cured by the Herapack remedy. The Herapack Mfg. Co., Duluth, Minn., 35 First avenue east.